



	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	robiology)	MD	n Chopra D (Pathology) ht Pathologist
NAME	: Mrs. SUJATA WALIA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 64 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1758852
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160002
REFERRED BY	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 07:09 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525575		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 07:25AM
CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 08:36AM
LIENI ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTI		
Fest Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	CAN A CIT	нул ме	LLNESS PANEL: 1.	0
			OOD COUNT (CBC)	.0
PED BLOOD CELL	COWIF S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES	LEIEDL		
HAEMOGLOBIN (H		12.2	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
by CALORIMETRIC			U U	
RED BLOOD CELL (	(RBC) COUNT FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.42	Millions	s/cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOL	UME (PCV) automated hematology analyzer	37.9	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR VOLUME (MCV)	85.8	fL	80.0 - 100.0
	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER LAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	27.6	pg	27.0 - 34.0
	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	32.2	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
by CALCULATED BY A	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER		U U	
	BUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	15.3	%	11.00 - 16.00
	SUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD)	49.2	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	19.41	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: <
by CALCULATED				13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA:
				>13.0
GREEN & KING INI	DEX	29.7	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<=
by CALCOLATED				65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >
				65.0
WHITE BLOOD CE		5840	/cmm	4000 - 11000
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	3640	/ cinm	4000 - 11000
	BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) rt hematology analyzer	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED H	BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) %	NIL	%	< 10 %
by CALCULATED BY A	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			





DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com



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Dr. Yugam Chopra

MD (Pathology)

Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mrs. SUJATA WALIA AGE/ GENDER : 64 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1758852 **COLLECTED BY** :012502160002 REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** : 16/Feb/2025 07:09 AM **BARCODE NO.** :01525575 **COLLECTION DATE** :16/Feb/202507:25AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** : 16/Feb/2025 08:36AM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)** NEUTROPHILS 62 % 50 - 70 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY LYMPHOCYTES 27 % 20 - 40 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY EOSINOPHILS 2 % 1 - 6 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY MONOCYTES 9 % 2 - 12by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY BASOPHILS 0 % 0 - 1 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY **ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT** ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT 3621 2000 - 7500 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT 1577 800 - 4900 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 117 /cmm 40 - 440 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 526 /cmm 80 - 880 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT 0 /cmm 0 - 110 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE IMMATURE GRANULOCYTE COUNT 0 0.0 - 999.0/cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS. PLATELET COUNT (PLT) 215000 /cmm 150000 - 450000 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELETCRIT (PCT) 0.29% 0.10 - 0.36 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) 13<sup>H</sup> fL 6.50 - 12.0 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) 107000<sup>H</sup> /cmm 30000 - 90000 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) % 11.0 - 45.0 49.7<sup>H</sup> by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) 16.5% 15.0 - 17.0

Dr. Vinay Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology)

by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microbiolo Chairman & Consultant Path		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. SUJATA WALIA		
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Test Name	Valu	e Unit	Biological Reference interval

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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V DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	RE	PORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 08:47AM
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
2. An ESR can be affe as C-reactive protein	c does not tell the health practiti ected by other conditions beside be used to monitor disease activ			



DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



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	MD (Patl	nay Chopra hology & Microbiology) n & Consultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD (F CEO & Consultant P	Pathology)
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LA	B <b>REPO</b>	RTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 11:17AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON	I ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	C	LINICAL CHEMISTRY	/BIOCHEMISTR	RY
		GLUCOSE FAST	ГING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING	G (F): PLASMA E - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD	) <b>128.98<sup>H</sup></b>	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0

**IN ACCRDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:** 1. A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal. 2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





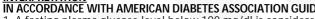
**DR.VINAY CHOPRA** CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

**DR.YUGAM CHOPRA** CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.







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<b>CLIENT CODE.</b> : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAI	В	REPORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 11:35AM
CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON	ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		DELLE - DASIC	
NIOLECTEDOL TOTAL CEDING		<b>DFILE : BASIC</b>	
CHOLESTEROL TOTAL: SERUM by CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE PAP	159.75	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 -
			239.0
			HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: SERUM	81.02	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0
by GLYCEROL PHOSPHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC	C)	0	BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 -
			199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0
			VERY HIGH: $> OR = 500.0$
HDL CHOLESTEROL (DIRECT): SERUM	85.76 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0
by SELECTIVE INHIBITION			BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0
			HIGH HDL: $> OR = 60.0$
LDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	57.79	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0
by CALCOLATED, STECTION HOTOMETRY			BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 -
			159.0
			HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM	73.99	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Ū	ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0
			BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0
			HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM	16.2	ma/di	VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0 0.00 - 45.00
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		mg/dL	
FOTAL LIPIDS: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	400.52	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO: SERUM	1.86	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0
			MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
13763422410		0	
	(	tholira	



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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		0.67	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	IDL RATIO: SERUM	0.94 <sup>L</sup>	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

## **INTERPRETATION:**

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	LIVER	FUNCTION	I TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: by DIAZOTIZATION, SF		0.81	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	C (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.21	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.6	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	21.7	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	12.7	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SI by CALCULATED, SPE		1.71	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPH by Para Nitrophen Propanol	IATASE: SERUM yl phosphatase by amino methyl	86.07	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTROF	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	19.33	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		6.28	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G		3.91	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM	I	2.37	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPE	IN	1.65	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

## **INCREASED:**

> 2
> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
1.4 - 2.0
> 1.5
> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)
-



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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



INTERPRETATION





	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microbi Chairman & Consultant P		(Pathology)
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## DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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0 0001.2000 0211					
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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva	
	KIDN	EY FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)		
UREA: SERUM		32.29	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00	
by UREASE - GLUTAN CREATININE: SERI	NATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	0.04	m e / JI	0.40 1.20	
by ENZYMATIC, SPEC		0.94	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20	
	ROGEN (BUN): SERUM	15.09	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0	
	ECTROPHOTOMETRY ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	16.05	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0	
RATIO: SERUM					
by CALCULATED, SPE UREA/CREATININ	ECTROPHOTOMETRY F RATIO: SFRUM	34.35	RATIO		
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY				
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDAS		3.26	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80	
CALCIUM: SERUM		8.94	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60	
by ARSENAZO III, SPE PHOSPHOROUS: SE		3.2	ma/dI	2.30 - 4.70	
	ZKUM DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.2	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70	
ELECTROLYTES					
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV		145.3	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0	
POTASSIUM: SERU		4.25	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00	
by ISE (ION SELECTIV	/E ELECTRODE)				
CHLORIDE: SERUN by ISE (ION SELECTIV		108.98	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0	
	IERULAR FILTERATION RATE				
	ERULAR FILTERATION RATE	67.8			
(eGFR): SERUM					
INTERPRETATION:					
To differentiate betw	icon pro, and pact ronal azotomia				

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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	MD (Pathology &	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist		Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist	
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<ol> <li>Reduced muscle m Certain drugs (e.g. NCREASED RATIO (&gt;2</li> <li>Postrenal azotemia</li> <li>Prerenal azotemia</li> </ol>	xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine produ tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININ a (BUN rises disproportionately r superimposed on renal disease. 10:1) WITH DECREASED BLIN	E LEVELS:	(e.g. obstructive uro	pathy).	
B. Reduced muscle m     Certain drugs (e.g.     NCREASED RATIO (>2     Postrenal azotemia     Prerenal azotemia     DECREASED RATIO (<     Acute tubular necr     Low protein diet ar     Severe liver diseas     Other causes of de     Repeated dialysis (     SIADH (syndrome of     SIADH (syndrome of     Pregnancy.     DECREASED RATIO (<         Phenacimide thera     Rhabdomyolysis (r     Muscular patients     NAPPROPIATE RATIO     Diabetic ketoacido     hould produce an in     CEphalosporin ther     STIMATED GLOMERL     CKD STAGE	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine produ- tetracycline, glucocorticoids) <b>0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININ</b> (BUN rises disproportionately r superimposed on renal disease. <b>10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :</b> osis. nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine diffi- monemias (urea is virtually abse- of inappropiate antidiuretic harm <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATINII</b> py (accelerates conversion of cr- eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false in creased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine r <b>JLAR FILTERATION RATE:</b> <b>DESCRIPTION</b>	E LEVELS: nore than creatinine) uses out of extracellu ent in blood). none) due to tubular E E eatine to creatinine). crease in creatinine neasurement).	ular fluid). secretion of urea. with certain methodo	ologies,resulting in normal ratio when dehydra	
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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Patholog		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. SUJATA WALIA		
AGE/ GENDER	: 64 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1758852
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160002
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 07:09 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525575	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 07:25AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 11:35AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CAN	ГТ	
Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







NAME : Mrs. SUJATA WALLA AGE/ GENDER : 04 YRS/FEMALE PATIENT ID : 1758852 COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012502160002 REFERENCE BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 0125021672 COLLECTION DATE : 16/Feb/2025 07:25AM CLIENT CODE : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 16/Feb/2025 09:17AM CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Value Unit Biological Reference interval PUSICAL PATHOLOGY URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION PUSICAL EXAMINATION QUANTITY RECIEVED 10 ml py OB STOCKREFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY PALE YELLOW PALE YELLOW PALE YELLOW PALE YELLOW PALE YELLOW PALE YELLOW PALE YELLOW PALE YELLOW PO DI STOCKREFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY PALE YELLOW PALE YE			Mopra Dr. Yugam Chopra & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) nsultant Pathologist CEO & Consultant Pathologist		(Pathology)	
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pH5.55.0 - 7.5by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)UROBILINOGEN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNormalEU/dL0.2 - 1.0KETONE BODIES by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNEGATIVE (-ve)NEGATIVE (-ve)MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATIONNEGATIVE (-ve)NEGATIVE (-ve)	00000		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
BLIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.NegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)UROBILINOGEN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNormalEU/dL0.2 - 1.0KETONE BODIES by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNEGATIVE (-ve)NEGATIVE (-ve)MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATIONNEGATIVE (-ve)NEGATIVE (-ve)	pH		5.5		5.0 - 7.5	
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by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.NormalEU/dL0.2 - 1.0UROBILINOGEN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)KETONE BODIES by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNegativeNEGATIVE (-ve)ASCORBIC ACID by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRYNEGATIVE (-ve)NEGATIVE (-ve)MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATIONVertice SpectrophotometryNEGATIVE (-ve)		TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			NECATIVE (-ve)	
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by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY BLOOD Negative NEGATIVE (-ve) by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ASCORBIC ACID NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION		TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0	
BLOOD     Negative     NEGATIVE (-ve)       by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY     NEGATIVE (-ve)     NEGATIVE (-ve)       ASCORBIC ACID     NEGATIVE (-ve)     NEGATIVE (-ve)       by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY     NEGATIVE (-ve)     NEGATIVE (-ve)		TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
ASCORBIC ACID NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	BLOOD		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs)NEGATIVE (-ve)/HPF0 - 3	ASCORBIC ACID by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-v	ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)	
	RED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCs)	NEGATIVE (-v	/HPF	0 - 3	



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DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	: Mrs. SUJATA WALIA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 64 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT	ID	: 1758852
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./	LAB NO.	: 012502160002
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	REGISTRA	TION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 07:09 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525575	COLLECTI	ON DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 07:25AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTI	NG DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 09:17AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AN	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by MICROSCOPY ON O	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON (	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	8-10	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS	S CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	2-3	/HPF	ABSENT
ODVOTATO				

CRYSTALS NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT CASTS NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT BACTERIA NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT OTHERS NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) ABSENT ABSENT by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT

\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

