



<b>Dr. Vinay Chop</b> MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consult	icrobiology)		(Pathology)
ME : Miss. YASHI ANAND			
E/ GENDER : 25 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1758941
LLECTED BY : SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160025
FERRED BY : CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMB	ALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:32 AM
<b>RCODE NO.</b> : 01525598		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:43AM
<b>IENT CODE.</b> : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:57AM
<b>IENT ADDRESS</b> : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	IBALA CANTI	2	
est Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
SWAS	FHYA WE	<b>ELLNESS PANEL: 1.5</b>	i
COM	IPLETE BI	OOD COUNT (CBC)	
ED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
AEMOGLOBIN (HB)	12.3	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
y CALORIMETRIC ED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	3.94	Millions/	cmm 3.50 - 5.00
Y HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			
CKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) y calculated by automated hematology analyzer	37.5	%	37.0 - 50.0
EAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	95.3	fL	80.0 - 100.0
y CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER EAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	31.2	pg	27.0 - 34.0
y calculated by automated hematology analyzer EAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC	32.7	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
y CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER ED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	14.3	%	11.00 - 16.00
Y CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			
ED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD)	50.9	fL	35.0 - 56.0
ENTZERS INDEX	24.19	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: <
y CALCULATED			13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA:
			>13.0
REEN & KING INDEX	34.57	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<=
y CALCOLATED			65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >
			65.0
HITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)	5000		4000 11000
YTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) y flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	5300	/cmm	4000 - 11000
JCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) y AUTOMATED 6 PART HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
JCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) %	NIL	%	< 10 %
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			





DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference inte	erval
DIFFERENTIAL LE	UCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)				
NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	59	%	50 - 70	
LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	32	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	3	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	6	%	2 - 12	
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1	
ABSOLUTE LEUKO	<u>CYTES (WBC) COUNT</u>				
ABSOLUTE NEUTRO	OPHIL COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	3127	/cmm	2000 - 7500	
ABSOLUTE LYMPHO	OCYTE COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	1696	/cmm	800 - 4900	
ABSOLUTE EOSINO by FLOW CYTOMETRY	PHIL COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	159	/cmm	40 - 440	
ABSOLUTE MONOC by FLOW CYTOMETRY	YTE COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	318	/cmm	80 - 880	
ABSOLUTE BASOPH by FLOW CYTOMETRY	HL COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	0	/cmm	0 - 110	
	URE GRANULOCYTE COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	0	/cmm	0.0 - 999.0	
	THER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	<u>E MARKERS.</u>			
PLATELET COUNT ( by HYDRO DYNAMIC F	(PLT) OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	204000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	
	OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.29	%	0.10 - 0.36	
,	OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	14 <sup>H</sup>	fL	6.50 - 12.0	
	CELL COUNT (P-LCC)	118000 <sup>F</sup>		30000 - 90000	
	CELL RATIO (P-LCR)	58 <sup>H</sup>	%	11.0 - 45.0	
	BUTION WIDTH (PDW)	16.3	%	15.0 - 17.0	

by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE



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Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AM	MBALA CANTT) <b>RE</b>	GISTRATION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:32	2 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525598	CO	LLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:43	3AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	RE	PORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 11:26	ЗАМ
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological	Reference interval
	GLYC	DSYLATED HAEN	IOGLOBIN (HBA1C	;)	
WHOLE BLOOD	EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):	4.9	%	4.0 - 6.4	
ESTIMATED AVERA	GE PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	93.93	mg/dL	60.00 - 14	0.00
INTERPRETATION:	AS PER AMERICAN	DIABETES ASSOCIATIO	DN (ADA):		
	REFERENCE GROUP		DSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB	(HBAIC) in %	
	abetic Adults >= 18 years	<5.7			
	t Risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 - 6.4			
D	iagnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5		
			Age > 19 Years	7.0	
Thorspout	is goals for glycomic control	Goals of 1		< 7.0	
rnerapeut	ic goals for glycemic control	Actions Su		>8.0	
		Coal of t	Age < 19 Years	<7.5	
		Goal of t	пстару.	<1.0	

# COMMENTS:

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2. Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropiate.

4. High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5. Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia faisely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells



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LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
bolycythaemia), sigr s sickle cells in sickl (DTE: . ESR and C - reactiv . Generally, ESR doe . CRP is not affected . If the ESR is elevat . Women tend to ha . Drugs such as dext	In with conditions that inhibit the hificantly high white blood cell cou- le cell anaemia) also lower the ES es protein (C-RP) are both markers es not change as rapidly as does CF by as many other factors as is ESR ed, it is typically a result of two ty we a higher ESR, and menstruation	Int (leucocytosi R. RP, either at the <b>, making it a be</b> pes of proteins and pregnancy	is), and some protein ab n. e start of inflammation o <b>tter marker of inflammat</b> , globulins or fibrinogen. r can cause temporary ele	ion.

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)





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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 12:14PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	CLINICAL CHEMIS	TRY/BIOCHEMIST	'RY
		FASTING (F)	

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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		Chopra • & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: Miss. YASHI ANAND : 25 YRS/FEMALE : SURJESH : CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB : 01525598 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAI		COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE	: 1758941 <b>: 012502160025</b> : 16/Feb/2025 10:32 AM : 16/Feb/2025 10:43AM : 16/Feb/2025 12:14PM
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOT by CHOLESTEROL OX		143.62	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S. by GLYCEROL PHOSP	ERUM HATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	77.23	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROI by SELECTIVE INHIBIT.	L (DIRECT): SERUM Ion	53.73	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROI by CALCULATED, SPE		74.45	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLEST by CALCULATED, SPE		89.89	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTERO		15.45	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SER by CALCULATED, SPE	UM	364.48	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HD by CALCULATED, SPE	L RATIO: SERUM	2.67	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0



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Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	1.11	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

## INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Test Name		Value	Unit	t B	iological Reference interval
BILIRUBIN TOTAL:	SERUM	FUNCTIO	<b>N TEST (COMPLI</b> mg,	/dL I	NFANT: 0.20 - 8.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.21	mg		ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20 0.00 - 0.40
	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.67	mg	/dL (	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM		17.9	U/I	. 7	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	15.6	U/I	. (	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SI by CALCULATED, SPE		1.15	RAT	ΓΙΟ Ο	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPH by PARA NITROPHEN PROPANOL	IATASE: SERUM YL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	71.24	U/I	4	10.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTROF	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	10.22	U/I	. (	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRON		6.23	gm	/dL 6	8.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G	REEN	3.92	gm	/dL 3	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM		2.31	gm	/dL 2	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPE	Л	1.7	RAT	ГІО 1	.00 - 2.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

**NOTE:** To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Reference Range. USE: Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

**INCREASED:** 

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)





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**INTERPRETATION** 





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

## DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

# PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consu	1icrobiology)		Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. YASHI ANAND			
AGE/ GENDER	: 25 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1758941
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160025
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AM	BALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:32 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525598		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:43AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 12:14PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIDNI	EY FUNCTIO	ON TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM		26.16	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
by UREASE - GLUTAN CREATININE: SERI	IATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	0.88	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
by ENZYMATIC, SPEC		0.88	liig/ uL	0.40 - 1.20
BLOOD UREA NITE by CALCULATED, SPE	ROGEN (BUN): SERUM	12.22	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
	ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	13.89	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
RATIO: SERUM				
by CALCULATED, SPE UREA/CREATININ		29.73	RATIO	
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDAS		4.11	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
CALCIUM: SERUM		8.76	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
by ARSENAZO III, SPE PHOSPHOROUS: SE		2.73	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
by PHOSPHOMOLYBE	DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.10	ing, ui	
ELECTROLYTES				
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV	(E ELECTRODE)	145.3	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERU	M	3.98	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
by ISE (ION SELECTIV CHLORIDE: SERUM		108.98	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV	(E ELECTRODE)			00.0 110.0
ESTIMATED GLOM	IERULAR FILTERATION RATE			
	ERULAR FILTERATION RATE	93.5		
(eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED				
INTERPRETATION:				

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microl Chairman & Consultant	biology)	ugam Chopra MD (Pathology) sultant Pathologist	
NAME	: Miss. YASHI ANAND			
AGE/ GENDER	: 25 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1758941	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	:01250216002	5
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA			
	: 01525598			
BARCODE NO.		COLLECTION DATE		
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 12	2:14PM
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBAI	LA CANTT		
Fest Name		Value Unit	t Biologi	cal Reference interval
NCREASED RĂTIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar	nd starvation.		uropathy).	
NCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver diseas 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis ( 6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin thera	tetracycline, glucocorticoids) <b>co:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS</b> a (BUN rises disproportionately more the superimposed on renal disease. <b>10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :</b> osis. a d starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuses ou monemias (urea is virtually absent in bl of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) du <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:</b> py (accelerates conversion of creatine t eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measure	an creatinine) (e.g. obstructive t of extracellular fluid). lood). ue to tubular secretion of urea. to creatinine). in creatinine with certain meth		mal ratio when dehydratic
NCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< Acute tubular necr Low protein diet ar Severe liver diseas Other causes of de Repeated dialysis Inherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome of Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an in Cephalosporin thera	tetracycline, glucocorticoids) <b>co:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS</b> a (BUN rises disproportionately more the superimposed on renal disease. <b>10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :</b> osis. nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuses ou monemias (urea is virtually absent in bl of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) du <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:</b> py (accelerates conversion of creatine t eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase creased BUN/creatinine ratio).	an creatinine) (e.g. obstructive t of extracellular fluid). lood). ue to tubular secretion of urea. to creatinine). in creatinine with certain meth		mal ratio when dehydratio
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NCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Perenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< Acute tubular necr Composition diet and Severe liver diseas Other causes of de Repeated dialysis Neperated dialysis Napherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome of Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r NAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an in Cephalosporin thera STIMATED GLOMERL CKD STAGE	tetracycline, glucocorticoids) <b>20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS</b> a (BUN rises disproportionately more the superimposed on renal disease. <b>10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :</b> osis. a d starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuses ou monemias (urea is virtually absent in bl of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) du <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:</b> py (accelerates conversion of creatine t eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measure <u>JLAR FILTERATION RATE:</u> <u>DESCRIPTION</u> Normal kidney function Kidney damage with	an creatinine) (e.g. obstructive t of extracellular fluid). lood). ue to tubular secretion of urea. to creatinine). in creatinine with certain meth ement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	nodologies,resulting in nor ASSOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria Presence of Protein ,	
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 12:14PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525598	COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:43AM
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COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012502160025
AGE/ GENDER	: 25 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1758941
NAME	: Miss. YASHI ANAND		
	Chairman & Consultant Pathologis		
	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology)	Dr. Yugan MD	ר Chopra (Pathology)

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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	1	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> 1D (Pathology & Microbi Chairman & Consultant P		Dr. Yugam ( MD (P CEO & Consultant Pa	athology)
NAME	: Miss. YASHI	ANAND			
AGE/ GENDER	: 25 YRS/FEMA	JLE	PATI	ENT ID	: 1758941
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNO	STIC LAB	REPO	ORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 01:25PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICH	IOLSON ROAD, AMBALA	CANTT		
Test Name		Va	lue	Unit	Biological Reference interv
			IRON PRO	FILE	
IRON: SERUM	TROPHOTOMETRY	1	60.3 <sup>H</sup>	μg/dL	37.0 - 145.0
UNSATURATED IR			0 <sup>L</sup>	μg/dL	150.0 - 336.0
:SERUM by FERROZINE, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETER	V			
TOTAL IRON BIND			10.3 <sup>L</sup>	μg/dL	230 - 430
:SERUM			10.0	10/	
by SPECTROPHOTOM %TRANSFERRIN S.		ERUM 7	6.22 <sup>H</sup>	%	15.0 - 50.0
by CALCULATED, SPE		RY (FERENE)			
TRANSFERRIN: SE		1	49.31 <sup>L</sup>	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0
INTERPRETATION:-	(			-	
VARIAB		ANEMIA OF CHRONIC D		N DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased
IDON:			

IRON:

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.

It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.
 TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):

1.It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

#### % TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1. Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT





	Dr. Vinay Choj MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consul	licrobiology)	Dr. Yugam MD ( EO & Consultant	(Pathology)	
NAME	: Miss. YASHI ANAND				
AGE/ GENDER	: 25 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT	' ID	: 1758941	
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	IBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Refere</b>	ence interval
		ENDOCRINOL	DGY		
	THY	ROID FUNCTION T	EST: TOTAL		
TRIIODOTHYRONI	NE (T3): SERUM DESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASS	0.903 AY)	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93	
THYROXINE (T4): S by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN	ERUM ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASS/	6.33 AY)	µgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60	
	TING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASS/ RASENSITIVE		µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50	
INTERPRETATION:					
day has influence on the triiodothyronine (T3).Fai	circadian variation, reaching peak levels be measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH s lure at any level of regulation of the hypo roidism) of T4 and/or T3.	stimulates the production and	secretion of the me	etabolically active hormones, thyrox	ine (T4)and
CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	T4		TSH	
Primary Hypothyroidis	n: Reduced	Reduced	In	creased (Significantly)	

CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

# LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	YRONINE (T3)	THYROX	INE (T4)	THYROID STIMU	LATING HORMONE (TSH)
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range ( µIU/mL)
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00





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	X7_1	TI •.	

Test Name			Value	Unit	t	Biological Reference interval
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECON	/MENDATIONS OF TSH L	VELS DURING PRE	GNANCY ( µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50		
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

## **INCREASED TSH LEVELS:**

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3. Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	MD (Pa	nay Chopra thology & Microbiology) an & Consultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. YASHI ANAN	D		
AGE/ GENDER	: 25 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1758941
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160025
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX	CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:32 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525598		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:43AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC L	AB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 12:32PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSO	N ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
			TAMINS YDROXY VITAMIN D	3
	DROXY VITAMIN D3) escence immunoassay,		ng/mL	DEFICIENCY: < 20.0 INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0 TOXICITY: > 100.0
	CIENT:	< 20	n	g/mL
	FICIENT:	21 - 29		g/mL
	ED RANGE: CATION:	<u> </u>		g/mLg/mL
conversion of 7- dihy 2.25-OHVitamin D r tissue and tightly bou 3.Vitamin D plays a p phosphate reabsorpt 4.Severe deficiency r <b>DECREASED:</b> 1.Lack of sunshine ex 2.Inadeguate intake, 3.Depressed Hepatic 4.Secondary to advar 5.Osteoporosis and S 6.Enzyme Inducing di	drocholecalciferol to V epresents the main boo und by a transport prot orimary role in the main ion, skeletal calcium de nay lead to failure to m posure. malabsorption (celiac Vitamin D 25- hydroxy need Liver disease econdary Hyperparath rugs: anti-epileptic drug	tamin D3 in the skin upor ly resevoir and transport f ein while in circulation. tenance of calcium home position, calcium mobiliz- ineralize newly formed os disease) ase activity roidism (Mild to Moderate	n Ultraviolet exposure. Form of Vitamin D and trans ostatis. It promotes calciur ation, mainly regulated by teoid in bone, resulting in r e deficiency)	plecalciferol (from animals, Vitamin D3), or by port form of Vitamin D, being stored in adipose n absorption, renal calcium absorption and parathyroid harmone (PTH). rickets in children and osteomalacia in adults. that increases Vitamin D metabolism.
severe hypercalcemia CAUTION: Replaceme hypervitaminosis D	a and hyperphophatem ent therapy in deficient individuals as compare a	a. individuals must be monit	ored by periodic assessmer	of Vitamin D. When it occurs, it can result in at of Vitamin D levels in order to prevent siency due to excess of melanin pigment which

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



	Dr. Vinay Cl MD (Pathology Chairman & Co			(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. YASHI ANAND			
AGE/ GENDER	: 25 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1758941
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160025
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (A	AMBALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:32 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01525598		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:43AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 01:10PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD	, AMBALA CANTT		. 10/100/2020 01.101 M
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitam		1.Pregna		
INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitam 2.Ingestion of Estrog 3.Ingestion of Vitam	ED VITAMIN B12 in C en in A	1.Pregn 2.DRUG 3.Ethan	ancy S:Aspirin, Anti-convulsants ol Igestion	
INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitam 2.Ingestion of Estroc 3.Ingestion of Vitam 4.Hepatocellular inj	ED VITAMIN B12 in C en in A ury	1.Pregn 2.DRUG 3.Ethan 4. Contr	ancy S:Aspirin, Anti-convulsants ol Igestion aceptive Harmones	
1.Ingestion of Vitam 2.Ingestion of Estrog 3.Ingestion of Vitam 4.Hepatocellular inj 5.Myeloproliferative 6.Uremia	ED VITAMIN B12 in C en in A ury	1.Pregn 2.DRUG 3.Ethan 4. Contr 5.Haem 6. Multi	ancy S:Aspirin, Anti-convulsants ol Igestion aceptive Harmones odialysis ple Myeloma	





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME : Mis	ss. YASHI ANAND			
AGE/ GENDER : 25 Y	YRS/FEMALE	P	ATIENT ID	: 1758941
<b>COLLECTED BY</b> : SUF	RJESH	R	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160025
<b>REFERRED BY</b> : CEN	NTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AN	MBALA CANTT) R	EGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:32 AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b> : 015	25598	C	OLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:43AM
	S DIAGNOSTIC LAB		EPORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 11:15AM
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b> : 634	19/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		CLINICAL P		
	URINE RO	UTINE & MICR	OSCOPIC EXAMINA	ATION
PHYSICAL EXAMINATIO	N			
QUANTITY RECIEVED	SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	10	ml	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY COLOUR		PALE YELL	ow	PALE YELLOW
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		CLEAR		CLEAR
TRANSPARANCY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE	SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ULEAR		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		>=1.030		1.002 - 1.030
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
REACTION		ACIDIC		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Nogativo		NEGATIVE (-ve)
PROTEIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
pH	SI ECINCI NOTOMETRI	6		5.0 - 7.5
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE	SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		
NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE	SPECTROPHOTOMETRV	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN		Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY KETONE BODIES		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
ASCORBIC ACID		NEGATIVE	(-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE				
<u>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION</u> RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs)		NEGATIVE	(-ve) /HPF	0 - 3
	<i>,</i> ,	TEGATIVE		0.0



DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





EXCELLENCE IN HEALTHCARE & DIAGNOSTICS Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
by MICROSCOPY ON	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	1-3	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT		2-4	/HPF	ABSENT
	JENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			

Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

NEGATIVE (-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
NEGATIVE (-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
NEGATIVE (-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
NEGATIVE (-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
ABSENT	ABSENT
	NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve)

\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

V DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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