



	<b>Dr. Vinay Chop</b> ra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	obiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. MAYA GIRI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 33 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1758942
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160026
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBA)	LA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:33 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525599		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:44AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:58AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTI		
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
			LLNESS PANEL: 1.0 OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (H		14.4	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
by CALORIMETRIC			ů,	
RED BLOOD CELL (	KBC) COUN I OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.87	Millions/	cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLU	JME (PCV) utomated hematology analyzer	42.3	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL		86.8	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	29.6	pg	27.0 - 34.0
	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	34.1	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIB	UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	13.3	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIB	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) utomated hematology analyzer	43.5	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		17.82	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING IND by CALCULATED		23.73	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CE				
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE	COUNT (TLC) y by sf cube & microscopy	7720	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED B	SLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) RT HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED B	LOOD CELLS (nRBCS) % UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL	%	< 10 %





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
<b>DIFFERENTIAL LE</b>	EUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	68	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	21	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	5	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	6	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS		0	%	0 - 1
	y by sf cube & microscopy DCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTR	COPHIL COUNT y by sf cube & microscopy	5250	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPH		1621	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSING		386	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONO		463	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOP		0	/cmm	0 - 110
ABSOLUTE IMMAT	URE GRANULOCYTE COUNT Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	/cmm	0.0 - 999.0
	OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVI	E MARKERS.		
PLATELET COUNT	(PLT) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	246000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (P		0.33	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET V		13 <sup>H</sup>	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE	CELL COUNT (P-LCC) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	120000 <sup>H</sup>	I /cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE	CELL RATIO (P-LCR) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	48.6 <sup>H</sup>	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRI	BUTION WIDTH (PDW)	16.6	%	15.0 - 17.0

by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE



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Page 2 of 14





	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologi		(Pathology)
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AGE/ GENDER	: 33 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1758942
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160026
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:33 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525599	COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:44AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:58AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT	ſ	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



GE/ GENDER       : 33 YRS         DLLECTED BY       : SURJES         EFERRED BY       : CENTR         ARCODE NO.       : 015255         LIENT CODE.       : KOS DI         LIENT CODE.       : 6349/3         est Name       :         RYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA         by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY         ITERPRETATION:         ESR is a non-specific test bec         mune disease, but does not t         An ESR can be affected by oth         6 -reactive protein	AL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT) 599 AGNOSTIC LAB I, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Value ERYTHROCYTE SEDII TION RATE (ESR) 7 CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY ause an elevated result often indicates ell the health practitioner exactly wher	COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE Unit MENTATION RATE ( mm/1st the presence of inflamma the inflammation is in th	hr 0 - 20 tion associated with infection, cancer and auto-
DLLECTED BY : SURJES EFERRED BY : CENTR ARCODE NO. : 015255 LIENT CODE. : KOS DI LIENT ADDRESS : 6349/3 est Name RYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY ITERPRETATION: ESR is a non-specific test bec imune disease, but does not t An ESR can be affected by otl c-reactive protein This test may also be used to istemic lupus erythematosus	H AL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT) 599 AGNOSTIC LAB I, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT <b>Value</b> <b>ERYTHROCYTE SEDI</b> TION RATE (ESR) 7 <i>CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY</i> ause an elevated result often indicates ell the health practitioner exactly wher	REG. NO./LAB NO. REGISTRATION DATE COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE Unit MENTATION RATE ( mm/1st the presence of inflamma: the inflammation is in th	: 012502160026 : 16/Feb/2025 10:33 AM : 16/Feb/2025 10:44AM : 16/Feb/2025 11:11AM Biological Reference interval (ESR) : hr 0 - 20 tion associated with infection, cancer and auto-
EFERRED BY : CENTR ARCODE NO. : 015255 LIENT CODE. : KOS DI LIENT ADDRESS : 6349/3 est Name RYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY ITERPRETATION: ESR is a non-specific test bec imune disease, but does not t An ESR can be affected by oth 5 C-reactive protein This test may also be used to rstemic lupus erythematosus	AL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT) 599 AGNOSTIC LAB I, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Value ERYTHROCYTE SEDII TION RATE (ESR) 7 CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY ause an elevated result often indicates ell the health practitioner exactly wher	REGISTRATION DATE COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE Unit MENTATION RATE ( mm/1st the presence of inflamma: the inflammation is in th	: 16/Feb/2025 10:33 AM : 16/Feb/2025 10:44AM : 16/Feb/2025 11:11AM Biological Reference interval (ESR) : hr 0 - 20 tion associated with infection, cancer and auto-
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LIENT CODE. : KOS DI LIENT ADDRESS : 6349/: est Name RYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY ITERPRETATION: ESR is a non-specific test bec imune disease, but does not t An ESR can be affected by oth c C-reactive protein This test may also be used to restemic lupus erythematosus	AGNOSTIC LAB I, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Value ERYTHROCYTE SEDII TION RATE (ESR) 7 CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY ause an elevated result often indicates ell the health practitioner exactly wher	REPORTING DATE Unit Unit MENTATION RATE ( mm/1st the presence of inflamma the inflammation is in th	: 16/Feb/2025 11:11AM Biological Reference interval (ESR) : hr 0 - 20 tion associated with infection, cancer and auto-
LIENT ADDRESS : 6349/2 est Name RYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY ITERPRETATION: ESR is a non-specific test bec imune disease, but does not t An ESR can be affected by oth 5 C-reactive protein This test may also be used to rstemic lupus erythematosus	I, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Value ERYTHROCYTE SEDIN TION RATE (ESR) 7 CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY ause an elevated result often indicates ell the health practitioner exactly when	Unit MENTATION RATE ( mm/1st the presence of inflamma the inflammation is in th	Biological Reference interval         (ESR)         : hr       0 - 20         tion associated with infection, cancer and auto-
est Name RYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY ITERPRETATION: ESR is a non-specific test bec imune disease, but does not t An ESR can be affected by otl c C-reactive protein This test may also be used to rstemic lupus erythematosus	Value           ERYTHROCYTE SEDII           TION RATE (ESR)         7           CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY         7           ause an elevated result often indicates ell the health practitioner exactly when         7	<b>MENTATION RATE (</b> mm/1st the presence of inflamma the inflammation is in th	(ESR) hr 0 - 20 tion associated with infection, cancer and auto-
RYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY ITERPRETATION: ESR is a non-specific test bec mune disease, but does not t An ESR can be affected by oth G -reactive protein This test may also be used to restemic lupus erythematosus	<b>ERYTHROCYTE SEDI</b> TION RATE (ESR) 7 <i>CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY</i> ause an elevated result often indicates ell the health practitioner exactly when	<b>MENTATION RATE (</b> mm/1st the presence of inflamma the inflammation is in th	(ESR) hr 0 - 20 tion associated with infection, cancer and auto-
by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY ITERPRETATION: ESR is a non-specific test bec imune disease, but does not t An ESR can be affected by otl c C-reactive protein This test may also be used to istemic lupus erythematosus	TION RATE (ESR) 7 CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY 7 ause an elevated result often indicates ell the health practitioner exactly when	mm/1st	hr 0 - 20
ONDITION WITH LOW ESR		,	picallý used in conjunctión with other test such above diseases as well as some others, such as
low ESR can be seen with con olycythaemia), significantly h s sickle cells in sickle cell anae <b>OTE:</b>	emia) also lower the ESR.	) , and some protein abno	such as a high red blood cell count ormalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such
Generally, ESR does not chan CRP is not affected by as man If the ESR is elevated, it is typ Women tend to have a highe	C-RP) are both markers of inflammation ge as rapidly as does CRP, either at the <b>y other factors as is ESR, making it a bet</b> bically a result of two types of proteins, r ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy yldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillami may decrease it	start of inflammation or a ter marker of inflammatio globulins or fibrinogen. can cause temporary eleva	n.

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)





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		hopra & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam ( MD (P CEO & Consultant Pa	athology)
NAME	: Mrs. MAYA GIRI			
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COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. 1	NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160026
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BARCODE NO.	: 01525599	COLL	ECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:44AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPO	RTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 12:13PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAI	D, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	CLIN	ICAL CHEMISTRY	/BIOCHEMISTR	2Y
		GLUCOSE FAST	TING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING by GLUCOSE OXIDAS	(F): PLASMA E - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	100.07 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.





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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





		C <b>hopra</b> / & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
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CLIENT ADDRESS Test Name	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA	D, AMBALA CANTT	Unit	Biological Reference interval
rest manne		value	UMI	biological kelerence interval
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOT by CHOLESTEROL OX		228.93 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: SI by GLYCEROL PHOSP	ERUM HATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	71.8	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROI by SELECTIVE INHIBIT		61.56	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROI by CALCULATED, SPE		153.01 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLEST by CALCULATED, SPE		167.37 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTERC		14.36	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SER by CALCULATED, SPE	UM	529.66	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HD by CALCULATED, SPE	L RATIO: SERUM	3.72	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAI	D, AMBALA CANTT	2	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		2.49	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	IDL RATIO: SERUM	1.17 <sup>L</sup>	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

## **INTERPRETATION:**

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Chopra (Pathology) Pathologist

:1758942

:012502160026 :16/Feb/202510:33 AM :16/Feb/202510:44AM :16/Feb/202512:14PM

**Biological Reference interval** 

INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00

	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & Mi Chairman & Consult	crobiology)	Dr. Yugam MD ( CEO & Consultant I
NAME	: Mrs. MAYA GIRI		
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	BALA CANTT	
Test Name		Value	Unit
	LIVER	FUNCTION T	TEST (COMPLETE)
BILIRUBIN TOTAL		1.12	mg/dL
	C (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.19	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN INDIRE	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.93	mg/dL
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	17.7	U/L
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	15.6	U/L
AST/ALT RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		1.13	RATIO

by DIAZOTIZATION, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.1~	ilig/ uL	ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN DIRECT (CONJUGATED): SERUM by DIAZO MODIFIED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.19	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.93	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	17.7	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	15.6	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.13	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: SERUM by PARA NITROPHENYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL PROPANOL	78.32	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM by SZASZ, SPECTROPHTOMETRY	15.7	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: SERUM by BIURET, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	6.74	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL GREEN	4.26	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.48	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.72	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

## INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

## INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)



**DR.VINAY CHOPRA** CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
CLIENT ADDRECC	2940/1 NICHOLCON DOAD AMDALA CANTT		
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 12:14PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525599	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:44AM
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:33 AM
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160026
AGE/ GENDER	: 33 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1758942
NAME	: Mrs. MAYA GIRI		
	MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologis	MD	(Pathology)
	Dr. Vinay Chopra	Dr. Yugan	Chopra

## DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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<b>Dr. Vinay Cl</b> MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cor				(Pathology)	
NAME	: Mrs. MAYA GIRI				
AGE/ GENDER	: 33 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1758942	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160026	
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMI	BALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:33 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: 01525599		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:44AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 12:14PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	IBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interva</b>	
	KIDNE	Y FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)		
UREA: SERUM		21.25	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00	
	ATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)		Ŭ		
CREATININE: SERUM by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY		0.81	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20	
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN): SERUM		9.93	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0	
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY					
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM		12.26	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0	
by CALCULATED, SPE	CTROPHOTOMETRY				
UREA/CREATININ		26.23	RATIO		
by CALCULATED, SPE URIC ACID: SERUM		2.55	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80	
by URICASE - OXIDAS		2.00	ing/ ull		
CALCIUM: SERUM		9.44	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60	
by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM		3.08	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70	
by PHOSPHOMOLYBE	DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
<u>ELECTROLYTES</u>					
SODIUM: SERUM		139.3	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0	
by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE) POTASSIUM: SERUM		4.06	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00	
by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)					
CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)		104.48	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0	
	<b>IERULAR FILTERATION RATE</b>				
(eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED	ERULAR FILTERATION RATE	98.2			
INTERPRETATION:	oon pro, and post ronal azotomia				

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist Cl		Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist		
NAME	: Mrs. MAYA GIRI				
AGE/ GENDER	: 33 YRS/FEMALE	PATIEN	IT ID	: 1758942	
OLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	RFG N	D./LAB NO.	:012502160026	
EFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AN			: 16/Feb/2025 10:3	
ARCODE NO.	: 01525599		TION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:4	
LIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		TING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 12:1	I4PM
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biologica	al Reference interval
<ol> <li>Certain drugs (e.g. NCREASED RATIO (&gt;2</li> <li>Postrenal azotemia</li> <li>Prerenal azotemia</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (&lt;1</li> </ol>	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine productetracycline, glucocorticoids) (0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE (BUN rises disproportionately m superimposed on renal disease. (0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :	LEVELS:	obstructive uropa	athy).	
<ol> <li>Certain drugs (e.g.,</li> <li>NCREASED RATIO (&gt;2</li> <li>Postrenal azotemia</li> <li>Prerenal azotemia</li> <li>Prerenal azotemia</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (&lt;1</li> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet ar</li> <li>Severe liver disease</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis (</li> <li>Inherited hyperam</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome c</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (&lt;1</li> <li>Phenacimide thera</li> <li>Rhabdomyolysis (r</li> <li>Muscular patients</li> <li>NAPPROPIATE RATIO</li> <li>Diabetic ketoacido</li> <li>should produce an in</li> <li>Cephalosporin ther</li> </ol>	ass (subnormal creatinine productetracycline, glucocorticoids) <b>10:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE</b> a (BUN rises disproportionately m superimposed on renal disease. <b>10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :</b> osis. ad starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffu monemias (urea is virtually absent of inappropiate antidiuretic harmon <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININ</b> py (accelerates conversion of cre eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure.	LEVELS:         ore than creatinine) (e.g.         ses out of extracellular fint in blood).         one) due to tubular secret         E:         atine to creatinine).         crease in creatinine with         easurement).         GFR (mL/min//ion >90         h	uid). tion of urea. certain methodolo		al ratio when dehydratio
Certain drugs (e.g.     NCREASED RATIO (>2     Postrenal azotemia     Prerenal azotemia     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Acute tubular necr     Low protein diet ar     Severe liver disease     Other causes of de     Repeated dialysis (     Inherited hyperam     SIADH (syndrome c     Pregnancy.     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Phenacimide thera     Rhabdomyolysis (r     Muscular patients     NAPPROPIATE RATIO     Diabetic ketoacido     hould produce an in     Cephalosporin ther     STIMATED GLOMERL     CKD STAGE     G1	ass (subnormal creatinine productetracycline, glucocorticoids) <b>10:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE</b> (BUN rises disproportionately misuperimposed on renal disease.) <b>10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :</b> osis. Indistarvation. Be. Creased urea synthesis. Curea rather than creatinine diffuire a rather than creatinine diffuire a rather than creatinine diffuire arather than creatinine. (IO:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININ py (accelerates conversion of createleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false incocreased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine mission arather than creatinine aratio). Description arather than creatinine aratio arat	LEVELS:         ore than creatinine) (e.g.         ses out of extracellular fint in blood).         one) due to tubular secret         E:         atine to creatinine).         crease in creatinine with         easurement).         GFR (mL/min//ion >90         N         >90         N	uid). tion of urea. certain methodolo	ogies,resulting in norm SOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria resence of Protein ,	al ratio when dehydratio
Certain drugs (e.g.     NCREASED RATIO (>2     Postrenal azotemia     Prerenal azotemia     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Acute tubular necr     Low protein diet ar     Severe liver disease     Other causes of de     Repeated dialysis (     Inherited hyperam     SIADH (syndrome c     Pregnancy.     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Phenacimide thera     Rhabdomyolysis (r     Muscular patients     NAPPROPIATE RATIO     Diabetic ketoacido     hould produce an in     Cephalosporin ther     STIMATED GLOMERU     G1     G2     G3a     G3b	ass (subnormal creatinine productetracycline, glucocorticoids) <b>10:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE</b> a (BUN rises disproportionately m superimposed on renal disease. <b>10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :</b> osis. ad starvation. b. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffure monemias (urea is virtually absended finappropiate antidiuretic harmon <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININ</b> py (accelerates conversion of create eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. <b>1:</b> sis (acetoacetate causes false incomposed creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine m <b>JLAR FILTERATION RATE:</b> <b>DESCRIPTION</b> Normal kidney funct Kidney damage wit normal or high GFF Mild decrease in GF	LEVELS:         ore than creatinine) (e.g.         ses out of extracellular fint in blood).         one) due to tubular secred         E:         atine to creatinine).         crease in creatinine with         easurement).         Image: Construction of the secred of	uid). tion of urea. certain methodolo	ogies,resulting in norm SOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria resence of Protein ,	al ratio when dehydratio
Certain drugs (e.g.     NCREASED RATIO (>2     Postrenal azotemia     Prerenal azotemia     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Acute tubular necr     Low protein diet ar     Severe liver disease     Other causes of de     Repeated dialysis (     Inherited hyperam     SIADH (syndrome c     Pregnancy.     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Phenacimide thera     Rhabdomyolysis (r     Muscular patients     NAPPROPIATE RATIO     Diabetic ketoacido     hould produce an in     Cephalosporin ther     STIMATED GLOMERL     G1     G2	ass (subnormal creatinine productetracycline, glucocorticoids) <b>i0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE</b> a (BUN rises disproportionately m superimposed on renal disease. <b>i0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :</b> osis. ad starvation. b. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffure monemias (urea is virtually absended finappropiate antidiuretic harmon <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININ</b> py (accelerates conversion of create eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. <b>1:</b> sis (acetoacetate causes false incomposed creased BUN/creatinine mation). Tapy (interferes with creatinine mation). Mormal kidney funct Kidney damage wit normal or high GFf Mild decrease in GF	LEVELS:         ore than creatinine) (e.g.         ses out of extracellular fint in blood).         one) due to tubular secred         E:         atine to creatinine).         crease in creatinine with         easurement).         Image: Construction of the secred of	uid). tion of urea. certain methodolo	ogies,resulting in norm SOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria resence of Protein ,	al ratio when dehydratio





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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)









	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. MAYA GIRI		
AGE/ GENDER	: 33 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1758942
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160026
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:33 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525599	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:44AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 12:14PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
			/
Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)	
NAME	: Mrs. MAYA GIRI				
AGE/ GENDER	: 33 YRS/FEMALE	P	ATIENT ID	: 1758942	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	R	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502160026	
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AM	MBALA CANTT) <b>R</b> I	EGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 10:33 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: 01525599	C	<b>DLLECTION DATE</b>	: 16/Feb/2025 10:44AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		EPORTING DATE	: 16/Feb/2025 11:49AM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
		CLINICAL P	ATHOLOCY		
		UTINE & MICK	OSCOPIC EXAMINA	ATION	
PHYSICAL EXAMIN		10	- ml		
QUANTITY RECIEVE by DIP STICK/REFLECT	D ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	10	ml		
COLOUR	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	PALE YELLO	DW	PALE YELLOW	
TRANSPARANCY	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	HAZY		CLEAR	
by DIP STICK/REFLECT. SPECIFIC GRAVITY	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.02		1.002 - 1.030	
	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.02		1.002 - 1.030	
CHEMICAL EXAMIN	ATION				
REACTION	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC			
PROTEIN		Trace		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
by DIP STICK/REFLECT. SUGAR	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Nogotivo		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
pH	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	6		5.0 - 7.5	
BILIRUBIN	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
•	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Nogativo		NECATIVE (NO)	
NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLECT	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
UROBILINOGEN	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0	
KETONE BODIES	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
BLOOD		1+		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
by DIP STICK/REFLECT ASCORBIC ACID	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (	-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)	
by DIP STICK/REFLECT.	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
MICROSCOPIC EXA					
RED BLOOD CELLS ( by MICROSCOPY ON CE	(RBCs) ENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	5-7	/HPF	0 - 3	





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Dr. Vinay Chopra

EXCELLENCE IN HEALTHCARE & DIAGNOSTICS

Dr. Yugam Chopra

ABSENT

MD (Pathology) MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mrs. MAYA GIRI **AGE/ GENDER** : 33 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1758942 **COLLECTED BY** : SURJESH REG. NO./LAB NO. :012502160026 **REFERRED BY** : CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT) **REGISTRATION DATE** : 16/Feb/2025 10:33 AM **BARCODE NO.** :01525599 **COLLECTION DATE** :16/Feb/202510:44AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** :16/Feb/202511:49AM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 1 - 2/HPF PUS CELLS 0 - 5 by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT EPITHELIAL CELLS 3-4/HPF ABSENT by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT CRYSTALS NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT CASTS NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT BACTERIA NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT **MUCOUS THREADS SEEN NEGATIVE (-ve) OTHERS** 

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

ABSENT

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) V DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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