

**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mr. MUKESH	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1761180
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 49 YRS/MALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012502180045
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 18/Feb/2025 12:15 PM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 18/Feb/2025 12:17PM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01525727	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 18/Feb/2025 01:08PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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**CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY**  
**GLUCOSE RANDOM (R)**

GLUCOSE RANDOM (R): PLASMA <i>by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)</i>	<b>232.34<sup>H</sup></b>	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 140.00 PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0 DIABETIC: > OR = 200.0
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**INTERPRETATION**

**IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:**

1. A random plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal.
2. A random glucose level between 140 - 200 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
3. A random glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



  
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<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01525727	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 18/Feb/2025 01:56PM
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### URIC ACID

URIC ACID: SERUM	4.97	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE			

#### INTERPRETATION:-

1. GOUT occurs when high levels of Uric Acid in the blood cause crystals to form & accumulate around a joint.  
 2. Uric Acid is the end product of purine metabolism. Uric acid is excreted to a large degree by the kidneys and to a smaller degree in the intestinal tract by microbial degradation.

#### INCREASED:-

##### (A).DUE TO INCREASED PRODUCTION:-

1. Idiopathic primary gout.
2. Excessive dietary purines (organ meats, legumes, anchovies, etc).
3. Cytolytic treatment of malignancies especially leukemias & lymphomas.
4. Polycythemia vera & myeloid metaplasia.
5. Psoriasis.
6. Sickle cell anaemia etc.

##### (B).DUE TO DECREASED EXCRETION (BY KIDNEYS)

1. Alcohol ingestion.
2. Thiazide diuretics.
3. Lactic acidosis.
4. Aspirin ingestion (less than 2 grams per day).
5. Diabetic ketoacidosis or starvation.
6. Renal failure due to any cause etc.

#### DECREASED:-

##### (A).DUE TO DIETARY DEFICIENCY

1. Dietary deficiency of Zinc, Iron and molybdenum.
2. Fanconi syndrome & Wilsons disease.
3. Multiple sclerosis.
4. Syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (SIADH) secretion & low purine diet etc.

##### (B).DUE TO INCREASED EXCRETION

1. Drugs:- Probenecid, sulphinpyrazone, aspirin doses (more than 4 grams per day), corticosteroids and ACTH, anti-coagulants and estrogens etc.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



  
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