

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. BHANUSHI

AGE/ GENDER : 33 YRS/FEMALE PATIENT ID : 1766377

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012502220051

REFERRED BY : LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT) REGISTRATION DATE : 22/Feb/2025 01:56 PM

BARCODE NO. : 01525971 COLLECTION DATE : 22/Feb/2025 02:05PM

CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 22/Feb/2025 02:22PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

HAEMATOLOGY HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) 10.5^{L} gm/dL 12.0 - 16.0

by CALORIMETRIC

<u>INTERPRETATION:-</u>
Hemoglobin is the protein molecule in red blood cells that carries oxygen from the lungs to the bodys tissues and returns carbon dioxide from the tissues back to the lungs.

A low hemoglobin level is referred to as ANEMIA or low red blood count.

ANEMIA (DECRESED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) Loss of blood (traumatic injury, surgery, bleeding, colon cancer or stomach ulcer)
- 2) Nutritional deficiency (iron, vitamin B12, folate)
- 3) Bone marrow problems (replacement of bone marrow by cancer)
- 4) Suppression by red blood cell synthesis by chemotherapy drugs
- 5) Kidney failure
- 6) Abnormal hemoglobin structure (sickle cell anemia or thalassemia).

POLYCYTHEMIA (INCREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) People in higher altitudes (Physiological)
- 2) Smoking (Secondary Polycythemia)
- 3) Dehydration produces a falsely rise in hemoglobin due to increased haemoconcentration
- 4) Advanced lung disease (for example, emphysema)
- 5) Certain tumors
- 6) A disorder of the bone marrow known as polycythemia rubra vera,
- 7) Abuse of the drug erythropoetin (Epogen) by athletes for blood doping purposes (increasing the amount of oxygen available to the body by chemically raising the production of red blood cells).

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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BLOOD GROUP (ABO) AND RH FACTOR TYPING

ABO GROUP by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION RH FACTOR TYPE by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION 0

POSITIVE



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REPORTING DATE

BLEEDING TIME (BT)

BLEEDING TIME (BT) 1 MIN 45 SEC MINS by DUKE METHOD



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CLOTTING TIME (CT)

CLOTTING TIME (CT) 5 MIN 15 SEC by CAPILLARY TUBE METHOD

MINS

REPORTING DATE



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HAEMOGLOBIN - HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HB-HPLC)

HAEMOGLOBIN VARIANTS

CLIENT CODE.

HAEMUGLUDIN VARIANIS			
HAEMOGLOBIN AO (ADULT) by hplc (high performance liquid chromatography)	85.8	%	83.00 - 90.00
HAEMOGLOBIN F (FOETAL) by hplc (high performance liquid chromatography)	0	%	0.00 - 2.0
HAEMOGLOBIN A2 by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	2.7	%	1.50 - 3.70
PEAK 3 by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	5	%	< 10.0
OTHERS-NON SPECIFIC by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	ABSENT	%	ABSENT
HAEMOGLOBIN S by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
HAEMOGLOBIN D (PUNJAB) by hplc (high performance liquid chromatography)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
HAEMOGLOBIN E by hplc (high performance liquid chromatography)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
HAEMOGLOBIN C by hplc (high performance liquid chromatography)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
UNKNOWN UNIDENTIFIED VARIANTS by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): WHOLE BLOOD by hplc (high performance liquid chromatography)	5.5	%	4.0 - 6.4
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by automated hematology analyzer	10.5 ^L	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT by automated hematology analyzer	4.48	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by automated hematology analyzer	34.5 ^L	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	77 ^L	fL	80.0 - 100.0

 23.5^{L}



by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)

by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER

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27.0 - 34.0



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	30.5 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by automated hematology analyzer	16.2 ^H	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	46.8	fL	35.0 - 56.0
<u>OTHERS</u>			
NAKED EYE SINGLE TUBE RED CELL OSMOTIC FRAGILITY TEST by SINGLE RED CELL OSMOTIC FRAGILITY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED	17.19	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0

INTERPRETATIONTHE ABOVE FINDINGS ARE SUGGESTIVE OF NORMAL HAEMOGLOBIN CHROMATOGRAPHIC PATTERN

INTERPRETATION:

The Thalassemia syndromes, considered the most common genetic disorder worldwide, are a heterogenous group of mandelian disorders, all characterized by a lack of/or decreased synthesis of either the alpha-globin chains (alpha thalassemia) or the beta-globin chains (beta thalassemia) of haemoglobin.

HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HPLC):

- 1.HAEMOGLOBIN VARIANT ANALYSIS, BLOOD- High Performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) is a fast & accurate method for determining the presence and for quatitation of various types of normal haemoglobin and common abnormal hb variants, including but not limited to Hb S, C, E, D and Beta –thalassemia.
- 2. The diagnosis of these abnormal haemoglobin should be confirmed by DNA analysis.
- 3. The method use has a limited role in the diagnosis of alpha thalassemia.
- 4.Slight elevation in haemoglobin A2 may also occur in hyperthyroidism or when there is deficiency of vitamin b12 or folate and this should be istinguished from inherited elevation of HbA2 in Beta- thalassemia trait.

NAKED EYE SINGLE TUBE RED CELL OSMOTIC FRAGILITY TEST (NESTROFT):

- 1.It is a screening test to distinguish beta thalassemia trait. Also called as Naked Eye Single Tube Red Cell Osmotic Fragility Test.
- 2. The test showed a sensitivity of 100%, specificity of 85.47%, a positive predictive value of 66% and a negative predictive value of 100%.
- 3.A high negative predictive value can reasonably rule out beta thalassemia trait cases. So, it should be adopted as a screening test for beta thalassemia trait, as it is not practical or feasible to employ HbA2 in every case of anemia in childhood.

MENTZERS INDEX:

- 1.The Mentzer index, helpful in differentiating iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, the Mentzer index is said to be a method of distinguishing between them.
- 2.If the index is less than 13, thalassemia is said to be more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is said to be more likely.
- 3. The principle involved is as follows: In iron deficiency, the marrow cannot produce as many RBCs and they are small (microcytic), so the RBC



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count and the MCV will both be low, and as a result, the index will be greater than 13. Conversely, in thalassemia, which is a disorder of globin synthesis, the number of RBC's produced is normal, but the cells are smaller and more fragile. Therefore, the RBC count is normal, but the MCV is low, so the index will be less than 13.

NOTE: In practice, the Mentzer index is not a reliable indicator and should not, by itself, be used to differentiate. In addition, it would be possible for a patient with a microcytic anemia to have both iron deficiency and thalassemia, in which case the index would only suggest iron deficiency.



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Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY **HEPATITIS C VIRUS (HCV) ANTIBODY: TOTAL**

HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY (HCV) TOTAL: SERUM

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

REPORTING DATE

NEGATIVE: < 1.00 POSITIVE: > 1.00

: 22/Feb/2025 03:30PM

HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY (HCV) TOTAL

NON - REACTIVE

CLIENT CODE.

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

INTERPRETATION:

MATERIA REPORTED	
RESULT (INDEX)	REMARKS
< 1.00	NON - REACTIVE/NOT - DETECTED
>=1.00	REACTIVE/ASYMPTOMATIC/INFECTIVE STATE/CARRIER STATE.

Hepatitis C (HCV) is an RNA virus of Favivirus group transmitted via blood transfusions, transplantation, injection drug abusers, accidental needle punctures in healthcare workers, dialysis patients and rarely from mother to infant. 10 % of new cases show sexual transmission. As compared to HAV & HBV, chronic infection with HCV occurs in 85 % of infected individuals. In high risk population, the predictive value of Anti HCV for HCV infection is > 99% whereas in low risk populations it is only 25 %.

- 1. Indicator of past or present infection, but does not differentiate between Acute/ Chronic/Resolved Infection.
- 2. Routine screening of low and high prevelance population including blood donors.

NOTF:

- 1. False positive results are seen in Auto-immune disease, Rheumatoid Factor, HYpergammaglobulinemia, Paraproteinemia, Passive antibody transfer, Anti-idiotypes and Anti-superoxide dismutase.
- 2. False negative results are seen in early Acute infection, Immunosuppression and Immuno—incompetence.

3. HCV-RNA PCR recommended in all reactive results to differentiate between past and present infection.



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NEGATIVE: < 1.00

POSITIVE: > 1.00

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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

REPORTING DATE

ANTI HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV) DUO ULTRA WITH (P-24 ANTIGEN DETECTION)

HIV 1/2 AND P24 ANTIGEN: SERUM

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

NON - REACTIVE

HIV 1/2 AND P24 ANTIGEN RESULT by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

INTERPRETATION:-

CLIENT CODE.

RESULT (INDEX)	REMARKS
< 1.00	NON - REACTIVE
> = 1.00	PROVISIONALLY REACTIVE

Non-Reactive result implies that antibodies to HIV 1/2 have not been detected in the sample. This menas that patient has either not been exposed to HIV 1/2 infection or the sample has been tested during the "window phase" i.e. before the development of detectable levels of antibodies. Hence a Non Reactive result does not exclude the possibility of exposure or infection with HIV 1/2. RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. Results to be clinically correlated

2. Rarely falsenegativity/positivity may occur.



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CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg) ULTRA

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg):

0.22

NEGATIVE: < 1.0 POSITIVE: > 1.0

SERUM

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

NON REACTIVE

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg) RESULT

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

INTERPRETATION:

RESULT IN INDEX VALUE	REMARKS	
< 1.30	NEGATIVE (-ve)	
>=1.30	POSITIVE (+ve)	

Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) is a member of the Hepadna virus family causing infection of the liver with extremely variable clinical features. Hepatitis B is transmitted primarily by body fluids especially serum and also spread effectively sexually and from mother to baby. In most individuals HBV hepatitis is self limiting, but 1-2 % normal adolescent and adults develop Chronic Hepatitis. Frequency of chronic HBV infection is 5-10% in immunocompromised patients and 80 % neonates. The initial serological marker of acute infection is HBsAg which typically appears 2-3 months after infection and disappears 12-20 weeks after onset of symtoms. Persistence of HBsAg for more than 6 months indicates carrier state or Chronic Liver disease.



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VDRL

VDRL NON REACTIVE NON REACTIVE

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:

CLIENT CODE.

1. Does not become positive until 7 - 10 days after appearance of chancre.

2. High titer (>1:16) - active disease.

3.Low titer (<1:8) - biological falsepositive test in 90% cases or due to late or late latent syphillis.

4.Treatment of primary syphillis causes progressive decline tonegative VDRL within 2 years.

5. Rising titer (4X) indicates relapse, reinfection, or treatment failure and need for retreatment.

6. May benonreactive in early primary, late latent, and late syphillis (approx. 25% ofcases).

7. Reactive and weakly reactive tests should always be confirmed with FTA-ABS (fluorescent treponemal antibody absorption test).

SHORTTERM FALSE POSITIVE TEST RESULTS (<6 MONTHS DURATION) MAY OCCURIN:

1. Acute viral illnesses (e.g., hepatitis, measles, infectious mononucleosis)

2.M. pneumoniae; Chlamydia; Malaria infection.

3. Some immunizations

4. Pregnancy (rare)

LONGTERM FALSE POSITIVE TEST RESULTS (>6 MONTHS DURATION) MAY OCCUR IN:

- 1. Serious underlying disease e.g., collagen vascular diseases, leprosy, malignancy.
- 2.Intravenous drug users.
- 3. Rheumatoid arthritis, thyroiditis, AIDS, Sjogren's syndrome.
- 4.<10 % of patients older thanage 70 years.
- 5. Patients taking some anti-hypertensive drugs.



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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

CLIENT CODE.

QUANTITY RECIEVED 10 ml by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

PALE YELLOW COLOUR PALE YELLOW

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

TRANSPARANCY **CLEAR CLEAR** by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.02 1.002 - 1.030

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

ACIDIC REACTION by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

Negative NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

SUGAR NEGATIVE (-ve) Negative by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

рН <=5.0 5.0 - 7.5

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE (-ve) Negative by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NITRITE Negative NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.

EU/dL UROBILINOGEN Normal 0.2 - 1.0

NEGATIVE (-ve) KETONE BODIES Negative

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NEGATIVE (-ve) BLOOD Negative by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

ASCORBIC ACID NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) NEGATIVE (-ve) /HPF 0 - 3

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Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

: 22/Feb/2025 03:16PM

NAME : Mrs. BHANUSHI

AGE/ GENDER PATIENT ID : 1766377 : 33 YRS/FEMALE

COLLECTED BY : 012502220051 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY : LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT) **REGISTRATION DATE** : 22/Feb/2025 01:56 PM **COLLECTION DATE** BARCODE NO. :01525971 : 22/Feb/2025 02:05PM

: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	1-2	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-4	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

REPORTING DATE

End Of Report



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



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Patient report

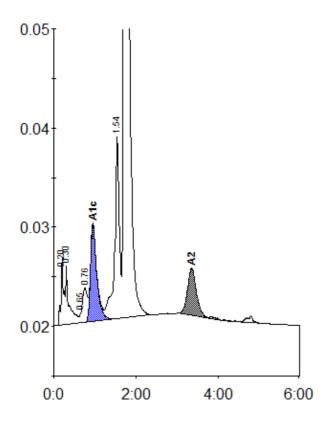
 Bio-Rad
 DATE: 02/22/2025

 D-10
 TIME: 03:23 PM

S/N: #DJ6F040603 Software version: 4.30-2

Sample ID: 01525971

Injection date 02/22/2025 03:19 PM
Injection #: 5 Method: HbA2/F
Rack #: --- Rack position: 5



Peak table - ID: 01525971

Peak	R.time	Height	Area	Area %
A1a	0.20	6861	30314	1.0
A1b	0.30	5961	34157	1.2
LA1c/CHb-1	0.65	1017	3552	0.1
LA1c/CHb-2	0.76	3502	26209	0.9
A1c	0.95	9700	105725	5.5
P3	1.54	18569	145877	5.0
A0	1.71	527118	2516762	85.8
A2	3.35	4738	71432	2.7

Concentration:	%
A1c	5.5
A2	2.7

2934026

Total Area: