

Dr. Vinay Chopra
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

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NAME	: Mrs. DEEPA	PATIENT ID	: 1768066
AGE/ GENDER	: 25 YRS/FEMALE	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502240043
COLLECTED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 24/Feb/2025 12:45 PM
REFERRED BY	: CIVIL HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	COLLECTION DATE	: 24/Feb/2025 12:46PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01526086	REPORTING DATE	: 24/Feb/2025 02:03PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

ANTI THYROID PEROXIDASE (TPO/AMA) ANTIBODIES

ANTI TPO/AMA ANTIBODIES: SERUM	6.96	IU/mL	0.00 - 10.0
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)			DIABETES (II): < 25.0

INTERPRETATION:

1. Thyroperoxidase (TPO) is an enzyme involved in thyroid hormone synthesis, catalyzing the oxidation of iodide on tyrosine residues in thyroglobulin for the synthesis of triiodothyronine and thyroxine (tetraiodothyronine).
2. TPO is a membrane-associated hemo glycoprotein expressed only in thyrocytes and is one of the most important thyroid gland antigens.
3. Anti-TPO is technically superior and a more specific method for measuring thyroid auto-antibodies, It is especially useful in patients presenting with subclinical hypothyroidism where TSH is elevated but Free T4 levels are normal.

INCREASED LEVELS (Autoimmune thyroid disease):

1. Hashimoto thyroiditis.
2. Idiopathic myxedema.
3. Graves disease
4. Post-partum thyroiditis.
5. Primary hypothyroidism due to Hashimoto thyroiditis.

NOTE:

1. The highest TPO antibody levels are observed in patients suffering from Hashimoto thyroiditis. In this disease, the prevalence of TPO antibodies is about 90% of cases, confirming the autoimmune origin of the disease.
2. These auto-antibodies also frequently occur (60%-80%) in the course of Graves disease.
3. In patients with subclinical hypothyroidism, the presence of TPO antibodies is associated with an increased risk of developing overt hypothyroidism.

*** End Of Report ***




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