

Dr. Vinay Chopra
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra
 MD (Pathology)
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	: Mrs. GAGANPREET	PATIENT ID	: 1775775
AGE/ GENDER	: 28 YRS/FEMALE	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503020033
COLLECTED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 02/Mar/2025 12:17 PM
REFERRED BY	:	COLLECTION DATE	: 02/Mar/2025 12:18PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01526342	REPORTING DATE	: 03/Mar/2025 06:23AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

ANTI NUCLEAR ANTIBODY/FACTOR (ANA/ANF)

ANTI NUCLEUR ANTIBODIES (ANA): SERUM <i>by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOASSAY)</i>	0.61	INDEX VALUE	NEGATIVE: < 1.0 BORDERLINE: 1.0 - 1.20 POSITIVE: > 1.20
---	------	-------------	---

INTERPRETATION:-


- 1.For diagnostic purposes, ANA value should be used as an adjuvant to other clinical and laboratory data available.
- 2.Measurement of antinuclear antibodies (ANAs) in serum is the most commonly performed screening test for patients suspected of having a systemic rheumatic disease, also referred to as connective tissue disease.
- 3.ANAs occur in patients with a variety of autoimmune diseases, both systemic and organ-specific. They are particularly common in the systemic rheumatic diseases, which include lupus erythematosus (LE), discoid LE, drug-induced LE, mixed connective tissue disease, Sjogren syndrome scleroderma (systemic sclerosis), CREST (calcinosis, Raynaud's phenomenon, esophageal dysmotility, sclerodactyly, telangiectasia) syndrome, polymyositis/dermatomyositis, and rheumatoid arthritis.


NOTE:

- 1.The diagnosis of a systemic rheumatic disease is based primarily on the presence of compatible clinical signs and symptoms. The results of tests for autoantibodies including ANA and specific autoantibodies are ancillary. Additional diagnostic criteria include consistent histopathology or specific radiographic findings. Although individual systemic rheumatic diseases are relatively uncommon, a great many patients present with clinical findings that are compatible with a systemic rheumatic disease ANA screening may be useful for ruling out the disease.
- 2.Secondary, disease specific auto antibodies maybe ordered for patients who are screen positive as ancillary aids for the diagnosis of specific auto-immune disorders.

*** End Of Report ***




DR.VINAY CHOPRA
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)


DR.YUGAM CHOPRA
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.