

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Miss. METALI

AGE/ GENDER : 21 YRS/FEMALE PATIENT ID : 1776540

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012503030043

REFERRED BY: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)REGISTRATION DATE: 03/Mar/2025 01:37 PMBARCODE NO.: 01526395COLLECTION DATE: 03/Mar/2025 01:39 PMCLIENT CODE.: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LABREPORTING DATE: 03/Mar/2025 01:49 PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

### HAEMATOLOGY HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) 12.9 gm/dL 12.0 - 16.0

by CALORIMETRIC

#### **INTERPRETATION:-**

Hemoglobin is the protein molecule in red blood cells that carries oxygen from the lungs to the bodys tissues and returns carbon dioxide from the tissues back to the lungs.

A low hemoglobin level is referred to as ANEMIA or low red blood count.

### ANEMIA (DECRESED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) Loss of blood (traumatic injury, surgery, bleeding, colon cancer or stomach ulcer)
- 2) Nutritional deficiency (iron, vitamin B12, folate)
- 3) Bone marrow problems (replacement of bone marrow by cancer)
- 4) Suppression by red blood cell synthesis by chemotherapy drugs
- 5) Kidney failure
- 6) Abnormal hemoglobin structure (sickle cell anemia or thalassemia).

### POLYCYTHEMIA (INCREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) People in higher altitudes (Physiological)
- 2) Smoking (Secondary Polycythemia)
- 3) Dehydration produces a falsely rise in hemoglobin due to increased haemoconcentration
- 4) Advanced lung disease (for example, emphysema)
- 5) Certain tumors
- 6) A disorder of the bone marrow known as polycythemia rubra vera,
- 7) Abuse of the drug erythropoetin (Epogen) by athletes for blood doping purposes (increasing the amount of oxygen available to the body by chemically raising the production of red blood cells).

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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### TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC)

TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) 11720<sup>H</sup> /cmm 4000 - 11000 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY

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|---|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
|   | DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOC | CYTE COUNT (DLC) |                               |
| NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICH | 65                  | %                | 50 - 70                       |
| LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICH | 28<br>ROSCOPY       | %                | 20 - 40                       |

 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY

 EOSINOPHILS
 1
 %
 1 - 6

 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY
 6
 %
 2 - 12

 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY
 8
 0
 0 - 1

by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY
NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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PLATELET COUNT (P/C)

PLATELET COUNT (PLT)

271000 /cmm 150000 - 450000 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE &

**MICROSCOPY** 

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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**BLEEDING TIME (BT)** 

BLEEDING TIME (BT) 2 MIN 10 SEC MINS 1 - A
by DUKE METHOD



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**CLOTTING TIME (CT)** 

CLOTTING TIME (CT) 5 MIN 45 SEC MINS by CAPILLARY TUBE METHOD



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: 03/Mar/2025 07:08PM

**REGISTRATION DATE** 

REPORTING DATE

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**COLLECTED BY** :012503030043 REG. NO./LAB NO.

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: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

**Value** Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name** 

### **ENDOCRINOLOGY** THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)

THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM μIU/mL 0.35 - 5.50

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

#### INTERPRETATION:

REFERRED BY

CLIENT CODE.

| AGE                 | REFFERENCE RANGE (μIU/mL) |  |  |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 0 – 5 DAYS          | 0.70 - 15.20              |  |  |
| 6 Days – 2 Months   | 0.70 - 11.00              |  |  |
| 3 – 11 Months       | 0.70 - 8.40               |  |  |
| 1 – 5 Years         | 0.70 – 7.00               |  |  |
| 6 – 10 Years        | 0.60 - 5.50               |  |  |
| 11 - 15             | 0.50 - 5.50               |  |  |
| > 20 Years (Adults) | 0.27 - 5.50               |  |  |
| Pi                  | REGNANCY                  |  |  |
| 1st Trimester       | 0.10 - 3.00               |  |  |
| 2nd Trimester       | 0.20 - 3.00               |  |  |
| 3rd Trimester       | 0.30 - 4.10               |  |  |

NOTE:-TSH levels are subjected to circardian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50 %. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentration.

USE: TSH controls biosynthesis and release of thyroid harmones T4 & T3. It is a sensitive measure of thyroid function, especially useful in early or subclinical hypothyroidism, before the patient develops any clinical findings or goitre or any other thyroid function abnormality.

### **INCREASED LEVELS:**

- 1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism, may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending on degree of hypofunction.
- 2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3. Hashimotos thyroiditis.
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, Iodine containing agents and dopamine antagonist.
- 5. Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge.

#### **DECREASED LEVELS:**

- 1. Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
- 2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.
- 3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism
- 5. Acute psychiatric illness
- 6. Severe dehydration.
- 7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.



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8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester LIMITATIONS:

CLIENT CODE.

1.TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

2. Autoimmune disorders may produce spurious results.

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### ANTI MULLERIAN HORMONE (AMH) GEN II

ANTI MULLERIAN HORMONE (AMH) GEN II: SERUM 6.208

ng/mL 0.05 - 11.00

by ECLIA (ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)

**INTERPRETATION:-**

#### A Correlation of FERTILITY POTENTIAL and AMH levels are:

| OVARIAN FERTILITY POTENTIAL | AMH VALUES IN (ng/mL)                   |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| OPTIMAL FERTILITY:          | 4.00 – 6.80 ng/mL                       |  |  |
| SATISFACTORY FERTILITY:     | 2.20 – 4.00 ng/mL                       |  |  |
| LOW FERTILITY:              | 0.30 – 2.20 ng/mL                       |  |  |
| VERY LOW/UNDETECTABLE:      | 0.00 – 0.30 ng/mL                       |  |  |
| HIGH LEVEL:                 | >6.8 ng/mL (PCOD/GRANULOSA CELL TUMOUR) |  |  |

Anti Mullerian Hormone (AMH) is also known as Mullerian Inhibiting Substance provided by sertoli cells of the testis in males and by ovarian granulose cells in females upto antral stage in females.

#### INI MALES

1.It is used to evaluate testicular presence and function in infants with intersex conditions or ambiguous genitalia, and to distinguish between cryptorchidism and anorchia in males

#### IN FEMALES:

- 1.During reproductive age, follicular AMH productionbegins during the primary stage, peaks in preantral stage & has influence on follicular sensitivity to FSH which is impoetant in selection for follicular dominance. AMH levels thus represents the pool or number of primordial follicles but not thequality of oocytes. AMH does not vary significantly during menstrual cycle & hence can be measured independently of day of cycle.
- 2.Polycystic ovarian syndrome can elevate AMH 2 to 5 fold higher than age specific reference range & predict anovulatory, irregular cycles, ovarian tumours like Granulosa cell tumour are often associated with higher AMH levels.
- 3. Obese women are often associated with diminished ovarian reserve and can have 65% lower mean AMH levels than non-obese women.
- 4.In females, AMH levels do not change significantly throughout the menstrual cycle and decrease with age.
- 5. Assess Ovarian Reserve correlates with the number of antral follicies in the ovaries.
- 6.Evaluate fertility potential and ovarian response in IVF- Women with low AMG levels are more likely to the poor ovarian responders.
- 7. Assess the condition of Polycystic Ovary and premature ovarian failure.

A combination of Age, Ultrasound markers-Ovarian Volume and Antral Follicle Count, AMH and FSH levels are useful for optimal assessment of ovarian reserve. Studies in various fertility clinics are ongoing to establish optimal AMH concentration for predicting response to invitro fertilization, however, given below is suggested interpretative reference.

AMH levels (ng/mL) Suggested patient Anticipated Antral Anticipated FSH levels Anticipated Response



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| Гest Name    |   | Value             | Unit  | <b>Biological Reference interval</b> |  |
|--------------|---|-------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|
|              | Categorization for<br>fertility based on AMH<br>for age group (20 to 45<br>yrs) | Follicle counts   | (day 3)   | to IVF/COH cycle                     |  |
| Below 0.3    | Very low  | Below 4           | Above 20  | Negligible/Poor                      |  |
| 0.3 to 2.19  | Low   | 4 - 10            | Usually 16 - 20   | Reduced                              |  |
| 2.19 t0 4.00 | Satisfactory  | 11 - 25           | Within reference range or between 11 - 15                   | Safe/Normal                          |  |
| Above 4.00   | Optimal   | Upto 30 and Above | Within reference range<br>or between 11 – 15 or<br>Above 15 | Possibly Excessive                   |  |

#### **INCREASED:**

- 1.Polycystic ovarian syndrome (most common)
- 2. Ovarian Tumour: Granulosa cell tumour

#### **DECREASED:**

- 1. Anorchia, Abnormal or absence of testis in males
- 2.Pseudohermaphroditism
- 3.Post Menopause

#### NOTE:

1.AMH measurement alone is seldom suffcient for diagnosis and results should be interpreted in the light of clinical finding and other relevant test such as ovarian ultrasonography(In fertility applications); abdominal or testicular ultrasound(intersex or testicular function applications); measurement of sex steroids (estradiol,Progesterone,Testosterone),FSH, Inhibin B (For fertility), and Inhibin A and B (for tumour work up).

2.Conversion of AMH grom ng/mL to pmol/L can be performed by using equation 1 ng/mL = 7.14 pmol/L

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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