

Dr. Vinay Chopra  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. PARAMPREET KAUR GHUMAN	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1791567
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 31 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012503150014
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:29 PM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:31 PM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01527103	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:44 PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

### HAEMATOLOGY

#### COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

#### RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) <i>by CALORIMETRIC</i>	10.3 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>	5.56 <sup>H</sup>	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	33.7 <sup>L</sup>	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	60.5 <sup>L</sup>	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	18.5 <sup>L</sup>	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	30.5 <sup>L</sup>	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	16.1 <sup>H</sup>	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	36.2	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX <i>by CALCULATED</i>	10.88	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDEX <i>by CALCULATED</i>	17.5	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: <= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0

#### WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)

TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	3610 <sup>L</sup>	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) <i>by AUTOMATED 6 PART HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) % <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	NIL	%	< 10 %



  
 DR. VINAY CHOPRA

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
 DR. YUGAM CHOPRA

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



Dr. Vinay Chopra  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. PARAMPREET KAUR GHUMAN		
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 31 YRS/FEMALE	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1791567
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012503150014
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:29 PM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01527103	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:31 PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:44 PM
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
<b><u>DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)</u></b>			
NEUTROPHILS <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	46 <sup>L</sup>	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	44 <sup>H</sup>	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	4	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	6	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	0	%	0 - 1
IMMATURE GRANULOCYTE (IG) % <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	0	%	0 - 5.0
<b><u>ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT</u></b>			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	1661 <sup>L</sup>	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	1588	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	144	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	217	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	0	/cmm	0 - 110
ABSOLUTE IMMATURE GRANULOCYTE COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	0	/cmm	0.0 - 999.0
<b><u>PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS.</u></b>			
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>	317000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>	0.38 <sup>H</sup>	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>	12	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>	144000 <sup>H</sup>	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>	45.4 <sup>H</sup>	%	11.0 - 45.0



  
 DR. VINAY CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
 DR. YUGAM CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. PARAMPREET KAUR GHUMAN		
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 31 YRS/FEMALE	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1791567
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012503150014
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:29 PM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01527103	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:31PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:44PM
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)	15.9	%	15.0 - 17.0
-----------------------------------	------	---	-------------

by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

RECHECKED



  
 DR.VINAY CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
 DR.YUGAM CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. PARAMPREET KAUR GHUMAN	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1791567
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 31 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012503150014
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 09:49 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 09:50AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01527103	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 04:43PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

### CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

#### GLUCOSE TOLERANCE TEST MODIFIED (AFTER 75 GMS OF GLUCOSE)

GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	95.1	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > OR = 126.0
GLUCOSE AFTER 60 MINS: PLASMA by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	120	mg/dL	60.0 - 180.0
GLUCOSE AFTER 120 MINS: PLASMA by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	102.4	mg/dL	60.0 - 160.0

#### Interpretation: (In accordance with the American diabetes association guidelines):

This test is recommended for patients who have tested positive in the screening OGT (50 gram OGT) or in patients who are deemed to be at high risk of developing gestational diabetes. An 8-14 hour fasting is mandatory for initiation of this test.

For this test, a fasting sample is followed by two more samples drawn at 1 hour and 2 hours after ingestion of 75 grams of glucose.

The American diabetes group recommendations suggest that gestational diabetes be diagnosed when one or more of the plasma glucose values are:

Time	Unit	Blood Sugar level
Fasting	mg/dl	>=95
1 hour	mg/dl	>=180
2 hour	mg/dl	>=155



  
**DR.VINAY CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
**DR.YUGAM CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

**NAME** : Mrs. PARAMPREET KAUR GHUMAN  
**AGE/ GENDER** : 31 YRS/FEMALE  
**COLLECTED BY** :  
**REFERRED BY** :  
**BARCODE NO.** : 01527103  
**CLIENT CODE.** : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB  
**CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT  
**PATIENT ID** : 1791567  
**REG. NO./LAB NO.** : 012503150014  
**REGISTRATION DATE** : 15/Mar/2025 09:49 AM  
**COLLECTION DATE** : 15/Mar/2025 09:50AM  
**REPORTING DATE** : 15/Mar/2025 12:40PM

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## ENDOCRINOLOGY

### THYROID FUNCTION TEST: TOTAL

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	1.021	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	10.12	µg/dL	4.87 - 12.60
THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	1.255	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50

3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

#### INTERPRETATION:

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction (hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

#### LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.
2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with : T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin, salicylates).
3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult, due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.
4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (µIU/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days - 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 - 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00



  
**DR. VINAY CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
**DR. YUGAM CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. PARAMPREET KAUR GHUMAN	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1791567
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 31 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012503150014
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 09:49 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 09:50AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01527103	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 12:40PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87- 13.20
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60
RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY ( $\mu$ U/mL)			
1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50
2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00
3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10

#### INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

- 1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.
- 2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3.Hashimotos thyroiditis
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.
- 5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

#### DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

- 1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.
- 2.Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.
- 3.Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4.Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism
- 5.Acute psychiatric illness
- 6.Severe dehydration.
- 7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.
- 8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester



  
**DR.VINAY CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
**DR.YUGAM CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



Dr. Vinay Chopra  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. PARAMPREET KAUR GHUMAN	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1791567
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 31 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012503150014
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 09:49 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 15/Mar/2025 09:50AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01527103	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 17/Mar/2025 10:55AM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## MICROBIOLOGY

### CULTURE AEROBIC BACTERIA AND ANTIBIOTIC SENSITIVITY: URINE

#### CULTURE AND SUSCEPTIBILITY: URINE

DATE OF SAMPLE 15-03-2025

SPECIMEN SOURCE URINE

INCUBATION PERIOD 48 HOURS

by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE

CULTURE STERILE

by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE

ORGANISM NO AEROBIC PYOGENIC ORGANISM GROWN AFTER 48 HOURS OF INCUBATION AT 37°C

by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE

#### AEROBIC SUSCEPTIBILITY: URINE

##### INTERPRETATION:

1. In urine culture and sensitivity, presence of more than 100,000 organism per mL in midstream sample of urine is considered clinically significant. However in symptomatic patients, a smaller number of bacteria (100 to 10000/mL) may signify infection.
2. Colony count of 100 to 10000/ mL indicate infection, if isolate from specimen obtained by suprapubic aspiration or "in-and-out" catheterization or from patients with indwelling catheters.

##### SUSCEPTIBILITY:

1. A test interpreted as **SENSITIVE** implies that infection due to isolate may be appropriately treated with the dosage of an antimicrobial agent recommended for that type of infection and infecting species, unless otherwise indicated..
2. A test interpreted as **INTERMEDIATE** implies that the "infection due to the isolate may be appropriately treated in body sites where the drugs are physiologically concentrated or when a high dosage of drug can be used".
3. A test interpreted as **RESISTANT** implies that the "isolates are not inhibited by the usually achievable concentration of the agents with normal dosage, schedule and/or fall in the range where specific microbial resistance mechanism are likely (e.g. beta-lactamases), and clinical efficacy has not been reliable in treatment studies.

##### CAUTION:

Conditions which can cause a false Negative culture:

1. Patient is on antibiotics. Please repeat culture post therapy.
2. Anaerobic bacterial infection.
3. Fastidious aerobic bacteria which are not able to grow on routine culture media.
4. Besides all these factors, at least in 25-40 % of cases there is no direct correlation between in vivo clinical picture.
5. Renal tuberculosis to be confirmed by AFB studies.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



  
 DR. VINAY CHOPRA

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
 DR. YUGAM CHOPRA

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

