

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	obiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBAI	LA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:29AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB/	ALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	COMP		ELLNESS PANEL: Y OOD COUNT (CBC)	
	S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES		()]	10.0 17.0
HAEMOGLOBIN (H by CALORIMETRIC	B)	10.1 ^L	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	3.27 ^L	Millions/	cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOL		24.3 ^L	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL		74.3 ^L	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	23.5 ^L	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	31.6 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIB	UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	17 ^H	%	11.00 - 16.00
	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) NUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	47.2	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		22.72	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INI		29.39	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CE		7700		4000 11000
TOTAL LEUCOCYTI	E COUNT (TLC) Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	7790	/cmm	4000 - 11000
	BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) RT HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED E	BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) %	NIL	%	< 10 %



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com

Page 1 of 22





	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consu	licrobiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AM)	BALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:29AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	MBALA CANT	Г	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
DIFFERENTIAL LE	<u>UCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)</u>			
NEUTROPHILS		62	%	50 - 70
by FLOW CYTOMETRY LYMPHOCYTES	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	28	%	20 - 40
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	0/	1.0
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	3	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES		7	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1
by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
IMMATURE GRANU	JLOCTE (IG) % Y by sf cube & microscopy	0	%	0 - 5.0
	CYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTR		4830	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPH	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY OCYTE COUNT	2181	/cmm	800 - 4900
by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
ABSOLUTE EOSINO	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	234	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOC	YTE COUNT Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	545	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPH	HIL COUNT	0	/cmm	0 - 110
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY URE GRANULOCYTE COUNT	0	/cmm	0.0 - 999.0
by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
)THER PLATELET PREDICTIVI			150000 450000
PLATELET COUNT by hydro dynamic f	(PLT) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	163000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PC	CT) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.14	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET V	OLUME (MPV)	15 ^H	fL	6.50 - 12.0
	OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	60000 ^H	/cmm	30000 - 90000
by HYDRO DYNAMIC F	OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			
	CELL RATIO (P-LCR) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	62.5 ^H	%	11.0 - 45.0



DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & N Chairman & Consu	licrobiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PAT	IENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG	NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AM	BALA CANTT) REG	ISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527174	COL	LECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REP	ORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:29AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AN	/IBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
PLATELET DISTRIE	BUTION WIDTH (PDW)	16.1	%	15.0 - 17.0

PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

RECHECKED



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & N Chairman & Consu	licrobiology)	MD	m Chopra D (Pathology) nt Pathologist
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AM	BALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527174		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 12:29PM
CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS		ADALA CANTT		. 10/ Mdi / 2023 12.29FW
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AN	ABALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR ESTIMATED AVERA	EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) GE PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	7.3 ^H 162.81 ^H	% mg/dL	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
	AS PER AMERICAN D			
	REFERENCE GROUP		LYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGI	B (HBAIC) in %
	abetic Adults >= 18 years	1	<5.7	
	Risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 - 6.4		
	agnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5	
D			Age > 19 Years	
D				
			s of Therapy:	< 7.0
	ic goals for glycemic control		s of Therapy: ns Suggested:	< 7.0 >8.0
	ic goals for glycemic control	Action	s of Therapy:	< 7.0 >8.0

COMMENTS:

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



		Chopra gy & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologist		(Pathology)
AME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL			
GE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE]	PATIENT ID	: 1793391
OLLECTED BY	: SURJESH]	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
EFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUE	B (AMBALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
ARCODE NO.	:01527174	(COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
LIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB]	REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 11:14AM
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA	AD, AMBALA CANTT		
Cest Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ERYT	HROCYTE SEDIM	IENTATION RATE (ESR)
An ESR can be affe s C-reactive protein. This test may also stemic lupus eryth ONDITION WITH LO low ESR can be see polycythaemia), sign s sickle cells in sick OTE: ESR and C - reactive	be used to monitor disease a ematosus W ESR en with conditions that inhibit hificantly high white blood ce le cell anaemia) also lower th re protein (C-RP) are both mar	des inflammation. Foi ctivity and response t the normal sediment Il count (leucocytosis) ie ESR. kers of inflammation.	r this reason, the ESR is ty o therapy in both of the a ration of red blood cells, s) , and some protein abno	pically used in conjunction with other test such above diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count ormalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such
. Generally, ESR doe . CRP is not affected . If the ESR is elevat . Women tend to ha	es not change as rapidly as do by as many other factors as is ed, it is typically a result of tw ave a higher ESR, and menstru	es CRP, either at the s s ESR, making it a bett vo types of proteins, g ation and pregnancy of	start of inflammation or a er marker of inflammation globulins or fibrinogen. can cause temporary eleva	n.
spirin, cortisone, ar				
spirin, cortisone, ar				
spirin, cortisone, ar				
spirin, cortisone, ar				

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Chopi MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consulta	robiology)	Dr. Yugam C MD (Pat CEO & Consultant Pat	hology)
IAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIE	NT ID :	1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. N	IO./LAB NO. :	012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBA	ALA CANTT) REGIS	TRATION DATE :	16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527174	COLLE	CTION DATE :	16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPO	RTING DATE :	16/Mar/2025 12:35PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AME	BALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	CLINICAL	CHEMISTRY/ GLUCOSE FAST	BIOCHEMISTRY ING (F)	
	(F): PLASMA	133.15 ^H	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





		Chopra & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL : 70 YRS/MALE : SURJESH : CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB	RE	TIENT ID 2G. NO./LAB NO. 2GISTRATION DATE	: 1793391 : 012503160023 : 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: 01527174 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAI	CO RE	DILECTION DATE EPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM : 16/Mar/2025 12:35PM
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PROF		
CHOLESTEROL TOTA by CHOLESTEROL OXIL		133.79	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR =
TRIGLYCERIDES: SE by GLYCEROL PHOSPH	RUM ATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	133.16	mg/dL	240.0 OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROL by SELECTIVE INHIBITIC		72.13	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROL: by CALCULATED, SPEC		35.03	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLESTI by CALCULATED, SPEC		61.66	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROI by CALCULATED, SPEC		26.63	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SERU		400.74	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HDL by CALCULATED, SPEC	RATIO: SERUM	1.85	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST () MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Patholo		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANT	T) REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174	COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 12:35PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CAN	ГТ	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE	0.10	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	1.00	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION: 1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 care@koshealthcare.com www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consult	icrobiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMB	ALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 12:35PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	IBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
BILIRUBIN TOTAL		FUNCTIO 0.32	N TEST (COMPLETE) mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	C (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.13	mg/dL	ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20 0.00 - 0.40
-	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.19	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM		16.1	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	[/RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	33.1	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE	ERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.49	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPI by Para Nitrophen propanol	HATASE: SERUM YL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	80.7	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTRO	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM PHTOMETRY	26.82	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		6.62	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G		4.09	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPE	1	2.53	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUI		1.62	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

> 2
> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
1.4 - 2.0
> 1.5
> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



INTERPRETATION





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174	COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 12:35PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & I Chairman & Const			
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AM	BALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527174		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 12:35PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AN	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIDNI	THE STATE OF THE S	N TEST (COMPLETE	
UREA: SERUM		21.8	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
	IATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	21.0	ing, ui	10.00 00.00
CREATININE: SERU		1.15	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
	COGEN (BUN): SERUM	10.19	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
by CALCULATED, SPE	CTROPHOTOMETRY	10.10		
	ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	8.86 ^L	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPE	CTROPHOTOMETRY			
UREA/CREATININI	E RATIO: SERUM	18.96	RATIO	
by CALCULATED, SPE		1.65	ma/dI	2.60 7.70
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDAS		4.65	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
CALCIUM: SERUM		9.51	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
by ARSENAZO III, SPE PHOSPHOROUS: SE		3.73	ma/dI	2 20 4 70
	DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.73	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES				
SODIUM: SERUM		135	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV POTASSIUM: SERUI		4.06	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
by ISE (ION SELECTIV		4.00	IIIII01/L	3.30 - 3.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM		101.25	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV FSTIMATED CLOM	'E ELECTRODE) IERULAR FILTERATION RATE			
	<u>IERULAR FILTERATION RATE</u> ERULAR FILTERATION RATE	68.5		
(eGFR): SERUM	ENOLAN FILTENATION NATE	00.0		
by CALCULATED				
INTERPRETATION:	een pre- and post renal azotemia.			

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micro Chairman & Consultant	biology)	Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology nsultant Pathologis		
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL				
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 17933	91	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO	. : 0125)3160023	
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA	CANTT) REGISTRATION I) ATE · 16/Ma	r/2025 09:38 A	м
BARCODE NO.	:01527174	COLLECTION DAT		r/2025 10:05A	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DAT		r/2025 12:35Pl	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBA		L . 10/ Wid	1/2023 12.3311	141
LIENI ADDRESS	. 0349/ I, NICHOLSON KOAD, AMIDAI	LA CANT I			
Test Name		Value Ui	nit	Biological Re	eference interv
7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (<1	xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVEL (BUN rises disproportionately more th superimposed on renal disease. 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : point	S:	rrotoxicosis, Cushii e uropathy).		
 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. NCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia 2. DecREASED RATIO (<1 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome c 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther 	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVEL (BUN rises disproportionately more th superimposed on renal disease. 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. d starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine diffuses ou monemias (urea is virtually absent in b of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) d 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: py (accelerates conversion of creatine te eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure.	S: an creatinine) (e.g. obstructiv t of extracellular fluid). lood). ue to tubular secretion of ure to creatinine). in creatinine with certain me	e uropathy). a.	ing in normal ra	atio when dehyd
 Virine reabsorption Reduced muscle m Certain drugs (e.g. NCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Perenal azotemia Perenal azotemia Acute tubular necr Low protein diet ar Severe liver disease Other causes of de Repeated dialysis (SIADH (syndrome of SIADH (syndrome of Repeated dialysis (Pregnancy. PecREASED RATIO (<1 Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido Cephalosporin ther STIMATED GLOMERL CKD STAGE 	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVEL (BUN rises disproportionately more th superimposed on renal disease. 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. d starvation. 2. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine diffuses ou monemias (urea is virtually absent in b of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) d 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: py (accelerates conversion of creatine eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measured LAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney function Kidney damage with	S: an creatinine) (e.g. obstructiv t of extracellular fluid). lood). ue to tubular secretion of ure to creatinine). in creatinine with certain me ement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	e uropathy). a. thodologies,result ASSOCIATED F No protei Presence of f	ing in normal ra	atio when dehyd
7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. NCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (>1 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 8. Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERL G1 G2	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVEL (BUN rises disproportionately more th superimposed on renal disease. 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. d starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine diffuses ou monemias (urea is virtually absent in b of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) d 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: py (accelerates conversion of creatine eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measure LAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney function Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	S: an creatinine) (e.g. obstructive t of extracellular fluid). lood). ue to tubular secretion of ure to creatinine). in creatinine with certain me ement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90	e uropathy). a. thodologies,result <u>ASSOCIATED F</u> No protei	ing in normal ra	atio when dehyd
7. Urine reabsorption 3. Reduced muscle m 4. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (>1 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome c 3. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERL G1 G2 G3 G3 G3 G3 CEA	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVEL (BUN rises disproportionately more th superimposed on renal disease. 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. d starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine diffuses ou monemias (urea is virtually absent in b of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) d 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: py (accelerates conversion of creatine eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measure LAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney function Kidney damage with normal or high GFR Mild decrease in GFR	S: an creatinine) (e.g. obstructiv t of extracellular fluid). lood). ue to tubular secretion of ure to creatinine). in creatinine with certain me ement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90 60 -89	e uropathy). a. thodologies,result ASSOCIATED F No protei Presence of f	ing in normal ra	atio when dehyd
7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome c 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERL CKD STAGE G1 G2	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVEL (BUN rises disproportionately more th superimposed on renal disease. 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. d starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine diffuses ou monemias (urea is virtually absent in b of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) d 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: py (accelerates conversion of creatine eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measure LAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney function Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	S: an creatinine) (e.g. obstructive t of extracellular fluid). lood). ue to tubular secretion of ure to creatinine). in creatinine with certain me ement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90	e uropathy). a. thodologies,result ASSOCIATED F No protei Presence of f	ing in normal ra	atio when dehyd





DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898

 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologi		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174	COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 12:35PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANT	ſ	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 care@koshealthcare.com www.koshealthcare.com







	1	D r. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microl Chairman & Consultant	0, ,		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU K	ATYAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MAL	Ε		PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH			REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PH	OENIX CLUB (AMBALA	CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527174			COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNO	STIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 12:35PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NIC	HOLSON ROAD, AMBAI	A CANTT.		
Test Name		T	/alue	Unit	Biological Reference interval
			IRON	PROFILE	
IRON: SERUM by FERROZINE, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY		44.91 ^L	μg/dL	59.0 - 158.0
UNSATURATED IR :SERUM			211.47	μg/dL	150.0 - 336.0
by FERROZINE, SPEC TOTAL IRON BIND :SERUM	ING CAPACITY		256.38	µg/dL	230 - 430
by SPECTROPHOTOM %TRANSFERRIN S by CALCULATED, SPE	ATURATION: S		17.52	%	15.0 - 50.0
TRANSFERRIN: SE by SPECTROPHOTOM	RUM		182.03 ^L	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0
INTERPRETATION:-			_		
VARIAE	BLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC	DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	A THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased
IDON:			

IRON:

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency

anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.
 It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.
 TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC): It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1. Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology Chairman & Consultant Patholo			(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA	CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 02:19PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBAL	A CANTT.		
Test Name	N	/alue	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	I	ENDOC	RINOLOGY	
	THYROI	D FUNC	TION TEST: TOTAL	
FRIIODOTHYRONII	NE (T3): SERUM ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	0.826	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): S by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN	ERUM ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	8.41	µgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60
	TING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM	3.103	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50
	ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)			

CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	YRONINE (T3)	THYROX	INE (T4)	THYROID STIMULATING	
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174	COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 02:19PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT	2	

Test Name			Value	Unit	t	Biological Reference interval
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECON	/IMENDATIONS OF TSH LI	EVELS DURING PRE	GNANCY (µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50		
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3. Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	M	r. Vinay Chopra D (Pathology & Micr airman & Consultar	obiology)		gam Chopra MD (Pathology) Itant Pathologist	
JAME AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: 01527174 : KOS DIAGNOST	ENIX CLUB (AMBAI		PATIENT ID REG. NO./LAB NO. REGISTRATION DAT COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE	: 1793391 : 012503160023 : 16/Mar/2025 09:38 : 16/Mar/2025 10:05 : 16/Mar/2025 02:19	AM
Fest Name			Value	Unit	Biological	Reference interval
/ITAMIN D (25-HY by CLIA (CHEMILUMIN			18.3 ^L	ng/n	INSUFFICI	ENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 ICY: 30.0 - 100.0
	CIENT: FICIENT:		< 20 21 - 29		ng/mL ng/mL	
	ED RANGE: ICATION:		0 - 100 > 100		ng/mL ng/mL	
conversion of 7- dihy 2.25-OHVitamin D r issue and tightly bo 3.Vitamin D plays a p ohosphate reabsorp 1.Severe deficiency r DECREASED: 1.Lack of sunshine e)	vdrocholecalciferol represents the mair und by a transport orimary role in the tion, skeletal calciu may lead to failure	to Vitamin D3 in the body resevoir and protein while in cir maintenance of cal m deposition, calci to mineralize newly fliac disease)	e skin upon transport fo culation. cium home um mobiliza	Ultraviolet exposure. orm of Vitamin D and t ostatis. It promotes ca ation, mainly regulated	cholecalciferol (from anima ransport form of Vitamin D, lcium absorption, renal calci by parathyroid harmone (P j in rickets in children and os	being stored in adipose um absorption and ITH).

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consu		biology) MD (Pathology)		
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL				
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1793391	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023	
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (A			: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 02:19PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
INTERPRETATION:-	ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA	280 ASSAY)	pg/mL	190.0 - 890.0	
	ED VITAMIN B12		DECREASED VITAMIN	NB12	
1.Ingestion of Vitam		1.Pregna		Calabiaina	
2.Ingestion of Estrog 3.Ingestion of Vitam			S:Aspirin, Anti-convulsants of Igestion	, coichicine	
4.Hepatocellular inj			aceptive Harmones		
5.Myeloproliferative		5.Haemo			
6.Uremia			ole Myeloma		
3.The body uses its vi excreted.		cally, reabsorbing v cretion by gastric n	vitamin B12 from the ileun nucosa (eg, gastrectomy, g	n and returning it to the liver; very little is astric atrophy) or intestinal malabsorption (eg weakness, hyperreflexia, ataxia, loss of	





DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





	1	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micro Chairman & Consultan	obiology)		Yugam Ch MD (Path nsultant Path	ology)	
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KA	ATYAL					
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	Ξ		PATIENT ID	: 1	793391	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH			REG. NO./LAB NO.	. :0	125031600	023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PH	OENIX CLUB (AMBAL	A CANTT)	REGISTRATION D	ATE : 1	6/Mar/2025	09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527174	× ×	,	COLLECTION DAT		6/Mar/2025	10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNO	STIC LAB		REPORTING DATE		6/Mar/2025	
CLIENT ADDRESS		IOLSON ROAD, AMBA	LA CANTT				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Test Name			Value	Uni	uit	Biolo	gical Reference interval
			TUMOU	R MARKER			
		PROSTATE S	PECIFIC	ANTIGEN (PSA)) - TOTAI		
PROSTATE SPECIFI	C ANTIGEN (PS		1.04		g/mL	0.0 -	4.0
SERUM	o monder (i c	ni) iomi.	1.04	115	57 IIIL	0.0	1.0
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINE	ESCENCE IMMUNO.	ASSAY)					
<u>INTERPRETATION:</u> NOTE:							
1. This is a recommen 2. False negative / po	ded test for dete	ection of prostate can	cer along w	rith Digital Rectal Exa	amination (D	RE) in males	above 50 years of age.
3. PSA levels may app	ear consistently	elevated / depressed	due to the	interference by hete	erophilic ant	ibodies & nor	nspecific protein binding
4. Immediate PSA tes	ting following di	gital rectal examination	on, ejaculat	tion, prostatic massa	age, indwelli	ng catheteriz	ation, ultrasonography and
needle biopsy of prost 5. PSA values regardle	ess of levels shou	Imended as they faise uld not be interpreted	as absolute	eveis e evidence of the pre	esence or ab	sence of dise	ase. All values should be
 5. PSA values regardless of levels should not be interpreted as absolute evidence of the presence or absence of disease. All values should be correlated with clinical findings and results of other investigations 6. Sites of Non-prostatic PSA production are breast epithelium, salivary glands, peri-urethral & anal glands, cells of male urethra & breast milk 							
 Sites of Non-prosta Physiological decre 	itic PSA producti ase in PSA level	on are breast epithel	ium, salivar erved in hos	ry glands, peri-ureth spitalized / sedentar	ral & anal gl v patients e	ands, cells of ither due to s	supine position or suspended
sexual activity					5		
 The concentration of in assay methods, cal 			d with assay	ys from different ma	nufacturers,	may not be o	comparable due to differences
RECOMMENDED TESTI		agent specificity.					
1. Preoperatively (Bas							
2. 2-4 Days Post operatively 3. Prior to discharge from hospital							
4. Monthly Follow Up if levels are high and showing a rising trend							
	POST SURGERY			FREQUENCY OF 1			
	1st Year			Every 3 Mor Every 4 Mor			
	2 nd Year			Every 4 Mor			
CLINICAL USE:	rd Year Onwards		-	Every o Wor	111115		
1. An aid in the early detection of Prostate cancer when used in conjunction with Digital rectal examination in males more than 50 years of age							
and in those with two	or more affected	d first degree relatives	S.				

2. Followup and management of Prostate cancer patients.

3. Detect metastatic or persistent disease in patients following surgical or medical treatment of Prostate cancer

INCREASED LEVEL:

1. Prostate cancer

2. Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia

3. Prostatitis

4. Genitourinary infections

77

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1793391
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503160023
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527174	COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 02:19PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval



V DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons			Pathology)		
NAME	: Mr. KAKU KATYAL					
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID		: 1793391 : 012503160023		
COLLECTED BY	LECTED BY : SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.			
REFERRED BY : CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (A		MBALA CANTT)	REGISTRATION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM		
BARCODE NO.	BARCODE NO. : 01527174		COLLECTION DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 10:05AM		
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 16/Mar/2025 11:55AM		
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT				
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval		
		CLINICAL	PATHOLOGY			
	URINE RO		ROSCOPIC EXAMINA	ATION		
PHYSICAL EXAMIN						
QUANTITY RECIEV		10	ml			
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY COLOUR by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TRANSPARANCY		AMDED V				
		AMBER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW		
		CLEAR		CLEAR		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.01		1.002 - 1.030		
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY					
CHEMICAL EXAMI REACTION	NATION	ACIDIC				
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC				
PROTEIN		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY SUGAR		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	6.5		50 75		
pH by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.3		5.0 - 7.5		
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
NITRITE	TANCE SPECIFIC/TOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY. UROBILINOGEN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY KETONE BODIES by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY						
		Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0		
		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
		-	Ε (
ASCORBIC ACID by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		NEGATIVI	E (-Ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)		
MICROSCOPIC EXA	MINATION					
RED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCs)	NEGATIVI	E (-ve) /HPF	0 - 3		





DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







Dr. Vinay Chopra

EXCELLENCE IN HEALTHCARE & DIAGNOSTICS

Dr. Yugam Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mr. KAKU KATYAL **PATIENT ID AGE/ GENDER** : 70 YRS/MALE :1793391 **COLLECTED BY** : SURJESH :012503160023 REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY** : CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT) **REGISTRATION DATE** : 16/Mar/2025 09:38 AM **BARCODE NO.** :01527174 **COLLECTION DATE** :16/Mar/202510:05AM **CLIENT CODE.** : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** :16/Mar/2025 11:55AM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT PUS CELLS /HPF 0.5 2 1

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-4	/ ПГГ	0-5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	1-3	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

** End Of Report ***



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) V DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com

