

# **KOS Diagnostic Lab**

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mr. ANSHEJ

AGE/ GENDER : 27 YRS/MALE PATIENT ID : 366274

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012503170079

 REFERRED BY
 : 17/Mar/2025 09:45 PM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 01527302
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 17/Mar/2025 11:49PM

 CLIENT CODE.
 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
 REPORTING DATE
 : 18/Mar/2025 12:40AM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

# CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY URIC ACID

URIC ACID: SERUM 11.07<sup>H</sup> mg/dL 3.60 - 7.70

by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE

### **INTERPRETATION:**-

1.GOUT occurs when high levels of Uric Acid in the blood cause crystals to form & accumulate around a joint.

2.Uric Acid is the end product of purine metabolism. Uric acid is excreted to a large degree by the kidneys and to a smaller degree in the intestinal tract by microbial degradation.

#### INCREASED:

### (A).DUE TO INCREASED PRODUCTION:-

1. Idiopathic primary gout.

2. Excessive dietary purines (organ meats, legumes, anchovies, etc).

3. Cytolytic treatment of malignancies especially leukemais & lymphomas.

4. Polycythemai vera & myeloid metaplasia.

5.Psoriasis.

6. Sickle cell anaemia etc.

### (B).DUE TO DECREASED EXCREATION (BY KIDNEYS)

- 1. Alcohol ingestion.
- 2. Thiazide diuretics.
- 3.Lactic acidosis.
- 4. Aspirin ingestion (less than 2 grams per day ).
- 5. Diabetic ketoacidosis or starvation.
- 6. Renal failure due to any cause etc.

### **DECREASED:-**

### (A).DUE TO DIETARY DEFICIENCY

- 1. Dietary deficiency of Zinc, Iron and molybdenum.
- 2. Fanconi syndrome & Wilsons disease.
- 3. Multiple sclerosis.
- 4. Syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (SIADH) secretion & low purine diet etc.

### (B).DUE TO INCREASED EXCREATION

1.Drugs:-Probenecid, sulphinpyrazone, aspirin doses (more than 4 grams per day), corticosterroids and ACTH, anti-coagulants and estrogens etc.



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KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ELECTROLYTES COM	MPLETE PROFILE	

SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	138.1	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	4.72	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM	103.57	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0

#### **INTERPRETATION:-**

#### SODIUM:-

Sodium is the major cation of extra-cellular fluid. Its primary function in the body is to chemically maintain osmotic pressure & acid base balance & to transmit nerve impulse.

### HYPONATREMIA (LOW SODIUM LEVEL) CAUSES:-

- Low sodium intake.
- 2. Sodium loss due to diarrhea & vomiting with adequate water and iadequate salt replacement.
- 3. Diuretics abuses.
- 4. Salt loosing nephropathy.
- 5. Metabolic acidosis.
- 6. Adrenocortical issuficiency.
- 7. Hepatic failure.

### HYPERNATREMIA (INCREASED SODIUM LEVEL) CAUSES:-

- 1. Hyperapnea (Prolonged)
- 2.Diabetes insipidus
- 3. Diabetic acidosis
- 4. Cushings syndrome
- 5.Dehydration

### POTASSIUM:-

Potassium is the major cation in the intracellular fluid. 90% of potassium is concentrated within the cells. When cells are damaged, potassium is released in the blood.

### HYPOKALEMIA (LOW POTASSIUM LEVELS):-

- 1.Diarrhoea, vomiting & malabsorption.
- 2. Severe Burns.
- 3.Increased Secretions of Aldosterone

### HYPERKALEMIA (INCREASED POTASSIUM LEVELS):-

- 1.Oliguria
- 2. Renal failure or Shock
- 3. Respiratory acidosis



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Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

4.Hemolysis of blood

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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