





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	robiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. SUBEG			
AGE/ GENDER	: 9 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1795978
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503180035
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 11:28 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527337		COLLECTION DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 12:34PM
	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 12:09PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB/	ALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		HAFM	ATOLOGY	
	COMD		OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS ((RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)		12.6	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
by CALORIMETRIC	DC) COUNT	4.9.9	Millions/	2.50 5.50
RED BLOOD CELL (R. by HYDRO DYNAMIC FO	CUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.82	WIIIIONS/	'cmm 3.50 - 5.50
PACKED CELL VOLUN	ME (PCV) tomated hematology analyzer	39.2	%	35.0 - 49.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAI		81.4	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA	R HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	26 ^L	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA	TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER R HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	32	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	τοματεd hematology analyzer ΓΙΟΝ WIDTH (RDW-CV)	15.2	%	11.00 - 16.00
-	TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER TION WIDTH (RDW-SD)	46.4	fL	35.0 - 56.0
by CALCULATED BY AU	TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	10.00	DATE	
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		16.89	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0
				IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA:
GREEN & KING INDE	X	25.53	RATIO	>13.0 BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<=
by CALCULATED	<i>u</i> x	20.00	INTIO	65.0
				IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELI	LS (WBCS)			03.0
FOTAL LEUCOCYTE (7260	/cmm	4000 - 12000
NUCLEATED RED BL	OOD CELLS (nRBCS)	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
	HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL	%	< 10 %
	TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	INIL	/0	× 10 /0
by CALCOLATED BY AU				





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





Dr. Vinay Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist



Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	42 ^L	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	42	%	20 - 45
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	10 ^H	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	6	%	3 - 12
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	3049	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	3049	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	726 ^H	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	436	/cmm	80 - 880
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	MARKERS.		
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	168000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.24	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	14 ^H	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	93000 ^H	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	55.2 ^H	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	16.5	%	15.0 - 17.0





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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 01:30PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTI		. 10, hui, 2020 01.001 h	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interv	/al
WHOLE BLOOD	EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):	DSYLATED H. 5.9	AEMOGLOBIN (HBA1 %	C) 4.0 - 6.4	
ESTIMATED AVERA	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) GE PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	122.63	mg/dL	60.00 - 140.00	
-	AS PER AMERICAN	DIABETES ASSOC	IATION (ADA):		
	REFERENCE GROUP		SLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIE	3 (HBAIC) in %	
Non dia	abetic Adults >= 18 years	1	<5.7		
A	t Risk (Prediabetes)		5.7 – 6.4		
D	iagnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5		
			Age > 19 Years		
T1			s of Therapy:	< 7.0	
Therapeut	ic goals for glycemic control	Actio	ns Suggested:	>8.0	
			Age < 19 Years		
		Goa	l of therapy:	<7.5	

COMMENTS:

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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LIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REP	ORTING DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 12:29PM
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA	AD, AMBALA CANTT		
by RED CELL AGGREC NTERPRETATION: . ESR is a non-specifi nmune disease, but . An ESR can be affer s C-reactive protein	DIMENTATION RATE (ESR) GATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOM ic test because an elevated ro does not tell the health prac cted by other conditions besi	ETRY esult often indicates the p titioner exactly where the des inflammation. For this	mm/1st resence of inflammat inflammation is in th reason, the ESR is ty	hr 0 - 20





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CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE SGOT/AST: SERUM SGYT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE SGOT/SGPT RATIO by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY INTERPRETATION NOTE: To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas. INCREASED:- DRUG HEPATIOTOXICITY > 2 (Highly Suggestive) CIRRHOSIS			hopra & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012503180035 REFERRED BY : REGISTRATION DATE : 18/Mar/2025 11:28 AM BARCODE NO. : 01527337 COLLECTION DATE : 18/Mar/2025 12:34 PM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 18/Mar/2025 01:36 PM CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT : : Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference in CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY SCOT/SGPT PROFILE SCOT/SGPT PROFILE SCOT/SGPT RATIO by //cc, without pyridoxal phosphate SCOT/SGPT RATIO by //cc, without pyridoxal phosphate SCOT/SGPT RATIO by calculated, spectrophotometry INTERPETATION NOT: DIfferential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas. INTERPETATION NOT: INTERPETATION NOT: DIFferential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.	NAME	: Mr. SUBEG			
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SGPT/ALT: SERUM 36.8 U/L 0.00 - 49.00 by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE 1.02 SGOT/SGPT RATIO 1.02 by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY Image: Comparison of the complexity of the complexi	SGOT/AST: SERUM		37.7	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
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DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY> 2ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS> 2 (Highly Suggestive)CIRRHOSIS1.4 - 2.0	USE :- Differential dia	gnosis of diseases of hepatobi	liary system and pa	ancreas.	3
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS> 2 (Highly Suggestive)CIRRHOSIS1.4 - 2.0	NCREASED:-				
CIRRHOSIS 1.4 - 2.0	DRUG HEPATOTOXI	CITY		> 2	
		ris -			stive)
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS > 1.3 (Slightly Increased)				> 1.5	

DECREASED:-

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:-

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6





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KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)		(Pathology)	
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A				
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
	IMM	UNOPATHO	logy/serology	r	
	ANTI TISSUE T	TRANSGLUTA	MINASE (tTG) ANTI	BODY IgA	
ANTI TISSUE TRAN	SGLUTAMINASE	10.546	IU/mL	NEGATIVE: < 20.0	
ANTIBODY IgA				POSITIVE: > 20.0	
by ELISA (ENZYME LINI INTERPRETATION:	KED IMMUNOASSAY)				
	se antibodies (ATA) are autoanti	ibodies against th	ne transglutaminase protei	n.	
	transglutaminas are found in p rious forms of arthritis.	atients with seve	eral conditions, including co	oeliac disease, juvenile diabetes, inflammato	ry
		ction of the villo	ous extracellular matrix a	nd target the destruction of intestinal villo	us
epithelial cells by kill	er cells.			C .	
	in the intestinal epithelium pred en-sensitive enteropathy, celia			d inflammatory process following ingestion	of
wheat, rye, or barley	proteins that occurs in genetic	cally susceptible	individuals. The inflamm	ation in celiac disease occurs primarily in th	ne
	ntestine, which leads to villous a TIONS RELATED TO GASTROINTEST				
1.Abdominal pain					
2.Malabsorption 3.Diarrhea and Consti	nation				
	ION OF CELIAC DISEASE NOT REST	RICTED TO GIT:			
1.Failure to grow (dela	ayed puberty and short stature)				
2.Iron deficiency aner 3.Recurrent fetal loss	nia				
4.Osteoporosis and ch					
	stomatitis (canker sores) plasia, and dermatitis herpetifor	rmis			
			c manifestations including	ataxia and peripheral neuropathy, and are	at
	elopment of non-Hodgkin lympho		- 		
deficiency.	b associated with other clinica	al disorders inci	iuding thyroiditis, type i	diabetes mellitus, Down syndrome, and	gA
NOTE:					
				nd possibly for dermatitis herpetiformis. For the patient should undergo biopsy to confir	
the diagnosis.					
 2.If patients strictly ac therapy. 	there to a gluten-free diet, the u	nit value of IgA-a	inti-tTG should begin to de	crease within 6 to 12 months of onset of dieta	ary
CAUTION:					
	ot be solely relied upon to esta of having celiac disease and in v			uld be used to identify patients who have anded.	an
		1	1		
经历史的新闻	Bur -	Y	hopra		
	UNT	-			

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

V DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & Mi Chairman & Consult	crobiology) MI	m Chopra D (Pathology) nt Pathologist
NAME	: Mr. SUBEG		
AGE/ GENDER	: 9 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1795978
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503180035
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 11:28 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527337	COLLECTION DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 12:34PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 19/Mar/2025 08:00AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	BALA CANTT	
Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interva

2.Affected individuals who have been on a gluten-free diet prior to testing may have a negative result.

3. For individuals who test negative, IgA deficiency should be considered. If total IgA is normal and tissue transglutaminase (tTG)-IgA is negative

there is a low probability of the patient having celiac disease and a biopsy may not be necessary. 4.If serology is negative or there is substantial clinical doubt remaining, then further investigation should be performed with endoscopy and bowel biopsy. This is especially important in patients with frank malabsorptive symptoms since many syndromes can mimic celiac disease. For the patient with frank malabsorptive symptoms, bowel biopsy should be performed regardless of serologic test results.

5. The antibody pattern in dermatitis herpetiformis may be more variable than in celiac disease; therefore, both endomysial and tTG antibody determinations are recommended to maximize the sensitivity of the serologic tests.



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	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugarı MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
IAME	: Mr. SUBEG			
AGE/ GENDER	: 9 YRS/MALE	P	ATIENT ID	: 1795978
COLLECTED BY	:	F	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503180035
REFERRED BY	:	F	EGISTRATION DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 11:28 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527337	C	OLLECTION DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 12:34PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	F	EPORTING DATE	: 18/Mar/2025 01:36PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT		
Fest Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		C-REACTIVE P	ROTEIN (CRP)	
C-REACTIVE PROTE	EIN (CRP) QUANTITATIVE:	4.96	mg/L	0.0 - 6.0

3. CRP levels (Quantitative) has been used to assess activity of inflammatory disease, to detect infections after surgery, to detect transplant

4. As compared to ESR, CRP shows an earlier rise in inflammatory disorders which begins in 4-6 hrs, the intensity of the rise being higher than ESR and the recovery being earlier than ESR. Unlike ESR, CRP levels are not influenced by hematologic conditions like Anemia, Polycythemia etc.,
5. Elevated values are consistent with an acute inflammatory process. NOTE:

1. Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP) values are nonspecific and should not be interpreted without a complete clinical history.

Oral contraceptives may increase CRP levels.

*** End Of Report ***





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