



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	y & Microbiology) MD (Pathology)		Pathology)	
NAME	: Miss. UDITA JAIN				
AGE/ GENDER	: 23 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID REG. NO./LAB NO. LUB (AMBALA CANTT) REGISTRATION DATE COLLECTION DATE		: 1797340 : 012503190018 : 19/Mar/2025 09:58 AM	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH				
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBA)				
BARCODE NO.	: 01527379			: 19/Mar/2025 10:31AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPO	RTING DATE	: 19/Mar/2025 11:09AM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB.	ALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
tissues back to the lu		50	n the lungs to the boo	dys tissues and returns carbon dioxide from t	
ANEMIA (DÉCRESED H 1) Loss of blood (trau 2) Nutritional deficien 3) Bone marrow prob 4) Suppression by rec 5) Kidney failure 6) Abnormal hemoglo POLYCYTHEMIA (INCR 1) People in higher al 2) Smoking (Secondar	IAEMOGLOBIN): matic injury, surgery, bleeding, colon ncy (iron, vitamin B12, folate) lems (replacement of bone marrow by I blood cell synthesis by chemotherap obin structure (sickle cell anemia or th EASED HAEMOGLOBIN): titudes (Physiological)	cancer or stomach y cancer) by drugs halassemia).			
4) Advanced lung dise5) Certain tumors6) A disorder of the b7) Abuse of the drug e	ease (for example, emphysema) one marrow known as polycythemia r	ubra vera,		amount of oxygen available to the body by	

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD





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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	obiology)	Dr. Yugam C MD (Pat CEO & Consultant Pat	hology)	
NAME	: Miss. UDITA JAIN				
AGE/ GENDER	: 23 YRS/FEMALE	PATIEN	TID :	1797340	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO)./LAB NO. :	012503190018	
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBAI	LA CANTT) REGIST	RATION DATE :	19/Mar/2025 09:58 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: 01527379	COLLEG	TION DATE :	19/Mar/2025 10:31AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPOR	TING DATE :	19/Mar/2025 12:22PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB/	ALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference	ce interval
	THYRO	ENDOCRINO			
TRIIODOTHYRONI	NE (T3): SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	1.125	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93	
THYROXINE (T4): S	ERUM ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	9.31	µgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60	
	TING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	8.858 ^H	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50	
3rd GENERATION, ULT	RASENSITIVE				
day has influence on the triiodothyronine (T3).Fai	circadian variation, reaching peak levels betwee measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stim lure at any level of regulation of the hypotha roidism) of T4 and/or T3.	nulates the production a	nd secretion of the metab	olically active hormones, thyroxine	e (T4)and
1 1 1 3		T4		TSH	
CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	14		130	

CLINICAL CONDITION	13	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		INE (T4)	THYROID STIMU	THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)	
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3	
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00	
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40	
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	





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Test Name			Value Unit		t	Biological Reference interval
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87- 13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECON	IMENDATIONS OF TSH LI	EVELS DURING PRE	GNANCY (µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50		
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)





TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

		gy & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
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LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON RO	AD, AMBALA CANTT	·	
Fest Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	T		CAMINS	
			YDROXY VITAMIN D	
	DROXY VITAMIN D3): SEF escence immunoassay)	2UM 31.5	ng/mL	DEFICIENCY: < 20.0 INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0 TOXICITY: > 100.0
NTERPRETATION:				
	CIENT: FICIENT:	< 20 21 - 29		j/mL j/mL
	ED RANGE:	30 - 100		j/mL
2.25-OHVitamin D r issue and tightly bou Vitamin D plays a p	und by a transport protein w primary role in the maintena ion, skeletal calcium deposi	evoir and transport f hile in circulation. nce of calcium home ion, calcium mobiliza	orm of Vitamin D and trans ostatis. It promotes calciun ation, mainly regulated by p	port form of Vitamin D, being stored in adipose absorption, renal calcium absorption and arathyroid harmone (PTH).
phosphate reabsorpt 4.Severe deficiency n DECREASED: 1.Lack of sunshine ex 2.Inadequate intake, 3.Depressed Hepatic 4.Secondary to advar 5.Osteoporosis and S 6.Enzyme Inducing di INCREASED: 1. Hypervitaminosis I severe hypercalcemia CAUTION: Replaceme hypervitaminosis D	posure. malabsorption (celiac disea Vitamin D 25- hvdroxylase a neced Liver disease econdary Hyperparathroidis rugs: anti-epileptic drugs like D is Rare, and is seen only af a and hyperphophatemia. ent therapy in deficient indiv <i>individuals as compare to wh</i>	ctivity m (Mild to Moderate phenytoin, phenoba er prolonged exposu duals must be monit	e deficiency) arbital and carbamazepine, ire to extremely high doses ored by periodic assessmen	ickets in children and osteomalacia in adults. that increases Vitamin D metabolism. of Vitamin D. When it occurs, it can result in t of Vitamin D levels in order to prevent <i>iency due to excess of melanin pigment which</i>



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
	SED VITAMIN B12		DECREASED VITAMIN	B12	
1.Ingestion of Vitar			1.Pregnancy		
2.Ingestion of Estro	gen		n, Anti-convulsants,	Colchicine	
3.Ingestion of Vitar		3.Ethanol Igest			
4.Hepatocellular ir		4. Contraceptiv			
5.Myeloproliferativ	e disorder	5.Haemodialys			
6.Uremia	lamin) is necessary for hemato	6. Multiple Mye			
	tained only from animal protei	nically reabsorbing vitamir	B12 from the ileum	and returning it to the liver; very little is	

*** End Of Report ***





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