

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	obiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. RAKHI SHARMA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 40 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1800261
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503210030
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Mar/2025 10:45 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527495		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Mar/2025 11:22AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Mar/2025 11:23AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB.	ALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interv
	SWAST	HYA WE	LLNESS PANEL: 1.0)
	COMP	PLETE BL	OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS	S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (H	B)	11.9 ^L	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
by CALORIMETRIC RED BLOOD CELL ((RBC) COUNT	4.41	Millions/	/cmm 3.50 - 5.00
by HYDRO DYNAMIC F	OCUŚING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			
PACKED CELL VOL	UME (PUV) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	37.3	%	37.0 - 50.0
	AR VOLUME (MCV) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	84.5	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	27	pg	27.0 - 34.0
	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	31.9 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
by CALCULATED BY A	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
	UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	15	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIB	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD)	47.7	fL	35.0 - 56.0
by CALCULATED BY A	NUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	19.16	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAII
by CALCULATED				13.0
				IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA >13.0
GREEN & KING INI	DEX	28.76	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAII
by CALCULATED				65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA
				65.0
WHITE BLOOD CE				
FOTAL LEUCOCYTH	E COUNT (TLC) Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	8090	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED E	BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS)	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
,	RT HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) %	NIL	%	< 10 %
	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER		70	× 10 /0





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	65	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	28	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	3	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	4	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	5259	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2265	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	243	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	324	/cmm	80 - 880
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	MARKERS.		
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	338000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	0.35	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	10	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	97000 ^H	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	28.8	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by Hydro Dynamic focusing, electrical impedence NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	16.1	%	15.0 - 17.0



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Fest Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ERYTHR	OCYTE SEDIME	NTATION RATE (ESR)
RYTHROCYTE SE	DIMENTATION RATE (ESR)	31 ^H	mm/1st	
ystemic lupus eryth CONDITION WITH LO A low ESR can be see polycythaemia), sign s sickle cells in sick VOTE: . ESR and C - reactiv 2. Generally, ESR doe 8. CRP is not affected b. If the ESR is elevat 5. Women tend to ha b. Drugs such as dexi	ematosus W ESR In with conditions that inhibit the ifficantly high white blood cell co le cell anaemia) also lower the E e protein (C-RP) are both marker is not change as rapidly as does (by as many other factors as is ES ed, it is typically a result of two t ive a higher ESR, and menstruatic	e normal sedimentation ount (leucocytosis), s SR. s of inflammation. CRP, either at the sta R, making it a better ypes of proteins, glo on and pregnancy car	on of red blood cells, s and some protein abno rt of inflammation or a marker of inflammation bulins or fibrinogen.	n.





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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
Test Name	PROTH		Unit STUDIES (PT/IN	
)			
PT TEST (PATIENT by photo optical c) CLOT DETECTION	IROMBIN TIME	STUDIES (PT/IN	R)
PT TEST (PATIENT by photo optical c PT (CONTROL) by photo optical c	CLOT DETECTION	IROMBIN TIME 12.2	STUDIES (PT/IN SECS	R)
PT TEST (PATIENT by photo optical c PT (CONTROL) by photo optical c ISI by photo optical c	CLOT DETECTION CLOT DETECTION CLOT DETECTION NORMALISED RATIO (INR)	IROMBIN TIME 12.2 12	STUDIES (PT/IN SECS	R)

INTERPRETATION:-

1.INR is the parameter of choice in monitoring adequacy of oral anti-coagulant therapy. Appropriate therapeutic range varies with the disease and treatment intensity.

2. Prolonged INR suggests potential bleeding disorder /bleeding complications

3. Results should be clinically correlated.

4. Test conducted on Citrated Plasma

RECOMMENDED THERAPEUTIC RANGE FOR ORAL ANTI-COA		INTERNATIONAL NORMALIZED RAT (INR)	
Treatment of venous thrombosis			
Treatment of pulmonary embolism			
Prevention of systemic embolism in tissue heart valves			
Valvular heart disease	Low Intensity		2.0 - 3.0
Acute myocardial infarction			
Atrial fibrillation			
Bileaflet mechanical valve in aortic position			
Recurrent embolism			
Mechanical heart valve	High Intensity		2.5 - 3.5
Antiphospholipid antibodies ⁺			
COMMENTS:			





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

The prothrombin time (PT) and its derived measures of prothrombin ratio (PR) and international normalized ratio (INR) are measures of the efficacy of the extrinsic pathway of coagulation. PT test reflects the adequacy of factors I (fibrinogen), II (prothrombin), V, VII, and X. It is used in conjunction with the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) which measures the intrinsic pathway. The common causes of prolonged prothrombin time are :

1.Oral Anticoagulant therapy.

2.Liver disease.

3.Vit K. deficiency.

4.Disseminated intra vascular coagulation.

5.Factor 5, 7, 10 or Prothrombin dificiency



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		Chopra y & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD (i CEO & Consultant F	Pathology)
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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	CLIN	ICAL CHEMISTRY	BIOCHEMIST	RY
		GLUCOSE FAST	TING (F)	
CITICOSE EVELINO	G (F): PLASMA SE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	100.96 ^H	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHO	ISON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	I IPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOTAL: SERUM	234.03 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE PAP	234.03**	ilig/ uL	BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 -
			239.0
			HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: SERUM	102.9	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0
by GLYCEROL PHOSPHATE OXIDASE (ENZ	YMATIC)	0	BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 -
			199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0
			VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROL (DIRECT): SERU	JM 43.38	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0
by SELECTIVE INHIBITION			BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0
			HIGH HDL: $> OR = 60.0$
LDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM	170.07 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 -
			159.0
			HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0
NON HDI CHOI ESTEDOL SEDUM	100 or H	mg/dL	VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0 OPTIMAL: < 130.0
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	190.65 ^H	iiig/ uL	ABOVE OPTIMAL: < 130.0 - 159.0
			BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 -
			189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0
			VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM	20.58	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TOTAL LIPIDS: SERUM	570.96	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		0	
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0
			HIGH RISK: > 11.0
		1	
	e	Juopra	

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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		3.92 ^H	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	IDL RATIO: SERUM	2.37 ^L	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Dr. Vinay Chopra Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mrs. RAKHI SHARMA **AGE/ GENDER** : 40 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1800261 **COLLECTED BY** :012503210030 REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** : 21/Mar/2025 10:45 AM : **BARCODE NO.** :01527495 **COLLECTION DATE** : 21/Mar/2025 11:22AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** :21/Mar/2025 12:16PM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** Test Name LIVER FUNCTION TEST (COMPLETE) BILIRUBIN TOTAL: SERUM 0.33 mg/dL INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 by DIAZOTIZATION, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20 0.09 mg/dL 0.00 - 0.40 BILIRUBIN DIRECT (CONJUGATED): SERUM by DIAZO MODIFIED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY BILIRUBIN INDIRECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM 0.24 mg/dL 0.10 - 1.00 by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY SGOT/AST: SERUM 22.3U/L 7.00 - 45.00 by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE U/L 0.00 - 49.00 SGPT/ALT: SERUM 26.8

by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE			
AST/ALT RATIO: SERUM	0.83	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: SERUM	74.78	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
by PARA NITROPHENYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL PROPANOL	11.10	0/1	10.0 100.0
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM by SZASZ, SPECTROPHTOMETRY	17.66	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: SERUM by BIURET, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	7.82	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM	4.41	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.41	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUM	1.29	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)





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|--|

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:	

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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	KIDNE	Y FUNCTION	TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAM	IATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	21.94	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERU	JM	1.02	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
	OGEN (BUN): SERUM	10.25	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
-	ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	10.05	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			
UREA/CREATININ by CALCULATED, SPE		21.51	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDAS		4.17	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPE		9.1	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: SE		2.8	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES				
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV	(FELECTRODE)	139.8	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERU	M	4.25	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM	[104.85	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
	IERULAR FILTERATION RATE			
ESTIMATED GLOM (eGFR): SERUM by calculated INTERPRETATION:	ERULAR FILTERATION RATE	71.3		

INTERPRETATION:

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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	Dr. Vinay ChopraDr. Yugam ChopraMD (Pathology & Microbiology)MD (Pathology)Chairman & Consultant PathologistCEO & Consultant Pathologist		D (Pathology)	
NAME	: Mrs. RAKHI SHARMA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 40 YRS/FEMALE	PAT	FIENT ID	: 1800261
COLLECTED BY	:	REG	G. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503210030
REFERRED BY		REC	GISTRATION DATE	: 21/Mar/2025 10:45 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527495		LECTION DATE	: 21/Mar/2025 11:22AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		PORTING DATE	: 21/Mar/2025 12:17PM
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAI), AMBALA CAN I I		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interv
9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine pro- tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATINII a (BUN rises disproportionately	VE LEVELS: more than creatinine)	(e.g. obstructive urop	pathy).
9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver diseas 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis 6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin thera	ass (subnormal creatinine pro- tetracycline, glucocorticoids) (0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATINI (BUN rises disproportionately superimposed on renal disease (0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine dif monemias (urea is virtually ab of inappropiate antidiuretic har (0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATIN py (accelerates conversion of c eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. :	VE LEVELS: more than creatinine) ifuses out of extracellul sent in blood). mone) due to tubular se increase in creatinine). increase in creatinine w measurement). inction SFR GFR 60 in GFR 30	ar fluid). ecretion of urea. /ith certain methodo iin/1.73m2) A 90 90 I 90 I -89 -59	logies,resulting in normal ratio when dehyd
9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet an 3. Severe liver diseas 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERI G1 G2 G3a	ass (subnormal creatinine pro- tetracycline, glucocorticoids) (0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATINI (BUN rises disproportionately superimposed on renal disease (0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. furea rather than creatinine dif monemias (urea is virtually ab of inappropiate antidiuretic har (urea rather than creatinine dif monemias (urea is virtually ab of inappropiate antidiuretic har (0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATIN py (accelerates conversion of c eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney fur Kidney damage v normal or high (Mild decrease in	VE LEVELS: more than creatinine) fuses out of extracellul sent in blood). mone) due to tubular se INE: reatine to creatinine). increase in creatinine w measurement). GFR GFR GFR GFR GFR GFR GFR GFR GFR More than creatinine w	ar fluid). ecretion of urea. /ith certain methodo iin/1.73m2) A 90 I 90 I 90 Al	logies,resulting in normal ratio when dehyd SSOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria Presence of Protein ,



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	BALA CANTT	
Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval

IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

HEPATITIS C VIRUS (HCV) ANTIBODIES SCREENING

HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY (HCV) TOTAL RESULT

NON - REACTIVE

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:

1.Anti HCV total antibody assay identifies presence IgG antibodies in the serum . It is a useful screening test with a specificity of nearly 99%. 2.It becomes positive approximately 24 weeks after exposure. The test can not isolate an active ongoing HCV infection from an old infection that has been cleared. All positive results must be confirmed for active disease by an HCV PCR test . FALSE NEGATIVE RESULTS SEEN IN:

1.Window period

2.Immunocompromised states.





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Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval
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	MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology) M	D (Pathology)
	Dr. Vinay Cho	opra 📔 Dr. Yuga	m Chopra

ANTI HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV) ANTIBODIES HIV (1 & 2) SCREENING

HIV 1/2 AND P24 ANTIGEN RESULT by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY NON - REACTIVE

INTERPRETATION:-

1.AIDS is caused by at least 2 known types of HIV viruses, HIV-1 and HIV HIV-2.

2. This NACO approved immuno-chromatographic solid phase ELISA assay detects antibodies against both HIV-1 and HIV-2 viruses.

3. The test is used for routine serologic screening of patients at risk for HIV-1 or HIV-2 infection.

4.All screening ELISA assays for HIV antibody detection have high sensitivity but have low specificity.

5.At this laboratory, all positive samples are cross checked for positivity with two alternate assays prior to reporting.

NOTE:-

1. Confirmatory testing by Western blot is recommended for patients who are reactive for HIV by this assay.

2. Antibodies against HIV-1 and HIV-2 are usually not detectable until 6 to 12 weeks following exposure (window period) and are almost always detectable by 12 months.

3. The test is not recommended for children born to HIV infected mothers till the child turns two years old (as HIV antibodies may be transmitted passively to the child trans-placentally).

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULT SEEN IN:

1. Window period

2.Severe immuno-suppression including advanced AIDS.





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Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg) SCREENING

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg)

NON REACTIVE

RESULT

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:-

1.HBsAG is the first serological marker of HBV infection to appear in the blood (approximately 30-60 days after infection and prior to the onset of clinical disease). It is also the last viral protein to disappear from blood and usually disappears by three months after infection in self limiting acute Hepatitis B viral infection.

2.Persistence of HBsAg in blood for more than six months implies chronic infection. It is the most common marker used for diagnosis of an acute Hepatitis B infection but has very limited role in assessing patients suffering from chronic hepatitis.

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULT SEEN IN:

1. Window period.

2.Infection with HBsAg mutant strains

3. Hepatitis B Surface antigen (HBsAg) is the earliest indicator of HBV infection. Usually it appears in 27 - 41 days (as early as 14 days).

4.Appears 7 - 26 days before biochemical abnormalities. Peaks as ALT rises. Persists during the acute illness. Usually disappears 12- 20 weeks after the onset of symptoms / laboratory abnormalities in 90% of cases.

5.Is the most reliable serologic marker of HBV infection. Persistence > 6 months defines carrier state. May also be found in chronic infection. Hepatitis B vaccination does not cause a positive HBsAg. Titers are not of clinical value.

NOTE:-

1.All reactive HBsAG Should be reconfirmed with neutralization test(HBsAg confirmatory test).

2.Anti - HAV IgM appears at the same time as symptoms in > 99% of cases, peaks within the first month, becomes nondetectable in 12 months (usually 6 months). Presence confirms diagnosis of recent acute infection.





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		VDRL		
VDRL		NON REACTIVE		NON REACTIVE
by IMMUNOCHROMAT	OGRAPHY			
<u>INTERPRETATION:</u> 1.Does not become r	oositive until 7 - 10 days after a	opearance of chancre.		
2.High titer (>1:16) -	active disease.			
	iological falsepositive test in 90 ary syphillis causes progressive			
5.Rising titer (4X) ind	icates relapse, reinfection, or tr	eatment failure and need for	retreatment.	
	e in early primary, late latent, a ly reactive tests should always l			amal antibady absorptiontast)
	-		•	ental antibody absorptiontest).
	OSITIVE TEST RESULTS (<6 MON s (e.g., hepatitis, measles, infe		N:	
	hlamydia; Malaria infection.			
3.Some immunization	ns			
4.Pregnancy (rare)				
	SITIVE TEST RESULTS (>6 MONT			
1.Serious underlying 2.Intravenous drug u	disease e.g., collagen vascular	diseases, leprosy ,malignan	cy.	
3.Rheumatoid arthrit	tis, thyroiditis, AIDS, Sjogren's s	yndrome.		
•	lder thanage 70 years.			
5.Patients taking som	ne anti-hypertensive drugs.			

5.Patients taking some anti-hypertensive drugs.





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NAME : Mrs. RAKHI SHARMA			
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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	CLINICAL PATHO	IOCV	
	E ROUTINE & MICROSCO		ATION
	E RUUTINE & MICKUSCUI	PIC EXAMIN	ATION
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	10		
QUANTITY RECIEVED by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR	10 Y	ml	
COLOUR	AMBER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR TRANSPARANCY	CLEAR		CLEAR
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR	Y		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR	<=1.005		1.002 - 1.030
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION	ACIDIC		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR PROTEIN			NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR	Negative Y		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR pH	<=5.0		5.0 - 7.5
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR			
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR	Negative Y		NEGATIVE (-ve)
NITRITE	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR UROBILINOGEN	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR KETONE BODIES	Y Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR	Y		
BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
ASCORBIC ACID	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs)	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3
KPA PLOOD OFFER (KDC2)	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/ 115 F	0-5

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Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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			biological kelerence interval
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	1-3	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	2-4	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

** End Of Report ***



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