



	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microt Chairman & Consultant			(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. RAJEEV GAUTAM			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1805245
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503250021
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 25/Mar/2025 09:51 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527719		COLLECTION DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 09:55AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 10:40AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBAL	A CANTT.		
Test Name	T I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	alue	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	SWASTH	YA WE	LLNESS PANEL: (	Ç.
			OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELI	S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (H	B)	13.3	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL	(RBC) COUNT	4.35	Millions/	/cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOI	LUME (PCV)	40.9	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCUI	JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER AR VOLUME (MCV)	93.9	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCUI	JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	30.5	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCUI	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER LAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	32.4	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
-	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER BUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	14.2	%	11.00 - 16.00
-	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER BUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD)	50	fL	35.0 - 56.0
by CALCULATED BY A	JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		21.59	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAI 13.0
.,				IS.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA
				>13.0
GREEN & KING IN by CALCULATED	DEX	30.58	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAF <= 65.0
.,				<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA
				65.0
WHITE BLOOD CI	ELLS (WBCS)			
FOTAL LEUCOCYT by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Έ COUNT (TLC) by sf cube & microscopy	5840	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED I	BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) T HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
by AUTOMATED 6 PAR				



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
•	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			
<u>DIFFERENTIAL L</u>	<u>EUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)</u>			
NEUTROPHILS		$42^{L}$	%	50 - 70
•	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			22.10
LYMPHOCYTES	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	49 <sup>H</sup>	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS		1	%	1 - 6
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1	70	1 0
MONOCYTES	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	8	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS	T BT SF COBE & MICROSCOFT	0	%	0 - 1
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	ů	70	0 1
ABSOLUTE LEUK	OCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUT	ROPHIL COUNT	2453	/cmm	2000 - 7500
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
ABSOLUTE LYMP		2862	/cmm	800 - 4900
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	50	,	10 110
ABSOLUTE EOSIN	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	58	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONC		467	/cmm	80 - 880
by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
PLATELETS AND	OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIV	VE MARKERS.		
PLATELET COUN	T (PLT) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	216000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (I	,	0.24	%	0.10 - 0.36
	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.2.	,,,	
MEAN PLATELET		11	fL	6.50 - 12.0
	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	77000		20000 00000
	E CELL COUNT (P-LCC) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	77000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
	E CELL RATIO (P-LCR)	35.6	%	11.0 - 45.0
	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	55.0	70	
	IBUTION WIDTH (PDW)	16.4	%	15.0 - 17.0
	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			
NOTE: TEST CONDU	JCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			



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Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>





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BARCODE NO.	:01527719		COLLECTION DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 09:55AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 01:58PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT		
	. 00 10/ 1, 1011015010 10115, 11			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO. ESTIMATED AVER.	AEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) AGE PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	<b>6.5<sup>H</sup></b> 139.85	% mg/dL	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
	AS PER AMERICAN D	IABETES ASSOCI	ATION (ADA):	
REFERENCE GROUP		GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB		(HBAIC) in %
	abetic Adults >= 18 years	/	<5.7	
	t Risk (Prediabetes)		5.7 - 6.4	
D	iagnosing Diabetes	-	>= 6.5 Age > 19 Years	
			of Therapy:	< 7.0
Therapeut	ic goals for glycemic control	Action	ns Suggested:	>8.0
			Age < 19 Years	
			of therapy:	<7.5

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

4. High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5. Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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BARCODE NO.	:01527719			COLLECTION DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 09:55AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOS	STIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 11:27AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICH	OLSON ROAD, AM	BALA CANTT		
Test Name			Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
		ERYTHROC	YTE SEDI	MENTATION RATE	(ESR)
ERYTHROCYTE S by RED CELL AGGRE			22 <sup>H</sup>	mm/1st h	0 - 20
immune disease, but	does not tell the cted by other cor	health practitioner	exactly where	e the inflammation is in the	on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. ically used in conjunction with other test such
systemic lupus eryth CONDITION WITH LO A low ESR can be see (polycythaemia), sign as sickle cells in sick NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactiv	ematosus W ESR n with conditions nificantly high wh e cell anaemia) a e protein (C-RP) a	that inhibit the no ite blood cell coun lso lower the ESR. re both markers of	ormal sedimen t (leucocytosis inflammation.	tation of red blood cells, su ) , and some protein abnor	oove diseases as well as some others, such as ich as a high red blood cell count malities. Some changes in red cell shape (such
<ol> <li>CRP is not affected</li> <li>If the ESR is elevat</li> <li>Women tend to hat</li> </ol>	by as many other ed, it is typically a ve a higher ESR, a ran, methyldopa,	a result of two type and menstruation a oral contraceptive	naking it a bet s of proteins, nd pregnancy	start of inflammation or as ter marker of inflammation globulins or fibrinogen. can cause temporary eleval ne procainamide, theophyl	

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)





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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REP	PORTING DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 01:52PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD	, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
		BLEEDING T	TIME (BT)	
BLEEDING TIME (	BT)	2 MIN 35 SEC	C MINS	1 - 5

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<b>REFERRED BY</b> : BARCODE NO. : 01				: 012503250021
BARCODE NO. : 01	527719	REGISTR	ATION DATE	
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CLIENT ADDRESS : 63	49/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
		CLOTTING TIME	(CT)	
CLOTTING TIME (CT) by CAPILLARY TUBE METHO	D	6 MIN 50 SEC	MINS	4 - 9



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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	PROTHI	ROMBIN T	IME STUDIES (PT/IN	IR)
PT TEST (PATIEN	T)	ROMBIN T	IME STUDIES (PT/IN SECS	I <b>R</b> ) 11.5 - 14.5
by PHOTO OPTICAL C	T) LOT DETECTION			
by PHOTO OPTICAL C PT (CONTROL) by PHOTO OPTICAL C	T) SLOT DETECTION SLOT DETECTION	11.9	SECS	
PT (CONTROL) by PHOTO OPTICAL C ISI by PHOTO OPTICAL C	T) SLOT DETECTION SLOT DETECTION SLOT DETECTION NORMALISED RATIO (INR)	11.9 12	SECS	

## **INTERPRETATION:-**

1.INR is the parameter of choice in monitoring adequacy of oral anti-coagulant therapy. Appropriate therapeutic range varies with the disease and treatment intensity.

2. Prolonged INR suggests potential bleeding disorder /bleeding complications

3. Results should be clinically correlated.

4. Test conducted on Citrated Plasma

RECOMMENDED THERAPEUTIC RANGE FOR	ORAL ANTI-CO	AGULANT THE	RAPY (INR)
INDICATION		INTERNATIO	NAL NORMALIZED RATIO (INR)
Treatment of venous thrombosis			
Treatment of pulmonary embolism			
Prevention of systemic embolism in tissue heart valves			
Valvular heart disease	Low Intensity		2.0 - 3.0
Acute myocardial infarction			
Atrial fibrillation			
Bileaflet mechanical valve in aortic position			
Recurrent embolism			
Mechanical heart valve	High Intensity		2.5 - 3.5
Antiphospholipid antibodies <sup>+</sup>			
COMMENTS:	<u>.</u>		

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			<u>/</u>
Test Name		Value Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>

The prothrombin time (PT) and its derived measures of prothrombin ratio (PR) and international normalized ratio (INR) are measures of the efficacy of the extrinsic pathway of coagulation. PT test reflects the adequacy of factors I (fibrinogen), II (prothrombin), V, VII, and X. It is used in conjunction with the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) which measures the intrinsic pathway. The common causes of prolonged prothrombin time are :

1.Oral Anticoagulant therapy.

2.Liver disease.

3.Vit K. deficiency.

4. Disseminated intra vascular coagulation.

5.Factor 5, 7, 10 or Prothrombin dificiency



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VAME       : Mr. RAJEEV GAUTAM         AGE/ GENDER       : 70 YRS/MALE       PATIENT ID       : 1805245         COLLECTED BY       : SURJESH       REG. NO./LAB NO.       : 012503250021         REFERRED BY       :       REGISTRATION DATE       : 25/Mar/2025 09:51 AM         BARCODE NO.       : 01527719       COLLECTION DATE       : 25/Mar/2025 09:55AM         CLIENT CODE.       : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB       REPORTING DATE       : 25/Mar/2025 01:16PM         CLIENT ADDRESS       : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT       : 25/Mar/2025 01:16PM         CLIENT ADDRESS         : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT         CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)       110,54 <sup>H</sup> mg/dL       NORMAL: < 100.0         by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)       PREDIABETIC: 100,0 - 125.0       DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0         INTERPRETATION         NACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:         1. A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered an glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.<	GE/ GENDER       : 70 YRS/MALE       PATIENT ID       : 1805245         OLLECTED BY       : SURJESH       REG. NO./LAB NO.       : 012503250021         EFERRED BY       :       REGISTRATION DATE       : 25/Mar/2025 09:51 AM         ARCODE NO.       : 01527719       COLLECTION DATE       : 25/Mar/2025 09:55 AM         LIENT CODE.       : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB       REPORTING DATE       : 25/Mar/2025 09:55 AM         LIENT ADDRESS       : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT       : 25/Mar/2025 01:16 PM         CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY         GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA         bluccose FASTING (F):         SUCCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:         A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered an ormal.         A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood ast (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.			C <b>hopra</b> y & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologist		(Pathology)	
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Client ADDRESS       : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT         Fest Name       Value       Unit       Biological Reference interval         CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY       Clinical Reference interval         CLUCOSE FASTING (F):       Clinical CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):       PLASMA       110.54 <sup>H</sup> mg/dL       NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0         NTERPRETATION       NACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINESE:       A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.       A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.         A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood est (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.       A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.	LIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Fest Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY GLUCOSE FASTING (F): SLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA 110.54 <sup>H</sup> mg/dL NORMAL: < 100.0 preDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0 VIERPRETATION V ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES: . A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal. . A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal. . A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal. . A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal. . A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal. . A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is considered and post-prandial blood est (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. . A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is ungestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all strongly recommended for all such patients.	ARCODE NO.	:01527719		COLLECTION DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 09:55AM	
Test Name       Value       Unit       Biological Reference interval         CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         MID. MORMAL: < 100.0	Test Name       Value       Unit       Biological Reference interval         CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         SLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA         by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)         Into.54 <sup>H</sup> mg/dL       NORMAL: < 100.0	LIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 25/Mar/2025 01:16PM	
CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY         GLUCOSE FASTING (F)         SLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA         by GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         SLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA         by GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         SLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA         by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)         Mg/dL         NORMAL: < 100.0         PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0         DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0         NTERPRETATION         NACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:         A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.         A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood est (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.         A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for	CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         SLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA         by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)         MEDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0         DIABETIC: 00.0 - 125.0         DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0         WERPRETATION         NACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:         A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.         A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.         A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood est (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.         A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.	LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA	D, AMBALA CANTT			
GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA         by GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA         by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)         110.54 <sup>H</sup> mg/dL       NORMAL: < 100.0	GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         GLUCOSE FASTING (F):         SLUCOSE FASTING (F):         by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)         110.54 <sup>H</sup> mg/dL       NORMAL: < 100.0	Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>	
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		A ACCORDANCE WIT	TH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCI Jlucose level below 100 mg/dl Jlucose level between 100 - 12 Jon of 75 gms of glucose) is rec	ATION GUIDELINES: is considered norma 5 mg/dl is considere commended for all si	al. ed as glucose intolerant or uch patients.	prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood	
		. A fasting plasma c est (after consumpt . A fasting plasma c uch patients. A fast	lucose level of above 125 mg/ ing plasma glucose level in exc	al is highly suggestiv cess of 125 mg/dl on	both occasions is confirm	at post-prandial is strongly recommended for a atory for diabetic state.	
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KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







		<b>hopra</b> & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. RAJEEV GAUTAM			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1805245
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503250021
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 25/Mar/2025 09:51 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01527719		COLLECTION DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 09:55AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 25/Mar/2025 01:10PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD	), AMBALA CANTI	2	
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO	TAL: SERUM	170.63	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL OX	IDASE PAP		C	BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 -
				239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR =
				240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S		149.11	mg/dL	<b>OPTIMAL</b> : < 150.0
by GLYCEROL PHOSP	HATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)			BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0
				HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0
				VERY HIGH: $> OR = 500.0$
HDL CHOLESTERC by SELECTIVE INHIBITI	DL (DIRECT): SERUM	44.03	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0
by SELECTIVE INTIBITI				BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0
				HIGH HDL: $> OR = 60.0$
LDL CHOLESTERO		96.78	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0
by CALCULATED, SPE	CIROPHOTOMETRY			ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 -
				159.0
				HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0
NON HDL CHOLES	TEROL · SERUM	126.6	mg/dL	VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0 OPTIMAL: < 130.0
by CALCULATED, SPE		120.0	ing/uL	ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0
				BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 -
				189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0
				VERY HIGH: $> OR = 220.0$
VLDL CHOLESTER		29.82	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
by CALCULATED, SPECTOTAL LIPIDS: SEI		490.37	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
	CTROPHOTOMETRY			
-	DL RATIO: SERUM	3.88	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







		Chopra & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugan MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. RAJEEV GAUTAM			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PA	TIENT ID	: 1805245
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAI	D, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
				MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		2.2	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	HDL RATIO: SERUM	3.39	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

## INTERPRETATION:

1.Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol. 2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Cow HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	obiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. RAJEEV GAUTAM			
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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	LIVER F	UNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE	)
BILIRUBIN TOTAL by DIAZOTIZATION, SI	L: SERUM PECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.35	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	T (CONJUGATED): SERUM SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.12	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRI by CALCULATED, SPE	ECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.23	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUN by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	Л /RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	22.9	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUN by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	I (RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	21.6	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE	-	1.06	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSP by Para Nitrophen propanol	HATASE: SERUM YL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	86.58	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAM by SZASZ, SPECTRO	IYL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM Phtometry	1 27.65	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS by BIURET, SPECTRO		7.58	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G		3.74	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPE	M	3.84 <sup>H</sup>	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERU	JM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.97 <sup>L</sup>	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

INTERPRETATION NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

## **INCREASED:**

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5





**DR.VINAY CHOPRA** CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

Page 13 of 17





	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & Mi Chairman & Consult	crobiology)	Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) Insultant Pathologist	
NAME	: Mr. RAJEEV GAUTAM			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 180524	45
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	:01250	)3250021
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION D</b>	<b>ATE</b> : 25/Ma	r/2025 09:51 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527719	COLLECTION DAT	E : 25/Ma	r/2025 09:55AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DAT	E : 25/Ma	r/2025 01:10PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	BALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value Un	it	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
HEPATOCELLULAR C	ARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Sligh	ntly Increased)	

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6

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	<b>Dr. Vinay Chop</b> MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consul	licrobiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. RAJEEV GAUTAM			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1805245
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503250021
REFERRED BY	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 25/Mar/2025 09:51 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527719		<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 25/Mar/2025 09:55AM
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	ABALA CANTI	ſ	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	KIDNE	Y FUNCTIO	ON TEST (COMPLETI	E)
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAN	IATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	25.67	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SER by ENZYMATIC, SPEC	UM	1.09	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
	ROGEN (BUN): SERUM	12	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NIT RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPE	ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	11.01	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
UREA/CREATININ		23.55	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUN by URICASE - OXIDAS		5.73	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPE		9.75	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: S by PHOSPHOMOLYBL	ERUM DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.22	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES				
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV	/E ELECTRODE)	140.8	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERU		4.33	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUN by ISE (ION SELECTIV		105.6	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
ESTIMATED GLO	MERULAR FILTERATION RAT	<u>'E</u>		
(eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED	MERULAR FILTERATION RATE	2 73		
INTERPRETATION: To differentiate betw	veen pre- and post renal azotemia.			

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





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NAME	: Mr. RAJEEV GAUTAM			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 180524	5
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	<b>REG. NO./LAB</b>	NO · 01250	3250021
REFERRED BY	·	REGISTRATIO		/2025 09:51 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01527719	COLLECTION I		/2025 09:55AM
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AN	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia	20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE L a (BUN rises disproportionately mo superimposed on renal disease. 10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :		ctive uropathy).	
<ol> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet al</li> <li>Severe liver diseas</li> </ol>	nd starvation. e.			
<ol> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet al</li> <li>Severe liver diseas</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis</li> <li>Inherited hyperam</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome of</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> </ol>	nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuse monemias (urea is virtually absent of inappropiate antidiuretic harmon	t in blood). ne) due to tubular secretion of	urea.	
<ol> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet al</li> <li>Severe liver diseas</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis</li> <li>Inherited hyperam</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome of</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (</li> <li>Rhabdomyolysis (r</li> <li>Muscular patients</li> <li>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</li> <li>Diabetic ketoacido</li> </ol>	nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuse monemias (urea is virtually absent of inappropiate antidiuretic harmon <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE</b> upy (accelerates conversion of crea releases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. creation of the second state increases and the second content of the second state increases and the second state state state state increases and the second state state increases and the second state state state state state increases and the second state state state state state increases and the second state sta	t in blood). ne) due to tubular secretion of : tine to creatinine).		ng in normal ratio when dehydrat
<ol> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet ai</li> <li>Severe liver diseas</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis</li> <li>Inherited hyperam</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome of</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (</li> <li>Rhabdomyolysis (r</li> <li>Muscular patients</li> <li>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</li> <li>Diabetic ketoacido</li> <li>should produce an in</li> <li>Cephalosporin the</li> </ol>	nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuse monemias (urea is virtually absent of inappropiate antidiuretic harmon <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE</b> upy (accelerates conversion of creat eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. creased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine me	t in blood). ne) due to tubular secretion of : tine to creatinine). ease in creatinine with certain		ng in normal ratio when dehydrat
<ol> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet ai</li> <li>Severe liver diseas</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis</li> <li>Inherited hyperam</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome of</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (&lt;</li> <li>Rhabdomyolysis (r</li> <li>Muscular patients</li> <li>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</li> <li>Diabetic ketoacido</li> <li>should produce an in</li> <li>Cephalosporin thei</li> </ol>	nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuse monemias (urea is virtually absent of inappropiate antidiuretic harmon <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE</b> upy (accelerates conversion of crea eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. creased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine me JLAR FILTERATION RATE:	t in blood). ne) due to tubular secretion of tine to creatinine). ease in creatinine with certain asurement).	methodologies,resulti	
<ol> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet al</li> <li>Severe liver diseas</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis</li> <li>Inherited hyperam</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome of</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (</li> <li>Rhabdomyolysis (r</li> <li>Muscular patients</li> <li>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</li> <li>Diabetic ketoacido</li> <li>should produce an in</li> <li>Cephalosporin their</li> <li>ESTIMATED GLOMERI</li> <li>CKD STAGE</li> </ol>	nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuse monemias (urea is virtually absent of inappropiate antidiuretic harmon <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE</b> upy (accelerates conversion of crea eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. c: usis (acetoacetate causes false incru- creased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine me <u>JLAR FILTERATION RATE:</u> DESCRIPTION	t in blood). ne) due to tubular secretion of tine to creatinine). ease in creatinine with certain asurement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2	methodologies,resulti	NDINGS
1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet al 3. Severe liver diseas 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis 6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. <b>DECREASED RATIO</b> (< 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients <b>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</b> 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin thei ESTIMATED GLOMERI CKD STAGE G1	nd starvation. e. ccreased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuse monemias (urea is virtually absent of inappropiate antidiuretic harmon <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE</b> upy (accelerates conversion of crea eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. cc usis (acetoacetate causes false incru- creased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine me <u>JLAR FILTERATION RATE:</u> <u>DESCRIPTION</u> Normal kidney function	t in blood). ne) due to tubular secretion of tine to creatinine). ease in creatinine with certain asurement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2 on >90	methodologies,resulti ) ASSOCIATED FI No protein	NDINGS uria
<ol> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet al</li> <li>Severe liver diseas</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis</li> <li>Inherited hyperam</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome of</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (</li> <li>Rhabdomyolysis (r</li> <li>Muscular patients</li> <li>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</li> <li>Diabetic ketoacido</li> <li>should produce an in</li> <li>Cephalosporin their</li> <li>ESTIMATED GLOMERI</li> <li>CKD STAGE</li> </ol>	nd starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. (urea rather than creatinine diffuse monemias (urea is virtually absent of inappropiate antidiuretic harmon <b>10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE</b> upy (accelerates conversion of crea eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. c: usis (acetoacetate causes false incru- creased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine me <u>JLAR FILTERATION RATE:</u> DESCRIPTION	t in blood). ne) due to tubular secretion of tine to creatinine). ease in creatinine with certain asurement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2 on >90	methodologies,resulti	NDINGS uria rotein ,

G2	Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	>90	Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	



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Test Name		Value Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated

End Of Report \*\*\*





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