

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micro Chairman & Consultant			Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090		COLLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:42PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBA	LA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWASTH	YA WE	LLNESS PANEL: 1.	5
			DOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CEL	LS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (H	B)	13.4	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
by CALORIMETRIC RED BLOOD CELL	(RBC) COUNT	4.8	Millions/	cmm 3.50 - 5.00
	OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.0	ivinitions/	5.50 5.00
PACKED CELL VO	LUME (PCV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	40.9	%	35.0 - 49.0
MEAN CORPUSCU	LAR VOLUME (MCV)	85.2	fL	80.0 - 100.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER LAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	27.8	ng	27.0 - 34.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	27.8	pg	27.0 - 34.0
	LAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER) 32.7	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRI	BUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	14.1	%	11.00 - 16.00
•	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	15.2	f	25.0 56.0
	BUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	45.2	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX		17.75	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: <
by CALCULATED				13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA:
				>13.0
GREEN & KING IN	DEX	76.38	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:
by CALCULATED				<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: :
				65.0
WHITE BLOOD C	<u>ELLS (WBCS)</u>		/cmm	4000 - 11000
FOTAL LEUCOCY	TE COUNT (TLC)	8050	/ chilli	
FOTAL LEUCOCY	TE COUNT (TLC) / by SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY		/ chilli	0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED	TE COUNT (TLC)	8050 NIL		0.00 - 20.00

Ľ7 $\sim 10^{\circ}$

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & Mi Chairman & Consult	icrobiology)	Dr. Yugam MD (CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	РАТ	IENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY		RFG	. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY			ISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090		LECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		ORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:42PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	BALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by CALCULATED BY A	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			
•	EUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	60	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES	/ BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	34	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1 ^L	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES		5	%	2 - 12
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BASOPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1
	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	70	0 - 1
IMMATURE GRAN		0	%	0 - 5.0
-	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
ABSOLUTE LEUK	OCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTR	COPHIL COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	4830	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPH by FLOW CYTOMETRY	HOCYTE COUNT / BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2737	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSIN	OPHIL COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	80	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONO	CYTE COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	402	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOP	HIL COUNT / by sf cube & microscopy	0	/cmm	0 - 110
	TURE GRANULOCYTE COUNT	0	/cmm	0.0 - 999.0
PLATELETS AND	OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIV	<u>'E MARKERS.</u>		
PLATELET COUNT	C (PLT)	324000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (P		0.38 ^H	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET	VOLUME (MPV)	12	fL	6.50 - 12.0



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consult	icrobiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	PATIEN	T ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO)./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:	REGIST	RATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090	COLLEC	TION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORT	FING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:42PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	IBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	E CELL COUNT (P-LCC) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	121000 ^H	/cmm	30000 - 90000
	E CELL RATIO (P-LCR) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	37.2	%	11.0 - 45.0
by HYDRO DYNAMIC F	IBUTION WIDTH (PDW) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE ICTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	16.2	%	15.0 - 17.0





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com



Page 3 of 20





	Dr. Vinay Chc MD (Pathology & Chairman & Const	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	P	ATIENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:	RJ	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:	R]	EGISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090	C	DLLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	R]	EPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 01:26PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	GLYCO	SYLATED HAF	EMOGLOBIN (HBA	IC)
WHOLE BLOOD	IAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):	5.1	%	4.0 - 6.4
ESTIMATED AVER	AGE PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	99.67	mg/dL	60.00 - 140.00
	AS PER AMERICAN I	DIABETES ASSOCIAT	ION (ADA):	
			OSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB	(HBAIC) in %
	REFERENCE GROUP	GLYC	USILATED REIVIUGLUGID	
	REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 years	GLYC	<5.7	
Non di A	abetic Adults >= 18 years t Risk (Prediabetes)		<5.7 5.7 – 6.4	
Non di A	abetic Adults >= 18 years		<5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5	
Non di A	abetic Adults >= 18 years t Risk (Prediabetes)		<5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5 Age > 19 Years	
Non di A D	abetic Adults >= 18 years t Risk (Prediabetes) liagnosing Diabetes	Goals of	<5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5 Age > 19 Years Therapy:	< 7.0
Non di A D	abetic Adults >= 18 years t Risk (Prediabetes)	Goals of	<5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5 Age > 19 Years Therapy: uggested:	< 7.0 >8.0
Non di A D	abetic Adults >= 18 years t Risk (Prediabetes) liagnosing Diabetes	Goals of Actions S	<5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5 Age > 19 Years Therapy:	

2. Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropiate.

4. High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE.	: Miss. RUPANSHI : 16 YRS/FEMALE : :		TIENT ID	
COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE.			TIENT ID	
REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE.	:	DE		: 1812295
BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE.	:	ĸc	G. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
CLIENT CODE.		RE	GISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
	: 01528090	CO	LLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
LIENT ADDRESS	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	RE	PORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:54PM
	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMI	BALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ERYTHROC	YTE SEDIME	ENTATION RATE ((ESR)
	DIMENTATION RATE (ESR) ATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY	30 ^H	mm/1st hi	0 - 20
mmune disease, but d 2. An ESR can be affect as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be systemic lupus eryther CONDITION WITH LOW A low ESR can be seen (polycythaemia), signif as sickle cells in sickle VOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive 2. Generally, ESR does	oes not tell the health practitioner ed by other conditions besides infl e used to monitor disease activity a natosus ESR with conditions that inhibit the no	exactly where th ammation. For th and response to t rmal sedimentati t (leucocytosis) , a inflammation. either at the stal	e inflammation is in the his reason, the ESR is typ herapy in both of the at on of red blood cells, su and some protein abnor rt of inflammation or as	vicallý used in conjunction with other test such bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count malities. Some changes in red cell shape (such it resolves.
5. Women tend to have 6. Drugs such as dextra	J, it is typically a result of two type a higher ESR, and menstruation and an, methyldopa, oral contraceptive quinine may decrease it	nd pregnancy čan	cause temporary elevat	tions. line, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

Page 5 of 20





		Chopra gy & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD (CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	PATI	ENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:	REG.	NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:	REGI	STRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090	COLL	ECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPO	RTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA	AD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	CLINI	CAL CHEMISTRY	//BIOCHEMIS	TRY
		GLUCOSE FAS	TING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTIN	G (F): PLASMA E - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	89.19	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







		Chopra y & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090		COLLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA	AD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PRO	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO by CHOLESTEROL OX		167.17	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 -
				239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: 5 by GLYCEROL PHOSE	SERUM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	97.61	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 -
				199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
	DL (DIRECT): SERUM	47.85	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0
by SELECTIVE INHIBIT	ION			BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTERC		99.8	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0
by CALCOLATED, SFL				ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0
				HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLES by CALCULATED, SPE		119.32	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0
				HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0
VLDL CHOLESTER by CALCULATED, SPE		19.52	mg/dL	VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0 0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SE by CALCULATED, SPE	RUM	431.95	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HI by CALCULATED, SPE	DL RATIO: SERUM	3.49	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 care@koshealthcare.com www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





		hopra & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	PATIE	ENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. N	NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:	REGIS	TRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090	COLLI	ECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPO	RTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAI	D, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
				MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		2.09	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	HDL RATIO: SERUM	2.04 ^L	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1.Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol. 2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Cow HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Chopr MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consulta	robiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY			REGISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090		COLLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM
				: 31/ Mar/ 2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AME	SALA CANT"	ſ	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	LIVERI	FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL		0.44	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	T (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.12	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRE	ECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.32	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	1 RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	14.3	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM	I RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	9.2	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: S		1.55	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPI by PARA NITROPHEN PROPANOL	HATASE: SERUM YL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	99.8	U/L	50.00 - 370.00
GAMMA GLUTAM by SZASZ, SPECTROF	YL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUN PHTOMETRY	M 14.9	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS by BIURET, SPECTRO	: SERUM	7.09	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM		4.36	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPE	1	2.73	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERU by CALCULATED, SPE	M	1.6	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

INTERPRETATION

NOTE: To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & Mi Chairman & Consult	crobiology)	Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) nsultant Pathologist	
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 181229	95
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	. : 01250	3310057
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION D	ATE : 31/Mai	c/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090	COLLECTION DAT	E : 31/Mai	c/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DAT	E : 31/Mai	r/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	BALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value Un	it	Biological Reference interval
HEPATOCELLULAR C	ARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Sligh	ntly Increased)	

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased). **PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:**

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & Mi Chairman & Consult	icrobiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090		COLLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	BALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	KIDNEY	FUNCTIO	ON TEST (COMPLETI	Е)
UREA: SERUM		21.1	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
	IATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	21.1	ing all	10.00 20.00
CREATININE: SER	-	0.77	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
by ENZYMATIC, SPEC	ROGEN (BUN): SERUM	9.86	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
by CALCULATED, SPE		2.00	ing/ull	1.0 - 25.0
	ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	12.81	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPE				
UREA/CREATININ		27.4	RATIO	
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			
URIC ACID: SERUN by URICASE - OXIDAS		4.27	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
CALCIUM: SERUM		8.79	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
by ARSENAZO III, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY		-	
PHOSPHOROUS: SI	ERUM DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.96	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES	DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRI			
SODIUM: SERUM		139.2	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV	/E ELECTRODE)	137.2	minol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERU		4.13	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
by ISE (ION SELECTIV CHLORIDE: SERUN	,	104.4	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV		104.4	minol/L	20.0 - 110.0
ESTIMATED GLO	MERULAR FILTERATION RATI	<u>E</u>		
ESTIMATED GLON (eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED	MERULAR FILTERATION RATE	116		
INTERPRETATION:				
To differentiate betw	icon nro- and nost ronal azotomia			

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com

Page 11 of 20

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





		Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consul	licrobiology)		Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) Isultant Pathologist	
NAME	: Miss. RUP	ANSHI				
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FE	MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1812295	
COLLECTED BY				REG. NO./LAB NO.		0057
	·					
REFERRED BY	:			REGISTRATION D		
BARCODE NO.	:01528090			COLLECTION DAT	E : 31/Mar/20	25 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGI	VOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATI	: 31/Mar/20	25 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, N	ICHOLSON ROAD, AM	/IBALA CANTT			
Test Name			Value	Un	it Bio	logical Reference interval
6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome o 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<	osis. ed starvation. e. creased urea a furea rather th monemias (ur of inappropiate 10:1) WITH INC py (accelerate eleases muscl who develop	synthesis. Tan creatinine diffuse Tea is virtually absent e antidiuretic harmon CREASED CREATININE: es conversion of creat e creatinine).	in blood). ne) due to tubu	lar secretion of urea		
 Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in Cephalosporin the 	sis (acetoacet creased BUN/ apy (interfere	creatinine ratio). s with creatinine mea		ne with certain met	hodologies,resulting ir	n normal ratio when dehydrati
ESTIMATED GLOMERU CKD STAGE		DESCRIPTION	GFR (n	nL/min/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDI	NGS
G1	N	lormal kidney function		>90	No proteinuria	
C1		Kidnov damaga with		> 00	Drosopco of Droto	

CKD 3TAGE	DESCRIPTION	OFK (1112/11111/1.73112)	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria
G2	Kidney damage with	>90	Presence of Protein,
	normal or high GFR		Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)









	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiolo Chairman & Consultant Path	0,7	(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI		
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090	COLLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA C	ANTT	
Test Name	Valu	ie Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	MD (Pat	n ay Chopra hology & Microbiology) n & Consultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD (CEO & Consultant F	Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	P	ATIENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:	R	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:	R	EGISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	:01528090	C	OLLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LA	B R	EPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON	I ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		IRON PI	ROFILE	
IRON: SERUM by FERROZINE, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY	101.02	μg/dL	37.0 - 145.0
UNSATURATED IR	ON BINDING CAPAC	ITY (UIBC) 237.14	μg/dL	150.0 - 336.0
SERUM	TRADUCTONETERY			
by FERROZINE, SPEC	DING CAPACITY (TIB	C) 338.16	μg/dL	230 - 430
SERUM		-,	P.8	
by SPECTROPHOTOM				
	ATURATION: SERUN		%	15.0 - 50.0
	•	240.09	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0
TRANSFERRIN: SE	RUM	2-10.07		
TRANSFERRIN: SE by SPECTROPHOTOM INTERPRETATION:-		240.07		

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased

IRON:

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.

It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.
 TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):

 It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1.Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	MD (Patho	y Chopra blogy & Microbiology & Consultant Patholo)	Igam Cho MD (Pathol ultant Patholo	ogy)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI				
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	:181	12295
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	:01	2503310057
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DA	TE : 31/	/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090		COLLECTION DATE	:31/	/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 31/	/Mar/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON I	ROAD, AMBALA CAN	TT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	_	Biological Reference interva
		ENDO	CRINOLOGY		
		THYROID FUR	NCTION TEST: TO	TAL	
TRIIODOTHYRON by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN	INE (T3): SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMI	1.037 NUNOASSAY)	ng/1	nL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN	SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMI	8.76 MUNOASSAY)	μgn	n/dL	4.87 - 13.20
	ATING HORMONE (TS)		μΙυ	/mL	0.50 - 5.50
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN 3rd GENERATION, ULT	IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMI RASENSITIVE	IUNUASSAY)			
INTERPRETATION:					
day has influence on the triiodothyronine (T3).Fai	measured serum TSH concentra	<i>tions</i> . TSH stimulates the	e production and secretion of	the metabolica	ariation is of the order of 50%.Hence time of ally active hormones, thyroxine (T4)and production (hypothyroidism) or
CLINICAL CONDITION	T		T4		TSH
Primary Hypothyroidis	m: Re	duced	Reduced	Increased	(Significantly)

CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	(RONINE (T3)	THYROX	INE (T4)	THYROID STIMUL	ATING HORMONE (TSH)
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologis		Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI		
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090	COLLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name			Value	Uni	t	Biological Reference interval
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECOM	MENDATIONS OF TSH LE	VELS DURING PREC	GNANCY (µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50		
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consul	licrobiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	P	ATIENT ID	: 1812295
COLLECTED BY	:	R	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012503310057
REFERRED BY	:	R	REGISTRATION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090	C	COLLECTION DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	R	REPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	IBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		VITA	MINS	
	VITAM		MINS DROXY VITAMIN I	03
	VITAM YDROXY VITAMIN D3): SERUM YESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	IN D/25 HYD		DEFICIENCY: < 20.0 INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0 TOXICITY: > 100.0
by CLIA (CHEMILUMIN	YDROXY VITAMIN D3): SERUM	IIN D/25 HYD	DROXY VITAMIN E	DEFICIENCY: < 20.0 INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0
by CLIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION: DEFI	YDROXY VITAMIN D3): SERUM ESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	IIN D/25 HYE 6.7 ^L	DROXY VITAMIN E ng/mL	DEFICIENCY: < 20.0 INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0 TOXICITY: > 100.0
by CLIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>INTERPRETATION:</u> DEFI INSUF	YDROXY VITAMIN D3): SERUM ESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	IIN D/25 HYD ^I 6.7 ^L	DROXY VITAMIN E ng/mL	DEFICIENCY: < 20.0 INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0 TOXICITY: > 100.0

1. Vitamin D compounds are derived from dietary ergocalciferol (from plants, Vitamin D2), or cholecalciferol (from animals, Vitamin D3), or by conversion of 7- dihydrocholecalciferol to Vitamin D3 in the skin upon Ultraviolet exposure.

2.25-OH--Vitamin D represents the main body resevoir and transport form of Vitamin D and transport form of Vitamin D, being stored in adipose tissue and tightly bound by a transport protein while in circulation.

3. Vitamin D plays a primary role in the maintenance of calcium homeostatis. It promotes calcium absorption, renal calcium absorption and phosphate reabsorption, skeletal calcium deposition, calcium mobilization, mainly regulated by parathyroid harmone (PTH). 4. Severe deficiency may lead to failure to mineralize newly formed osteoid in bone, resulting in rickets in children and osteomalacia in adults. DECREASED:

1.Lack of sunshine exposure.

2.Inadequate intake, malabsorption (celiac disease) 3.Depressed Hepatic Vitamin D 25- hydroxylase activity

4.Secondary to advanced Liver disease

5. Osteoporosis and Secondary Hyperparathroidism (Mild to Moderate deficiency)

6.Enzyme Inducing drugs: anti-epileptic drugs like phenytoin, phenobarbital and carbamazepine, that increases Vitamin D metabolism.

INCREASED: 1. Hypervitaminosis D is Rare, and is seen only after prolonged exposure to extremely high doses of Vitamin D. When it occurs, it can result in severe hypercalcemia and hyperphophatemia.

CAUTION: Replacement therapy in deficient individuals must be monitored by periodic assessment of Vitamin D levels in order to prevent hypervitaminosis D

NOTE:-Dark coloured individuals as compare to whites, is at higher risk of developing Vitamin D deficiency due to excess of melanin pigment which interefere with Vitamin D absorption.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Cł MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cor			(Pathology)		
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI					
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1812295		
COLLECTED BY			REG. NO./LAB NO.			
				: 012503310057 : 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM : 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM		
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE			
BARCODE NO.	: 01528090		COLLECTION DATE			
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 31/Mar/2025 02:06PM		
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT				
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval		
		VITAMIN B1	2/COBALAMIN			
VITAMIN B12/COB by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN	ALAMIN: SERUM ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA	427 ASSAY)	pg/mL	190.0 - 890.0		
Interpretation:-						
	ED VITAMIN B12		DECREASED VITAMIN B12			
1.Ingestion of Vitam			1.Pregnancy			
2.Ingestion of Estrogen			2.DRUGS:Aspirin, Anti-convulsants, Colchicine			
3.Ingestion of Vitamin A			3.Ethanol Igestion 4. Contraceptive Harmones			
4.Hepatocellular injury 5.Myeloproliferative disorder			5.Haemodialysis			
6.Uremia			6. Multiple Myeloma			
3.The body uses its vi excreted. 4.Vitamin B12 deficie leal resection, small 5.Vitamin B12 deficie proprioception, poor the neurologic defect 6.Serum methylmalor 7.Follow-up testing fo	ncy may be due to lack of IF sec intestinal diseases). ncy frequently causes macrocy coordination, and affective beh s without macrocytic anemia. nic acid and homocysteine level or antibodies to intrinsic factor	cally, reabsorbing v cretion by gastric m tic anemia, glossiti navioral changes. T s are also elevated (IF) is recommended does not rule out ti If clinical symptom	vitamin B12 from the ileun nucosa (eg, gastrectomy, g s, peripheral neuropathy, hese manifestations may o in vitamin B12 deficiency ed to identify this potentia ssue deficiency of vitamin	n and returning it to the liver; very little is astric atrophy) or intestinal malabsorption (eg, weakness, hyperreflexia, ataxia, loss of occur in any combination; many patients have states. Il cause of vitamin B12 malabsorption. B12. The most sensitive test for vitamin B12		





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugan MD EO & Consultant	(Pathology)		
NAME	: Miss. RUPANSHI					
AGE/ GENDER	: 16 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT	ſIJ	: 1812295		
COLLECTED BY :		REG. NO./LAB NO.		: 012503310057		
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION		: 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM		
BARCODE NO.: 01528090CLIENT CODE.: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LABCLIENT ADDRESS: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD		COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE		: 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM : 31/Mar/2025 12:56PM		
		Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interv
		CLINICAL PATH	OLOGY			
	URINE ROU	TINE & MICROSCO	PIC EXAMI	NATION		
PHYSICAL EXAM	IINATION					
QUANTITY RECIEVED by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		10	ml			
COLOUR by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW		
TRANSPARANCY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		CLEAR		CLEAR		
SPECIFIC GRAVIT	Y CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.02		1.002 - 1.030		
CHEMICAL EXAN	MINATION					
REACTION		ACIDIC				
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY PROTEIN		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY SUGAR by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
pH by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		6		5.0 - 7.5		
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
UROBILINOGEN	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0		
KETONE BODIES	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
ASCORBIC ACID by DIP STICK/REFLEC	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
Managana						

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)



 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com





EXCELLENCE IN HEALTHCARE & DIAGNOSTICS

Dr. Yugam Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist NAME : Miss. RUPANSHI AGE/ GENDER : 16 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1812295 **COLLECTED BY** :012503310057 REG. NO./LAB NO. : **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** : 31/Mar/2025 12:24 PM : **COLLECTION DATE BARCODE NO.** :01528090 : 31/Mar/2025 12:28PM **CLIENT CODE.** : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** : 31/Mar/2025 12:56PM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

Dr. Vinay Chopra

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	2-3	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-4	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA)	ABSENT		ABSENT

*** End Of Report ***





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

