



	MD (P	<b>/inay Chopra</b> athology & Microbiology) nan & Consultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugan MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
AME	: Mr. PRIKSHIT			
GE/ GENDER	: 61 YRS/MALE	PAT	IENT ID	: 1815013
OLLECTED BY	:	REG	. NO./LAB NO.	: 012504020038
REFERRED BY		REG	ISTRATION DATE	: 02/Apr/2025 11:48 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528225		LECTION DATE	: 02/Apr/2025 11:49AM
LIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC I		ORTING DATE	: 02/Apr/2025 01:08PM
			UKTING DATE	. 02/ Api/ 2025 01.08PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSU	ON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
		HAEMATC		
	AEMOGLOBIN (HbA)	GLYCOSYLATED HAEN		<b>1C</b> ) 4.0 - 6.4
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVER. by HPLC (HIGH PERFO	IAEMOGLOBIN (HbA) RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AGE PLASMA GLUCC RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT	GLYCOSYLATED HAEM	IOGLOBIN (HBA	
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVER. by HPLC (HIGH PERFO	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AGE PLASMA GLUCC RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT	GLYCOSYLATED HAEM	<b>IOGLOBIN (HBA</b> % mg/dL	4.0 - 6.4
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVER. by HPLC (HIGH PERFO NTERPRETATION:	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AGE PLASMA GLUCC RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT	GLYCOSYLATED HAEM	<b>IOGLOBIN (HBA</b> % mg/dL	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
VHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO STIMATED AVER. by HPLC (HIGH PERFO NTERPRETATION: NOD di	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AGE PLASMA GLUCC RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AS PER REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 year	GLYCOSYLATED HAEM	IOGLOBIN (HBA % mg/dL N (ADA): SYLATED HEMOGLOGIB <5.7	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
VHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVER. by HPLC (HIGH PERFO <u>NTERPRETATION:</u> Non di A	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AGE PLASMA GLUCC RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AS PER REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 year t Risk (Prediabetes)	GLYCOSYLATED HAEM	MOGLOBIN (HBA % mg/dL N (ADA): SYLATED HEMOGLOGIB <5.7 5.7 - 6.4	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
VHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVER. by HPLC (HIGH PERFO NTERPRETATION: NOD di A	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AGE PLASMA GLUCC RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AS PER REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 year	GLYCOSYLATED HAEM	1OGLOBIN (HBA % mg/dL N (ADA): SYLATED HEMOGLOGIB <5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
VHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO STIMATED AVER. by HPLC (HIGH PERFO <u>VTERPRETATION:</u> Non di A	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AGE PLASMA GLUCC RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AS PER REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 year t Risk (Prediabetes)	GLYCOSYLATED HAEM	1OGLOBIN (HBA % mg/dL N (ADA): SYLATED HEMOGLOGIB <5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5 Age > 19 Years	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00 (HBAIC) in %
VHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO STIMATED AVER. by HPLC (HIGH PERFO <b>NTERPRETATION:</b> Non di A D	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AGE PLASMA GLUCC RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AS PER REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 year t Risk (Prediabetes)	GLYCOSYLATED HAEM	IOGLOBIN (HBA   %   mg/dL   V (ADA):   SYLATED HEMOGLOGIB   <5.7	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00 (HBAIC) in %
VHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVER. by HPLC (HIGH PERFO <u>NTERPRETATION:</u> Non di A D	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AGE PLASMA GLUCC RMANCE LIQUID CHROMAT AS PER REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 year t Risk (Prediabetes) iagnosing Diabetes	GLYCOSYLATED HAEM	IOGLOBIN (HBA   %   mg/dL   V (ADA):   SYLATED HEMOGLOGIB   <5.7	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00 (HBAIC) in %

concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled. 3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropiate.

4. High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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