

### **KOS Diagnostic Lab** (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

: 02/Apr/2025 03:08PM

**NAME** : Mrs. RAJ LAXMI

**AGE/ GENDER** : 48 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1815387

**COLLECTED BY** :012504020051 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY : LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT) **REGISTRATION DATE** : 02/Apr/2025 02:50 PM BARCODE NO. :01528238 **COLLECTION DATE** : 02/Apr/2025 02:52PM

: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Value Unit Test Name **Biological Reference interval** 

REPORTING DATE

### **HAEMATOLOGY HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)**

12.7 HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) gm/dL 12.0 - 16.0

by CALORIMETRIC

#### **INTERPRETATION:-**

CLIENT CODE.

Hemoglobin is the protein molecule in red blood cells that carries oxygen from the lungs to the bodys tissues and returns carbon dioxide from the

tissues back to the lungs. A low hemoglobin level is referred to as ANEMIA or low red blood count.

#### **ANEMIA (DECRESED HAEMOGLOBIN):**

- 1) Loss of blood (traumatic injury, surgery, bleeding, colon cancer or stomach ulcer)
- 2) Nutritional deficiency (iron, vitamin B12, folate)
- 3) Bone marrow problems (replacement of bone marrow by cancer)
- 4) Suppression by red blood cell synthesis by chemotherapy drugs
- 5) Kidney failure
- 6) Abnormal hemoglobin structure (sickle cell anemia or thalassemia).

### POLYCYTHEMIA (INCREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) People in higher altitudes (Physiological)
- 2) Smoking (Secondary Polycythemia)
- 3) Dehydration produces a falsely rise in hemoglobin due to increased haemoconcentration
- 4) Advanced lung disease (for example, emphysema)
- 5) Certain tumors
- 6) A disorder of the bone marrow known as polycythemia rubra vera,
- 7) Abuse of the drug erythropoetin (Epogen) by athletes for blood doping purposes (increasing the amount of oxygen available to the body by chemically raising the production of red blood cells).

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



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**BLEEDING TIME (BT)** 

BLEEDING TIME (BT) 1 MIN 40 SEC MINS 1 -

by DUKE METHOD



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**CLOTTING TIME (CT)** 

CLOTTING TIME (CT) 6 MIN 20 SEC MINS by CAPILLARY TUBE METHOD



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### **CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY** GLUCOSE RANDOM (R)

GLUCOSE RANDOM (R): PLASMA 74.52 mg/dL NORMAL: < 140.00

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD) PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0

DIABETIC: > 0R = 200.0

: 02/Apr/2025 04:10PM

CLIENT CODE.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A random plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal.

2. A random glucose level between 140 - 200 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prnadial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

3. A random glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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### **VITAMINS**

### VITAMIN D/25 HYDROXY VITAMIN D3

VITAMIN D (25-HYDROXY VITAMIN D3): SERUM ng/mL DEFICIENCY: < 20.0

by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY) INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0

SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0

TOXICITY: > 100.0

: 02/Apr/2025 04:10PM

**INTERPRETATION:** 

CLIENT CODE.

DEFICIENT:	< 20	ng/mL
INSUFFICIENT:	21 - 29	ng/mL
PREFFERED RANGE:	30 - 100	ng/mL
INTOXICATION:	> 100	ng/ml

1. Vitamin D compounds are derived from dietary ergocalciferol (from plants, Vitamin D2), or cholecalciferol (from animals, Vitamin D3), or by conversion of 7- dihydrocholecalciferol to Vitamin D3 in the skin upon Ultraviolet exposure.

2.25-OH--Vitamin D represents the main body resevoir and transport form of Vitamin D and transport form of Vitamin D, being stored in adipose tissue and tightly bound by a transport protein while in circulation.

3. Vitamin D plays a primary role in the maintenance of calcium homeostatis. It promotes calcium absorption, renal calcium absorption and phosphate reabsorption, skeletal calcium deposition, calcium mobilization, mainly regulated by parathyroid harmone (PTH).

4. Severe deficiency may lead to failure to mineralize newly formed osteoid in bone, resulting in rickets in children and osteomalacia in adults.

**DECREASED:** 

- 1.Lack of sunshine exposure.
- 2.Inadequate intake, malabsorption (celiac disease)
  3.Depressed Hepatic Vitamin D 25- hydroxylase activity
- 4. Secondary to advanced Liver disease
- 5. Osteoporosis and Secondary Hyperparathroidism (Mild to Moderate deficiency)
- 6.Enzyme Inducing drugs: anti-epileptic drugs like phenytoin, phenobarbital and carbamazepine, that increases Vitamin D metabolism.

1. Hypervitaminosis D is Rare, and is seen only after prolonged exposure to extremely high doses of Vitamin D. When it occurs, it can result in severe hypercalcemia and hyperphophatemia.

CAUTION: Replacement therapy in deficient individuals must be monitored by periodic assessment of Vitamin D levels in order to prevent hypervitaminosis D

NOTE:-Dark coloured individuals as compare to whites, is at higher risk of developing Vitamin D deficiency due to excess of melanin pigment which interefere with Vitamin D absorption.



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# CLINICAL PATHOLOGY URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

### **PHYSICAL EXAMINATION**

QUANTITY RECIEVED 10 ml

COLOUR PALE YELLOW PALE YELLOW

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

TRANSPARANCY CLEAR CLEAR

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

SPECIFIC GRAVITY <=1.005 1.002 - 1.030 by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

**CHEMICAL EXAMINATION** 

REACTION ACIDIC by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

PROTEIN Negative NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

SUGAR Negative NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY
pH 5.5 5.0 - 7.5

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

BILIRUBIN Negative NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NITRITE Negative NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.

UROBILINOGEN Normal EU/dL 0.2 - 1.0

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

KETONE BODIES

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NEGATIVE (-ve)

BLOOD Negative NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

ASCORBIC ACID NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve)

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY



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Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3	
1-3	/HPF	0 - 5	
2-5	/HPF	ABSENT	
NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
ABSENT		ABSENT	
	NEGATIVE (-ve)  1-3  2-5  NEGATIVE (-ve)  NEGATIVE (-ve)  NEGATIVE (-ve)  NEGATIVE (-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve) /HPF  1-3 /HPF  2-5 /HPF  NEGATIVE (-ve)  NEGATIVE (-ve)  NEGATIVE (-ve)  NEGATIVE (-ve)	

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**End Of Report** 



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