

KOS Diagnostic Lab

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. APOORVA

AGE/ GENDER : 34 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1816445

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012504030043

 REFERRED BY
 : DR SURESH SHARMA
 REGISTRATION DATE
 : 03/Apr/2025 12:49 PM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 01528299
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 03/Apr/2025 12:51PM

 CLIENT CODE.
 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
 REPORTING DATE
 : 03/Apr/2025 01:24PM

CLIENT ADDRESS: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

HAEMATOLOGY COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by CALORIMETRIC	8.5 ^L	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.42	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	27.9 ^L	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	63 ^L	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	19.3 ^L	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	30.5 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	17.1 ^H	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	39.9	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED	14.25	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0
			IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDEX by CALCULATED	79.85	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: <= 65.0
			IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)			05.0

TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC)
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY

NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS)
by AUTOMATED 6 PART HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER

NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) %

NIL

%

4000 - 11000

0.00 - 20.00

NIL

%

< 10 %



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CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval		
by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER					
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)					
NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	74 ^H	%	50 - 70		
LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	21	%	20 - 40		
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1	%	1 - 6		
MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	4	%	2 - 12		
BASOPHILS by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT	0	%	0 - 1		
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	8658 ^H	/cmm	2000 - 7500		
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2457	/cmm	800 - 4900		
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	117	/cmm	40 - 440		
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	468	/cmm	80 - 880		
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	0	/cmm	0 - 110		
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS.					
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	422000	/cmm	150000 - 450000		
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.38 ^H	%	0.10 - 0.36		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	9	fL	6.50 - 12.0		
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	92000 ^H	/cmm	30000 - 90000		
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	21.8	%	11.0 - 45.0		
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)	15.9	%	15.0 - 17.0		



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by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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Value Unit Test Name **Biological Reference interval**

REPORTING DATE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)

29H

mm/1st hr

0 - 20

: 03/Apr/2025 01:40PM

by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION:

CLIENT CODE.

- 1. ESR is a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation associated with infection, cancer and autoimmune disease, but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it.
- 2. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other test such as C-reactive protein
- 3. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as some others, such as systemic lupus erythematosus CONDITION WITH LOW ESR

A low ESR can be seen with conditions that inhibit the normal sedimentation of red blood cells, such as a high red blood cell count (polycythaemia), significantly high white blood cell count (leucocytosis), and some protein abnormalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such as sickle cells in sickle cell anaemia) also lower the ESR. NOTE:

- ESR and C reactive protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammation.
 Generally, ESR does not change as rapidly as does CRP, either at the start of inflammation or as it resolves.
 CRP is not affected by as many other factors as is ESR, making it a better marker of inflammation.
- 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is typically a result of two types of proteins, globulins or fibrinogen.5. Women tend to have a higher ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy can cause temporary elevations.
- 6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it

*** End Of Report ***



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