

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microt	piology)	Dr. Yugam	(Pathology)
	Chairman & Consultant I			
NAME	: Mr. VARINDER PAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 48 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1817173
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012504030058
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 03/Apr/2025 07:10 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01528314		COLLECTION DATE	: 03/Apr/2025 07:11PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 03/Apr/2025 10:12PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBAL	A CANTT		
Test Name	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	alue	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY				
<b>RHEUMATOID FACTOR (RA): QUANTITATIVE - SERUM</b>				
RHEUMATOID (RA) SERUM by NEPHLOMETRY	FACTOR QUANTITATIVE:	4.22	IU/mL	NEGATIVE: < 18.0 BORDERLINE: 18.0 - 25.0 POSITIVE: > 25.0
<ol> <li>Rheumatoid factors (RF) are antibodies that are directed against the Fc fragment of IgG altered in its tertiary structure.</li> <li>Over 75% of patients with rheumatoid arthritis (RA) have an IgM antibody to IgG immunoglobulin. This autoantibody (RF) is diagnostically useful although it may not be etiologically related to RA.</li> <li>Inflammatory Markers such as ESR &amp; C-Reactive protein (CRP) are normal in about 60% of patients with positive RA.</li> <li>The titer of RF correlates poorly with disease activity, but those patients with high titers tend to have more severe disease course.</li> <li>The test is useful for diagnosis and prognosis of rheumatoid arthritis.</li> <li>RHEUMATOID ARTHIRITIS         <ul> <li>Rheumatoid Arthritis is a systemic autoimmune disease that is multi-functional in origin and is characterized by chronic inflammation of the membrane lining (synovium) joints which ledas to progressive joint destruction and in most cases to disability and reduction of quality life.</li> <li>The disease spredas from small to large joints, with greatest damage in early phase.</li> <li>The diagnosis of RA is primarily based on clinical, radiological &amp; immunological features. The most frequent serological test is the measurement of RA factor.</li> <li>CAUTION (FALSE POSTIVE):                 <ul> <li>RA factor is not specific for Rheumatoid arthritis, as it is often present in healthy individuals with other autoimmune diseases and chronic infections.</li> <li>Non rheumatoid and rheumatoid diseases, characterized by chronic inflammation may have positive tests for RF. These diseases include systemic lupus erythematosus, polymyositis, tuberculosis, syphilis, viral hepatitis, infectious mononucleosis, and influenza.</li></ul></li></ul></li></ol>				
*** End Of Report ***				
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