

Dr. Vinay Chopra  
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Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra  
MD (Pathology)  
CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mr. PRITAM  
AGE/ GENDER : 65 YRS/MALE  
COLLECTED BY :  
REFERRED BY :  
BARCODE NO. : A0465178  
CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD  
CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

PATIENT ID : 1575664  
REG. NO./LAB NO. : 042408090004  
REGISTRATION DATE : 09/Aug/2024 01:20 PM  
COLLECTION DATE : 09/Aug/2024 03:29PM  
REPORTING DATE : 09/Aug/2024 03:47PM

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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## HAEMATOLOGY

### HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)

#### HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)

10<sup>L</sup>

gm/dL

12.0 - 17.0

by CALORIMETRIC

#### INTERPRETATION:-

Hemoglobin is the protein molecule in red blood cells that carries oxygen from the lungs to the body's tissues and returns carbon dioxide from the tissues back to the lungs.

A low hemoglobin level is referred to as ANEMIA or low red blood count.

#### ANEMIA ( DECREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) Loss of blood (traumatic injury, surgery, bleeding, colon cancer or stomach ulcer)
- 2) Nutritional deficiency (iron, vitamin B12, folate)
- 3) Bone marrow problems (replacement of bone marrow by cancer)
- 4) Suppression by red blood cell synthesis by chemotherapy drugs
- 5) Kidney failure
- 6) Abnormal hemoglobin structure (sickle cell anemia or thalassemia).

#### POLYCYTHEMIA (INCREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) People in higher altitudes (Physiological)
- 2) Smoking (Secondary Polycythemia)
- 3) Dehydration produces a falsely rise in hemoglobin due to increased haemoconcentration
- 4) Advanced lung disease (for example, emphysema)
- 5) Certain tumors
- 6) A disorder of the bone marrow known as polycythemia rubra vera,
- 7) Abuse of the drug erythropoietin (Epogen) by athletes for blood doping purposes (increasing the amount of oxygen available to the body by chemically raising the production of red blood cells).

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

CREATININE

CREATININE: SERUM by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.49 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
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### URIC ACID

URIC ACID: SERUM	7.3	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
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by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE

#### INTERPRETATION:-

1. GOUT occurs when high levels of Uric Acid in the blood cause crystals to form & accumulate around a joint.  
 2. Uric Acid is the end product of purine metabolism. Uric acid is excreted to a large degree by the kidneys and to a smaller degree in the intestinal tract by microbial degradation.

#### INCREASED:-

##### (A).DUE TO INCREASED PRODUCTION:-

1. Idiopathic primary gout.
2. Excessive dietary purines (organ meats, legumes, anchovies, etc).
3. Cytolytic treatment of malignancies especially leukemias & lymphomas.
4. Polycythemia vera & myeloid metaplasia.
5. Psoriasis.
6. Sickle cell anaemia etc.

##### (B).DUE TO DECREASED EXCRETION (BY KIDNEYS)

1. Alcohol ingestion.
2. Thiazide diuretics.
3. Lactic acidosis.
4. Aspirin ingestion (less than 2 grams per day).
5. Diabetic ketoacidosis or starvation.
6. Renal failure due to any cause etc.

#### DECREASED:-


##### (A).DUE TO DIETARY DEFICIENCY


1. Dietary deficiency of Zinc, Iron and molybdenum.
2. Fanconi syndrome & Wilson's disease.
3. Multiple sclerosis.
4. Syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (SIADH) secretion & low purine diet etc.

##### (B).DUE TO INCREASED EXCRETION

1. Drugs:-Probenecid, sulphinpyrazone, aspirin doses (more than 4 grams per day), corticosteroids and ACTH, anti-coagulants and estrogens etc.



  
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### GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (GFR) - ESTIMATED

<b>CREATININE: SERUM</b> by SPECTROPHOTOMETRY-ENZYMATIC	1.49 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
<b>ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (eGFR): SERUM</b> by SPECTROPHOTOMETRY-ENZYMATIC, MDRD CALCULATION	47.3 <sup>L</sup>	mL/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup>	KIDNEY FAILURE: < 15.0

#### INTERPRETATION:

CKD STAGE	DESCRIPTION	GFR ( mL/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> )	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria
G2	Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	>90	Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	

#### COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup> (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

#### ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



  
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