



MD	Vinay Chopra (Pathology & Microbiology) irman & Consultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam Ch MD (Path CEO & Consultant Path	nology)
NAME : Mrs. SAROJ GUI	РТА		
AGE/ GENDER : 69 YRS/FEMALE	PATI	ENT ID : 1	1586356
COLLECTED BY :	REG. 1	NO./LAB NO. : 0	042408210002
REFERRED BY :	REGIS		21/Aug/2024 09:02 AM
BARCODE NO. : A0465291			21/Aug/2024 02:45PM
CLIENT CODE.: KOS DIAGNOSTICLIENT ADDRESS: 6349/1, NICHOI	C SHAHBAD REPO LSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT	RTING DATE : 2	21/Aug/2024 03:20PM
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWASTHYA WELLNE	SS PANFI : 1.4	
	COMPLETE BLOOD		
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by CALORIMETRIC	16.1 ^H	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRIC	5.63 ^H	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOL	49.6	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOL	88	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) 28.6	pg	27.0 - 34.0
by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOL MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CC by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOL	ONC. (MCHC) 32.6	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW- by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOL	CV) 15.1	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW- by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOL	SD) 49.8	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED	15.63	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDEX	23.6	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)			
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICRO	8880 DSCOPY	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) by AUTOMATED 6 PART HEMATOLOGY ANA	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOL	% NIL LOGY ANALYZER	%	< 10 %
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC NEUTROPHILS	53	%	50 - 70

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab:6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, HaryanaKOS Molecular Lab:IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898care@koshealthcare.comwww.koshealthcare.comwww.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



NAME



Dr. Vinay Chopra Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** : Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA AGE/ GENDER : 69 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID COLLECTED BY** REG. NO./LAB NO. : **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE BARCODE NO.** : A0465291 **COLLECTION DATE** CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD **REPORTING DATE CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit LYMPHOCYTES 40 % by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY EOSINOPHILS 1 % by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY MONOCYTES % 6 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY BASOPHILS % 0 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT 4706 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY 3552 ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 89 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 533 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT 0 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY

PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS.

PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	
PLATELETCRIT (PCT)	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC)	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR)	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	

260000

0.27

10

27

16.2

70000

:1586356

:042408210002 : 21/Aug/2024 09:02 AM : 21/Aug/2024 02:45PM : 21/Aug/2024 03:20PM

20 - 40

1-6

2 - 12

0 - 1

2000 - 7500

800 - 4900

40 - 440

80 - 880

0 - 110

/cmm

%

fL

%

%

/cmm

150000 - 450000

0.10 - 0.36

6.50 - 12.0

11.0 - 45.0

15.0 - 17.0

30000 - 90000

Biological Reference interval

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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD		ΓING DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 05:36PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AN			. 21/ Mag, 202 1 00:001 M
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	GLY	COSYLATED HAEMOGL	OBIN (HBA1C)	
GLYCOSYLATED HAEM		8.9 ^H	%	4.0 - 6.4
ESTIMATED AVERAGE	MANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) PLASMA GLUCOSE MANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	208.73 ^H	mg/dL	60.00 - 140.00
	AS PER AMERICAN DIABET			
	FERENCE GROUP	GLYCOSYLATED HE	Moglogib (Hbaic) i	n %
	etic Adults >= 18 years	<5.7		
	Risk (Prediabetes)		7 - 6.4	
Dia	gnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5	
		3	> 19 Years	
These is the	anala fan alumania control	Goals of Therapy:	< 7.0	-
Therapeutic	goals for glycemic control	Actions Suggested:	>8.0	
		Λαο	< 19 Years	
		Goal of therapy:	<7.5	

COMMENTS:

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.

2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate. 4. High

HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5. Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.





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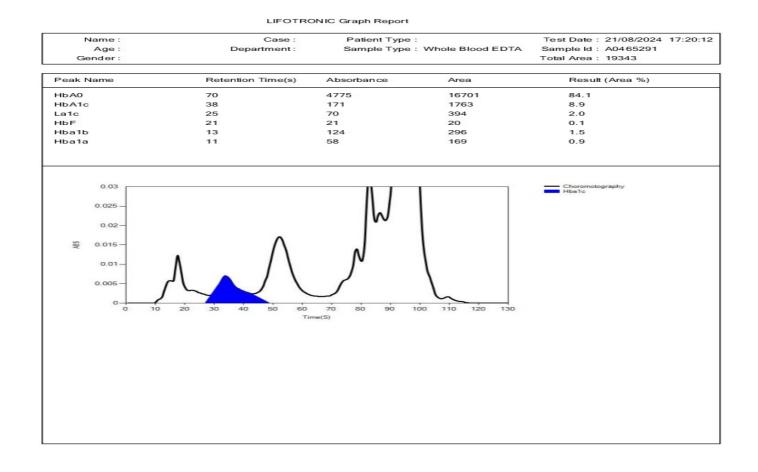
DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







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Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval







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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ERYT	HROCYTE SEDIMEN	ITATION RATE (ESF	R)
	MENTATION RATE (ESR) RGREN AUTOMATED METHOD	24 ^H	mm/1st h	nr 0 - 20
1. ESR is a non-speci	does not tell the health practition	oner exactly where the	inflammation is in the	on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such

CONDITION WITH LOW ESR

A low ESR can be seen with conditions that inhibit the normal sedimentation of red blood cells, such as a high red blood cell count

(polycythaemia), significantly high white blood cell count (leucocytosis), and some protein abnormalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such as sickle cells in sickle cell anaemia) also lower the ESR.

NOTE:

ESR and C - reactive protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammation.
 Generally, ESR does not change as rapidly as does CRP, either at the start of inflammation or as it resolves.

CRP is not affected by as many other factors as is ESR, making it a better marker of inflammation.
 If the ESR is elevated, it is typically a result of two types of proteins, globulins or fibrinogen.
 Women tend to have a higher ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy can cause temporary elevations.

6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it





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BARCODE NO.	: A0465289	COLI	ECTION DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 02:42PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD	REPO	DRTING DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 03:57PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	CLINI	CAL CHEMISTRY	/BIOCHEMISTR	Y
		GLUCOSE FAS	TING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA 185.8 by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)		185.86 ^H	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0
1. A fasting plasma g 2. A fasting plasma g test (after consumpti 3. A fasting plasma g	H AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIAT lucose level below 100 mg/dl is c lucose level between 100 - 125 m ion of 75 gms of glucose) is recom lucose level of above 125 mg/dl i ing plasma glucose level in excess	onsidered normal. ng/dl is considered as g imended for all such pa s highly suggestive of g	liabetic state. A repe	prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood at post-prandial is strongly recommended for al natory for diabetic state.





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:	R	EGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 09:02 AM
: A0465293	C	OLLECTION DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 02:44PM
: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD	R	EPORTING DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 03:57PM
: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AI	MBALA CANTT		
	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
G	LUCOSE POST	PRANDIAL (PP)	
NDIAL (PP): PLASMA e - peroxidase (god-pod)	243.59 ^H	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 140.00 PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0
	MD (Pathology & N Chairman & Consu : Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA : 69 YRS/FEMALE : : : A0465293 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A G	: 69 YRS/FEMALE P :	MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist MD CEO & Consultant : Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA PATIENT ID : 69 YRS/FEMALE PATIENT ID : REG. NO./LAB NO. : REGISTRATION DATE : A0465293 COLLECTION DATE : KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD REPORTING DATE : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Unit GLUCOSE POST PRANDIAL (PP)

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

A post-prandial plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A post-prandial glucose level between 140 - 200 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A post-prandial plasma glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is necess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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MD (Patho		y Chopra Dr. Yugam Chopra logy & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) & Consultant Pathologist CEO & Consultant Pathologist		(Pathology)
NAME AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE.	: Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA : 69 YRS/FEMALE : : : A0465290 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBA	REG. 1 REGIS COLL D REPO	ENT ID NO./LAB NO. STRATION DATE ECTION DATE RTING DATE	: 1586356 : 042408210002 : 21/Aug/2024 09:02 AM : 21/Aug/2024 02:43PM : 21/Aug/2024 04:46PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAL		1114	Dislocial Defenses interval
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PROFILE	: BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOTAL by CHOLESTEROL OXI		251.66 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.
TRIGLYCERIDES: SERU	JM HATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	279.25 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROL (D by SELECTIVE INHIBITIC		63.88	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 - 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROL: SI by CALCULATED, SPEC		131.93 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLESTER by CALCULATED, SPEC		187.78 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROL:		55.85 ^H	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
by CALCULATED, SPECTF TOTAL LIPIDS: SERUM	1	782.57 ^H	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
by CALCULATED, SPEC CHOLESTEROL/HDL R. by CALCULATED, SPEC	ATIO: SERUM	3.94	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERL by calculated, spec		2.07	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AI	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDI	RATIO: SERUM	4.37	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION:

1.Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for

Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol. 2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	LIV	ER FUNCTION	TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: SE by DIAZOTIZATION, SP		0.39	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	ONJUGATED): SERUM	0.15	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT by CALCULATED, SPEC	(UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.24	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	101.25 ^H	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	162.54 ^H	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SERU		0.62	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPHAT by Para NITROPHENY PROPANOL	ASE: SERUM /L PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	66.77	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMYL by SZASZ, SPECTROP	TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	100.67 ^H	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: SE by BIURET, SPECTROF	RUM	7.05	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM		4.11	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM		2.94	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUM		1.4	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION

NOTE: - To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC	SIGNIFICANCE:

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) V DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Con:			(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1586356
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 042408210002
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 09:02 AM
BARCODE NO.	: A0465290		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 02:43PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 04:46PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, J	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIE	ONEY FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM		24.48	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
-	ATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	0.00		0.40.4.00
CREATININE: SERUN by ENZYMATIC, SPEC		0.89	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN): SERUM		11.44	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
by CALCULATED, SPE		10.05	DATIO	
RATIO: SERUM	OGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	12.85	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			
UREA/CREATININE F		27.51	RATIO	
by CALCULATED, SPE URIC ACID: SERUM	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	4.91	ma/dl	2.50 - 6.80
by URICASE - OXIDAS	SE PEROXIDASE	4.91	mg/dL	2.50 - 0.80
CALCIUM: SERUM		10	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
by ARSENAZO III, SPE		2.92	ma/dl	2.20 4.70
PHOSPHOROUS: SER by phosphomolybe	OATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.92	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES				
SODIUM: SERUM		143.8	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV		4.57	1.4	
POTASSIUM: SERUN by ISE (ION SELECTIV		4.57	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM	/	107.85	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)				
	RULAR FILTERATION RATE			
	RULAR FILTERATION RATE	70.1		
(eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED				

by CALCULATED

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







		Chopra bgy & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugan MD CEO & Consultan	(Pathology)	
NAME	: Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA				
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHI	BAD Rep	ORTING DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 04:46	6PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON RO	AD, AMBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological	Reference interval
 Acute tubular necro Low protein diet an 	d starvation.	:		ithy).	
 Acute tubular necro Low protein diet an Severe liver disease Other causes of dec Repeated dialysis (i Inherited hyperaming SIADH (syndrome on Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 Phenacimide theraging Muscular patients of Muscular patients of Diabetic ketoacidos Should produce an indo Cephalosporin theraging 	osis. Id starvation. 2. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine monemias (urea is virtually f inappropiate antidiuretic h 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREAT py (accelerates conversion of eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. sis (acetoacetate causes fals creased BUN/creatinine rati apy (interferes with creatini	diffuses out of extracellul absent in blood). narmone) due to tubular se TININE: of creatine to creatinine). se increase in creatinine w o).	ecretion of urea.		Il ratio when dehydratio
 Acute tubular necro Low protein diet an Severe liver disease Other causes of dec Repeated dialysis (i Inherited hyperaming SIADH (syndrome on Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 Phenacimide theraging Muscular patients of Muscular patients of Diabetic ketoacidos Should produce an indo Cephalosporin theraging 	osis. Id starvation. Ecreased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine monemias (urea is virtually f inappropiate antidiuretic h 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREA py (accelerates conversion of eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. sis (acetoacetate causes fals creased BUN/creatinine rati	diffuses out of extracellul absent in blood). narmone) due to tubular se TININE: of creatine to creatinine). se increase in creatinine w o). ne measurement).	ecretion of urea. ith certain methodolo		I ratio when dehydratio
 Acute tubular necro Low protein diet an Severe liver disease Other causes of dec Repeated dialysis (i Inherited hyperaming SIADH (syndrome on Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 Phenacimide theraging Rhabdomyolysis (reg Muscular patients of Diabetic ketoacidos Should produce an ind Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERU CKD STAGE 	osis. Id starvation. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine monemias (urea is virtually f inappropiate antidiuretic h o:1) WITH INCREASED CREAT py (accelerates conversion of eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. sis (acetoacetate causes fais creased BUN/creatinine rati apy (interferes with creatini LAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney faither and a second Normal kidney faither and a second creased busing the second creased busing the second model of the second creased busing the second creased	diffuses out of extracellul absent in blood). narmone) due to tubular se TININE: of creatine to creatinine). se increase in creatinine w o). ne measurement). <u>ON GFR (mL/m</u> function > ⁰	ecretion of urea. ith certain methodolo in/1.73m2) AS	ogies,resulting in norma SOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria	I ratio when dehydratio
 Acute tubular necro Low protein diet an Severe liver disease Other causes of dec Repeated dialysis (i Inherited hyperaming SIADH (syndrome on Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 Phenacimide theraing Rhabdomyolysis (reg Muscular patients on Muscular patients on Diabetic ketoacidos Should produce an ind Cephalosporin theraing CKD STAGE 	osis. Id starvation. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine monemias (urea is virtually f inappropiate antidiuretic h o:1) WITH INCREASED CREAT py (accelerates conversion of eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. is (acetoacetate causes fais creased BUN/creatinine rati apy (interferes with creatini ILAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTIO Normal kidney fait Kidney damag	diffuses out of extracellul absent in blood). narmone) due to tubular se TININE: of creatine to creatinine). se increase in creatinine w to). ne measurement). ON GFR (mL/m function >0	ecretion of urea. ith certain methodolo in/1.73m2) AS	ogies,resulting in norma SOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria resence of Protein ,	I ratio when dehydratio
 Acute tubular necro Low protein diet an Severe liver disease Other causes of dec Repeated dialysis (i Inherited hyperaming SIADH (syndrome on Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 Phenacimide theraging Rhabdomyolysis (reg Muscular patients on Muscular patients on Diabetic ketoacidos Should produce an ind Cephalosporin theraging CKD STAGE G1 	osis. Id starvation. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine monemias (urea is virtually f inappropiate antidiuretic h o:1) WITH INCREASED CREAT py (accelerates conversion of eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. sis (acetoacetate causes fais creased BUN/creatinine rati apy (interferes with creatini LAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney faither and a second Normal kidney faither and a second creased busing the second creased busing the second model of the second creased busing the second creased	diffuses out of extracellul absent in blood). narmone) due to tubular se TININE: of creatine to creatinine). se increase in creatinine w io). ne measurement). <u>ON GFR (mL/m</u> function > ⁰ h GFR	ecretion of urea. ith certain methodolo in/1.73m2) AS	ogies,resulting in norma SOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria	Il ratio when dehydratio

G4

G5

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

Severe decrease in GFR

Kidney failure

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

15-29

<15







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiolo Chairman & Consultant Path		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA		
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD	REPORTING DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 04:46PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA C	ANTT	
Test Name	Valu	e Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







Dr. Vinay ChopraDr. Yugam ChopraMD (Pathology & Microbiology)MD (Pathology)Chairman & Consultant PathologistCEO & Consultant Pathologist				
NAME	: Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA			
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD	, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		IRON	PROFILE	
IRON: SERUM	TROPHOTOMETRY	76.3	μg/dL	37.0 - 145.0
UNSATURATED IROI	N BINDING CAPACITY (UIBC)	209.14	μg/dL	150.0 - 336.0
by FERROZINE, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETERY			
TOTAL IRON BINDIN	G CAPACITY (TIBC)	285.44	μg/dL	230 - 430
:SERUM by SPECTROPHOTON	IETEDV			
%TRANSFERRIN SAT	URATION: SERUM	26.73	%	15.0 - 50.0
by CALCULATED, SPE TRANSFERRIN: SERU by SPECTROPHOTON		202.66	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0
INTERPRETATION:-				
VARIAE	SLES ANEMIA OF C	HRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMI	A THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased
IDON.			

IRON:

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.

It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.
 TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):

 It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.
 TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1. Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

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KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 care@koshealthcare.com www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micro Chairman & Consultant	obiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/FEMALE	P	ATIENT ID	: 1586356
COLLECTED BY	:	R	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 042408210002
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD	R	EPORTING DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 04:46PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBA	Value		Biological Reference interval
		ENDOCRI	NOLOGY	
	THYR	OID FUNCTI	ON TEST: TOTAL	
TRIIODOTHYRONINE by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN	E (T3): SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	0.859	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): SE	RUM iescent microparticle immunoassay)	10.42	µgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN 3rd GENERATION, ULT <u>INTERPRETATION:</u> TSH levels are subject to day has influence on the trilodothyronine (T3).Fai	circadian variation, reaching peak levels betwe	lates the produce	ction and secretion of the me	0.35 - 5.50 m. The variation is of the order of 50%.Hence time of the etabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4)and er underproduction (hypothyroidism) or

CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levles in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	(RONINE (T3)	THYROX	NE (T4)	THYROID STIMUL	ATING HORMONE (TSH)
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist		(Pathology)
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Test Name			Value	Unit	:	Biological Reference interval
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11-19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87- 13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECO	MMENDATIONS OF TSH L	EVELS DURING PRE	GNANCY (µIU/mL)	•	
1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50			
2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00			
3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10			

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4.Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugan MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)	
NAME	: Mrs. SAROJ GUPTA				
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/FEMALE	PATIEN	IT ID	: 1586356	
COLLECTED BY		DEC N	D./LAB NO.	: 042408210002	
REFERRED BY	:		RATION DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 09:02 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: A0465292	COLLECTION DATE		: 21/Aug/2024 02:50PM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD	REPOR	TING DATE	: 21/Aug/2024 03:53PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
		CLINICAL PATHO	DLOGY		
		OUTINE & MICROSCO	PIC EXAMINAT	ΓΙΟΝ	
PHYSICAL EXAMINA	TION				
QUANTITY RECIEVE	D	10	ml		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY COLOUR by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		10			
		AMBER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW	
		CLEAR			
	TRANSPARANCY			CLEAR	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY SPECIFIC GRAVITY		<=1.005		1.002 - 1.030	
	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	<-1.005		1.002 1.000	
CHEMICAL EXAMINA	ATION				
REACTION		ACIDIC			
	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.0.0.0			
PROTEIN		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
-	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
SUGAR by DIP STICK/REFLEC	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2+		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
pH		5.5		5.0 - 7.5	
1	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
BILIRUBIN		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negotius			
NITRITE	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
UROBILINOGEN		Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0	
	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		20, 02		
KETONE BODIES		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Need			
BLOOD	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
ASCORBIC ACID		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



NANGE



EXCELLENCE IN HEALTHCARE & DIAGNOSTICS

Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD	REPORT	ING DATE		
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AI	MBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) NEGA		NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3	

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	1-3	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	4-5	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

*** End Of Report ***





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

V DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

