

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	obiology)	Dr. Yugam C MD (Pat CEO & Consultant Pat	hology)
NAME	: Mr. VIKRAMDEEP SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 31 YRS/MALE	PATIE	NT ID :	1669702
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. N	0./LAB NO. :	042411120002
REFERRED BY	:			12/Nov/2024 02:14 PM
BARCODE NO.	: A0465955			12/Nov/2024 03:18PM
CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB/		ETING DATE :	12/Nov/2024 03:28PM
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWAST	HYA WELLNE	SS PANEL: 1.0	
	COMP	LETE BLOOD C	OUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS	S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (H	B)	16.3	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
by CALORIMETRIC RED BLOOD CELL (5.93 ^H	Millions/cm	m 3.50 - 5.00
ACKED CELL VOL		50.1	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	NUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER AR VOLUME (MCV) NUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	84.5	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	27.4	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) NUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	32.5	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIB	UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	13.3	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIB	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD)	42.4	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		14.25	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INI by calculated WHITE BLOOD CE		18.89	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
		6500	/cmm	4000 - 11000
FOTAL LEUCOCYTE				
FOTAL LEUCOCYTE by flow cytometry NUCLEATED RED E	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) RT HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL		0.00 - 20.00





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Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	59	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	25	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	8 ^H	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	8	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	3835	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1625	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	520 ^H	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	520	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	/cmm	0 - 110
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	MARKERS.		
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	288000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.33	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	11	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	103000 ^H	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	35.7	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	16.1	%	15.0 - 17.0



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval





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LIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNO	STIC SHAHBAD		REPORTING DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 03:37PM
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NIC	HOLSON ROAD, AM	IBALA CANTT	ſ	
Fest Name			Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
mmune disease, but 2. An ESR can be affe as C-reactive protein	GATION BY CAPILL ic test because a does not tell the cted by other co be used to moni	RATE (ESR) ARY PHOTOMETRY n elevated result o health practitione nditions besides inf	5 often indicates rr exactly when flammation. F	re the inflammation is in the or this reason, the ESR is ty	hr 0 - 20





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

PERIPHERAL BLOOD SMEAR FOR MALARIA

PERIPHERAL BLOOD SMEAR FOR MALARIAL PARASITE (MP) by MICROSCOPY

NO MALARIA PARASITE (MP) SEEN IN SMEAR EXAMINED



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICH	OLSON ROAD, AN	MBALA CANT	Т	
Test Name			Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		CLINICA	L CHEMI	STRY/BIOCHEMIST	'RY
			GLUCOS	E FASTING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING	G (F): PLASMA Se - peroxidase (Go	DD-POD)	89.64	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	GL	UCOSE POS	T PRANDIAL (PP)	
	ANDIAL (PP): PLASMA e - peroxidase (god-pod)	100.22	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 140.00 PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 200.0

INTERPRETATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES: 1. A post-prandial plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal. 2. A post-prandial glucose level between 140 - 200 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A post-prandial plasma glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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SO 9001 : 2008 CERT	Dr. Vinay (MD (Patholog	C hopra y & Microbiology) consultant Pathologist		(Pathology)
NAME				
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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
			FILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO by CHOLESTEROL O		148.45	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S by GLYCEROL PHOSE	ERUM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	142.52	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTERO	L (DIRECT): SERUM Non	36.92	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 - 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTERO by CALCULATED, SPE		83.03	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLES' by CALCULATED, SPE		111.53	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTER		28.5	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SEF	RUM	439.42	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
by CALCULATED, STE CHOLESTEROL/HE by CALCULATED, SPE	DL RATIO: SERUM	4.02	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0

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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		2.25	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	IDL RATIO: SERUM	3.86	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for

Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol. 2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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	LIVER	FUNCTION 7	TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL by DIAZOTIZATION, S	: SERUM PECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.62 ^H	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	Г (CONJUGATED): SERUM spectrophotometry	0.39	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRE	ECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	2.23 ^H	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM	[/RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	19.3	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM	[/RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	12.8	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPI	ERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.51	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSP by PARA NITROPHEN PROPANOL	HATASE: SERUM IYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	119.86	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTRO	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	12.87	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		7.54	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM		3.97	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM		3.57 ^H	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERU		1.11	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

Dr. Vinay Chopra

USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)



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	Dr. Vinay Cho		am Chopra

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DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANO	:Е:

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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	KIDNE	Y FUNCTION T	EST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM		22.53	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
by UREASE - GLUTAN	IATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)		0	
CREATININE: SERU		1.21	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
BLOOD UREA NITR	ROGEN (BUN): SERUM	10.53	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
by CALCULATED, SPE				10.0 00.0
RATIO: SERUM	ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	8.7 ^L	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
by CALCULATED, SPE				
UREA/CREATININ by CALCULATED, SPE		18.62	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM		6.17	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
by URICASE - OXIDAS	SE PEROXIDASE	10.10		0.50 10.00
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPE	CTROPHOTOMETRY	10.16	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: SE	ERUM	2.53	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
by PHOSPHOMOLYBE <u>ELECTROLYTES</u>	DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
SODIUM: SERUM		140.4	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV	'E ELECTRODE)	140.4	IIIII01/ L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERU		3.9	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
by ISE (ION SELECTIV CHLORIDE: SERUM		105.3	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV	(E ELECTRODE)	100.0		
	IERULAR FILTERATION RATE			
(eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED	ERULAR FILTERATION RATE	82.1		
INTERPRETATION:				

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

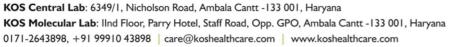




	Dr. Vinay Chopr MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar		obiology)	Dr. Y CEO & Con	ugam Cho MD (Patho sultant Patho	ology)			
IAME	: Mr. VIKRAMI	DEEP SINGH							
GE/ GENDER	: 31 YRS/MALE		I	PATIENT ID	: 1	669702			
COLLECTED BY	:		I	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 0	4241112000	2		
EFERRED BY	•			REGISTRATION DA		2/Nov/2024 02			
ARCODE NO.	: A0465954			COLLECTION DATI		2/Nov/202403			
LIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOS			REPORTING DATE		2/Nov/20240			
				KEPUKIING DAIE		2/ NOV/ 2024 04	4.30111		
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICH	OLSON ROAD, AMB.	ALA CANTI						
Fest Name			Value	Uni	it	Biologi	cal Refere	ence interv	al
NCREASED RATIO (>2		ED CREATININE LEVI		ne) (e.a. obstructive	uropathy).				
NCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Perenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< Acute tubular necr Low protein diet ar Severe liver diseas Other causes of de Repeated dialysis Nherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome of Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an in Cephalosporin ther STIMATED GLOMER	20:1) WITH ELEVAT a (BUN rises dispro- superimposed on IO:1) WITH DECRE, osis. ad starvation. e. creased urea synt (urea rather than monemias (urea in the synthesis (urea in finappropiate ar IO:1) WITH INCREA py (accelerates co eleases muscle cr who develop rema- sis (acetoacetate creased BUN/crea- rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION	ED CREATININE LEVE oportionately more to renal disease. ASED BUN : chesis. creatinine diffuses of s virtually absent in itidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine eatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). ith creatinine measu RATE:	than creatinin but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatinine e in creatinin rement).	ellular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). e with certain meth	hodologies,r		mal ratio v	vhen dehyd	ratio
NCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< Acute tubular necr Low protein diet ar Severe liver diseas Other causes of de Repeated dialysis Inherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome of Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an in Cephalosporin ther STIMATED GLOMERL CKD STAGE	20:1) WITH ELEVAT a (BUN rises dispro- superimposed on IO:1) WITH DECRE, osis. ad starvation. e. creased urea synt (urea rather than monemias (urea if inappropiate ar IO:1) WITH INCREA py (accelerates co eleases muscle cr who develop rena- sis (acetoacetate creased BUN/crea- rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION	ED CREATININE LEVE oportionately more to renal disease. ASED BUN : chesis. creatinine diffuses of s virtually absent in itidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine eatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). ith creatinine measu RATE: DESCRIPTION	than creatinin but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatinine e in creatinin rement).	Ilular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). e with certain meth L/min/1.73m2)	hodologies,r	TED FINDINGS	mal ratio v	vhen dehyd	ratio
NCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia ECREASED RATIO (< Acute tubular necr Low protein diet ar Severe liver diseas Other causes of de Repeated dialysis (Inherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome of Pregnancy. ECREASED RATIO (< Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an in Cephalosporin ther STIMATED GLOMERU	20:1) WITH ELEVAT a (BUN rises dispro- superimposed on IO:1) WITH DECRE. osis. ad starvation. e. creased urea synt (urea rather than monemias (urea in the synthesis (urea in finappropiate ar IO:1) WITH INCREA py (accelerates con- eleases muscle cr who develop remains is (acetoacetate creased BUN/creations is (acetoacetate) is (acetoacetate)	ED CREATININE LEVI oportionately more in renal disease. ASED BUN : chesis. creatinine diffuses of s virtually absent in itidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine eatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). ith creatinine measu RATE: DESCRIPTION hal kidney function ney damage with	than creatinin but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatinine e in creatinin rement).	ellular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). e with certain meth	hodologies,r ASSOCIA No p Presence	TED FINDINGS roteinuria e of Protein ,		vhen dehyd	ratio
VCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia VECREASED RATIO (< Acute tubular necr Low protein diet al Severe liver diseas Other causes of de Repeated dialysis (Inherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome of Pregnancy. VECREASED RATIO (< Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Muscular patients VAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an in Cephalosporin ther STIMATED GLOMERI G1 G2	20:1) WITH ELEVAT a (BUN rises dispro- superimposed on IO:1) WITH DECRE. osis. ad starvation. e. creased urea synt (urea rather than monemias (urea in the synthesis (urea in finappropiate ar IO:1) WITH INCREA py (accelerates con- eleases muscle cr who develop remains is (acetoacetate creased BUN/crea- rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION Norm Kid not	ED CREATININE LEVI oportionately more in renal disease. ASED BUN : chesis. creatinine diffuses of s virtually absent in itidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine eatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). ith creatinine measu RATE: DESCRIPTION hal kidney function ney damage with rmal or high GFR	than creatinin but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatinine e in creatinin rement).	Ilular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). e with certain meth L/min/1.73m2) >90 >90	hodologies,r ASSOCIA No p Presence	TED FINDINGS roteinuria		vhen dehyd	ratio
VCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia VECREASED RATIO (< Acute tubular necr Low protein diet ar Severe liver diseas Other causes of de Repeated dialysis (Inherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome of Pregnancy. VECREASED RATIO (< Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Muscular patients VAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an in Cephalosporin ther STIMATED GLOMERI G1 G2 G3a	20:1) WITH ELEVAT a (BUN rises dispro- superimposed on IO:1) WITH DECRE. osis. and starvation. e. creased urea synt (urea rather than monemias (urea in finappropiate ar IO:1) WITH INCREA py (accelerates co eleases muscle cr who develop rena- is (acetoacetate creased BUN/crea- rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION Norm Kid noi	ED CREATININE LEVI oportionately more in renal disease. ASED BUN : chesis. creatinine diffuses of s virtually absent in itidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine eatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). ith creatinine measu RATE: DESCRIPTION hal kidney function ney damage with	than creatinin but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatinine e in creatinin rement).	Ilular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). e with certain meth L/min/1.73m2) >90 >90 60 -89	hodologies,r ASSOCIA No p Presence	TED FINDINGS roteinuria e of Protein ,		vhen dehyd	ratio
VCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< Acute tubular necr Low protein diet an Severe liver diseas Other causes of de Repeated dialysis Inherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome of Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Muscular patients VAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an in Cephalosporin ther STIMATED GLOMERI G1 G2	20:1) WITH ELEVAT a (BUN rises dispro- superimposed on IO:1) WITH DECRE. osis. and starvation. e. creased urea synt (urea rather than monemias (urea in of inappropiate ar IO:1) WITH INCRE. py (accelerates co eleases muscle cr who develop rena- is (acetoacetate creased BUN/crea- apy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION Norm Kid Norm Kid Noder	ED CREATININE LEVI oportionately more in renal disease. ASED BUN : Chesis. Creatinine diffuses of s virtually absent in itidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine eatinine). al failure. Causes false increase attinine ratio). ith creatinine measur RATE: DESCRIPTION nal kidney function ney damage with rmal or high GFR d decrease in GFR	than creatinin but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatinine e in creatinin rement).	Ilular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). e with certain meth L/min/1.73m2) >90 >90	hodologies,r ASSOCIA No p Presence	TED FINDINGS roteinuria e of Protein ,		vhen dehyd	ratio



DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)









	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiolo Chairman & Consultant Path		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. VIKRAMDEEP SINGH		
AGE/ GENDER	: 31 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1669702
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 042411120002
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 02:14 PM
BARCODE NO.	: A0465954	COLLECTION DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 03:18PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD	REPORTING DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 04:30PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA C	ANTT	
Test Name	Valu	ie Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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	Chairman & Const	ultant Pathologist	CEO & Consultant	Pathologist	
NAME	: Mr. VIKRAMDEEP SINGH				
AGE/ GENDER	: 31 YRS/MALE	PA	FIENT ID	: 1669702	
COLLECTED BY	:	RE	G. NO./LAB NO.	: 042411120002	
REFERRED BY	:	RE	GISTRATION DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 02:14 PM	
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD	RE	PORTING DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 04:30PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference	interval
	IMM	UNOPATHOL	OGY/SEROLOGY	Ϋ́	
		C-REACTIVE PR	OTEIN (CRP)		
C-REACTIVE PROT SERUM by NEPHLOMETRY INTERPRETATION:	EIN (CRP) QUANTITATIVE:	2.31	mg/L	0.0 - 6.0	

ESR, CRP levels are not influenced by hematologic conditions like Anemia, Polycythemia etc., y being earn .SR. Unlike t 5. Elevated values are consistent with an acute inflammatory process. NOTE:

Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP) values are nonspecific and should not be interpreted without a complete clinical history.
 Oral contraceptives may increase CRP levels.





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	MD (I	Vinay Chopra Pathology & Micro man & Consultan	obiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. VIKRAMDEE	P SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 31 YRS/MALE			PATIENT ID	: 1669702
COLLECTED BY	:			REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 042411120002
REFERRED BY	:			REGISTRATION DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 02:14 PM
BARCODE NO.	: A0465954			COLLECTION DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 03:18PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC	SHAHBAD		REPORTING DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 04:30PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLS	ON ROAD, AMBA	ALA CANTT		
Test Name		_	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
L					
	RHE	UMATOID FA	ACTOR (I	RA): QUANTITATIVE	- SERUM
RHEUMATOID (RA) SERUM by NEPHLOMETRY	FACTOR QUANTIT	ATIVE:	3.18	IU/mL	NEGATIVE: < 18.0 BORDERLINE: 18.0 - 25.0 POSITIVE: > 25.0
 Over 75% of patient useful although it may Inflammatory Mark The titer of RF correct The test is useful fic RHEUMATOID ARTHIRI Rheumatoid Arthirithmembrane lining (sym The disease spreda Patients factor is not specific (spred) Patients with various in the specific (spred) Anti-CCP have been specific (spred) 	k (RF) are antibodies to the with rheumatoid at y not be etiologically ers such as ESR & C-Felates poorly with disor diagnosis and progristics is a systemic autorovium) joints which is from small to large to k is primarily based of ctor. IVE:- cific for Rheumatoid and rheumatoid arthritis for a cheumatoid dise polymyositis, tubercul discovered in joints of factor.	arthritis (RA) have related to RA. Reactive protein (ease activity, but prosis of rheuma pimmune disease ledas to progress joints, with grea in clinical, radiolo rthiritis, as it is of (RA) populations of nonrheumator ases, characterize losis, syphilis, vira f patients with RA	e an IgM an (CRP) are no those patie toid arthriti e that is mul sive joint de test damag ogical & imm ften present are not clea id patients h d by chronic I hepatitis, i h, but not in	ormal in about 60 % of patie ents with high titers tend to is. Iti-functional in origin and is estruction and in most case: e in early phase. munological features.The m in healthy individuals with or arly separate with regard to have a positive titer). c inflammation may have posi-	lin. This autoantibody (RF) is diagnostically nts with positive RA. have more severe disease course. scharacterized by chronic inflammation of the s to disability and reduction of quality life. ost frequent serological test is the ther autoimmune diseases and chronic infections. the presence of rheumatoid factor (RF) (15% of itive tests for RF. These diseases include systemic d influenza. hti-CCP2 is HIGHLY SENSITIVE (71%) & more





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		Chopra y & Microbiology) consultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. VIKRAMDEEP SING	ſ		
AGE/ GENDER	: 31 YRS/MALE	PATI	ENT ID	: 1669702
COLLECTED BY	:	REG.	NO./LAB NO.	: 042411120002
REFERRED BY	:	REGI	STRATION DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 02:14 PM
BARCODE NO.	: A0465954	COLL	ECTION DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 03:18PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBA	AD REPC	RTING DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 03:36PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA	D, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ĸ	IDAL SLIDE AGGLU	FINATION TEST	
SALMONELLA TYP		1:40	TITRE	1:80
by SLIDE AGGLUTINA SALMONELLA TYP by SLIDE AGGLUTINA	HI H	1:20	TITRE	1:160
SALMONELLA PAR		NIL	TITRE	1:160
SALMONELLA PAR by SLIDE AGGLUTINA	АТҮРНІ ВН	NIL	TITRE	1:160

INTERPRETATION:

1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant.

2. Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

LIMITATIONS:

1. Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.

2.Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.

3.A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.

4.A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

NOTE:

1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever *i.e* High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repitition of the test after a week.

2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.

3.H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in Oagglutinins indicate recent infection.





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Page 17 of 19



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	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cor		Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. VIKRAMDEEP SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 31 YRS/MALE	PATI	ENT ID	: 1669702
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. 1	NO./LAB NO.	: 042411120002
REFERRED BY	:		STRATION DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 02:14 PM
BARCODE NO.	: A0465956		ECTION DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 03:24PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC SHAHBAD		RTING DATE	: 12/Nov/2024 03:43PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		CLINICAL PAT	HOLOGY	
	URINE RO	OUTINE & MICROS	COPIC EXAMINA	ATION
PHYSICAL EXAMIN				
QUANTITY RECIEV		10	ml	
COLOUR		PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
TRANSPARANCY	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	CLEAR		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.01		1.002 - 1.030
<u>CHEMICAL EXAMI</u>	NATION			
REACTION by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ALKALINE		
PROTEIN by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
pH by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	7.5		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
NITRITE	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BLOOD	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
ASCORBIC ACID	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-vej)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
RED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCs)	NEGATIVE (-ve)) /HPF	0 - 3



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Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	: Mr. VIKRAMDEEP SINGH		
AGE/ GENDER	: 31 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1669702
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Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval

Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	1-3	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	0-2	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

** End Of Report ***



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