



# P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

**A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE**

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ pkrijainhealthcare@gmail.com

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.

**NAME** : Mrs. SUKHWINDER KAUR  
**AGE/ GENDER** : 49 YRS/FEMALE  
**COLLECTED BY** :  
**REFERRED BY** :  
**BARCODE NO.** : 12503425  
**CLIENT CODE.** : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE  
**CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

**PATIENT ID** : 1538032  
**REG. NO./LAB NO.** : 122407040001  
**REGISTRATION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 08:37 AM  
**COLLECTION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 10:08AM  
**REPORTING DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 04:51PM

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## HAEMATOLOGY

### GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	7.4 <sup>H</sup>	%	4.0 - 6.4
ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	165.68 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	60.00 - 140.00

**INTERPRETATION:**

#### AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA):

REFERENCE GROUP	GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) in %	
Non diabetic Adults >= 18 years	<5.7	
At Risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 – 6.4	
Diagnosing Diabetes	>= 6.5	
Therapeutic goals for glycemic control	Age > 19 Years	
	Goals of Therapy:	< 7.0
	Actions Suggested:	>8.0
	Age < 19 Years	
	Goal of therapy:	<7.5

#### COMMENTS:

- Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliance with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.
- Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.
- Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.
- High
- HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications
- Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.
- HbA1c results from patients with HbSS, HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control.
- Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increase in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



DR. VINAY CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR. YUGAM CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





# P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

**A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE**

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ pkrrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

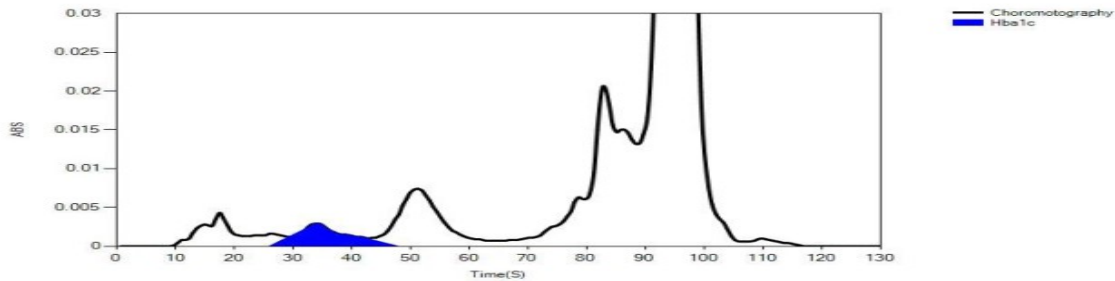
**NAME** : Mrs. SUKHWINDER KAUR  
**AGE/ GENDER** : 49 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1538032  
**COLLECTED BY** : **REG. NO./LAB NO.** : 122407040001  
**REFERRED BY** : **REGISTRATION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 08:37 AM  
**BARCODE NO.** : 12503425 **COLLECTION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 10:08AM  
**CLIENT CODE.** : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE **REPORTING DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 04:51PM  
**CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## LIFOTRONIC Graph Report

Name :	Case :	Patient Type :	Test Date : 04/07/2024 16:40:49
Age :	Department :	Sample Type : Whole Blood EDTA	Sample Id : 12503425
Gender :			Total Area : 9992

Peak Name	Retention Time(s)	Absorbance	Area	Result (Area %)
HbA0	70	2439	8772	84.5
HbA1c	37	74	766	7.4
La1c	25	30	231	2.2
HbF	19	16	20	0.2
Hba1b	12	43	115	1.1
Hba1a	10	28	88	0.8



DR.VINAY CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





# P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

**A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE**

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961

✉ [pkrajainhealthcare@gmail.com](mailto:pkrajainhealthcare@gmail.com)

**NAME** : Mrs. SUKHWINDER KAUR

**AGE/ GENDER** : 49 YRS/FEMALE

**COLLECTED BY** :

**REFERRED BY** :

**BARCODE NO.** : 12503425

**CLIENT CODE.** : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

**CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

**PATIENT ID** : 1538032

**REG. NO./LAB NO.** : 122407040001

**REGISTRATION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 08:37 AM

**COLLECTION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 10:08AM

**REPORTING DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 04:43PM

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

### LIPID PROFILE : BASIC

**CHOLESTEROL TOTAL: SERUM**  
by CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE PAP

251.15<sup>H</sup> mg/dL

OPTIMAL: < 200.0  
BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0  
HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0

**TRIGLYCERIDES: SERUM**  
by GLYCEROL PHOSPHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)

272.51<sup>H</sup> mg/dL

OPTIMAL: < 150.0  
BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0  
HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0  
VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0

**HDL CHOLESTEROL (DIRECT): SERUM**  
by SELECTIVE INHIBITION

52.87 mg/dL

LOW HDL: < 30.0  
BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 - 60.0  
HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0

**LDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM**  
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

143.78<sup>H</sup> mg/dL

OPTIMAL: < 100.0  
ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0  
BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0  
HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0  
VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0

**NON HDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM**  
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

198.28<sup>H</sup> mg/dL

OPTIMAL: < 130.0  
ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0  
BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0  
HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0  
VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0

**VLDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM**  
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

54.5<sup>H</sup> mg/dL

0.00 - 45.00

**TOTAL LIPIDS: SERUM**  
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

774.81<sup>H</sup> mg/dL

350.00 - 700.00

**CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO: SERUM**  
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

4.75<sup>H</sup> RATIO


LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40  
AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0  
MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0  
HIGH RISK: > 11.0


**LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM**

2.72 RATIO

LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0



  
DR.VINAY CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
DR.YUGAM CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





# P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

**A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE**

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ [pkrajainhealthcare@gmail.com](mailto:pkrajainhealthcare@gmail.com)

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. SUKHWINDER KAUR	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1538032
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 49 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 122407040001
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 04/Jul/2024 08:37 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 04/Jul/2024 10:08AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 12503425	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 04/Jul/2024 04:43PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0

HIGH RISK: > 6.0

**TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM**

5.15<sup>H</sup>

**RATIO**

**3.00 - 5.00**

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

**INTERPRETATION:**

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological & analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.
2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.
3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lp(a), Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co-primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL.
5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP, Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement



DR. VINAY CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR. YUGAM CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







# P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

**A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE**

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

**NAME** : Mrs. SUKHWINDER KAUR  
**AGE/ GENDER** : 49 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1538032  
**COLLECTED BY** : **REG. NO./LAB NO.** : 122407040001  
**REFERRED BY** : **REGISTRATION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 08:37 AM  
**BARCODE NO.** : 12503425 **COLLECTION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 10:08AM  
**CLIENT CODE.** : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE **REPORTING DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 05:42PM  
**CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## IRON PROFILE

IRON: SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	118.9	µg/dL	37.0 - 145.0
UNSATURATED IRON BINDING CAPACITY (UIBC) :SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	280.76	µg/dL	150.0 - 336.0
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC) :SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	399.66	µg/dL	230 - 430
%TRANSFERRIN SATURATION: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (FERENE)	29.75	%	15.0 - 50.0
TRANSFERRIN: SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (FERENE)	283.76	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0

### INTERPRETATION:-

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased

### IRON:

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency anemia,anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.  
2. It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.

### TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):

1.It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

### % TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1.Occurs in Idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)





# P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

**A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE**

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

**NAME** : Mrs. SUKHWINDER KAUR  
**AGE/ GENDER** : 49 YRS/FEMALE  
**COLLECTED BY** :  
**REFERRED BY** :  
**BARCODE NO.** : 12503425  
**CLIENT CODE.** : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE  
**CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

**PATIENT ID** : 1538032  
**REG. NO./LAB NO.** : 122407040001  
**REGISTRATION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 08:37 AM  
**COLLECTION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 10:08AM  
**REPORTING DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 04:43PM

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## VITAMINS

### VITAMIN B12/COBALAMIN

VITAMIN B12/COBALAMIN: SERUM 508.1 pg/mL 200 - 940


by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)


#### INTERPRETATION:-

INCREASED VITAMIN B12	DECREASED VITAMIN B12
1. Ingestion of Vitamin C	1. Pregnancy
2. Ingestion of Estrogen	2. DRUGS: Aspirin, Anti-convulsants, Colchicine
3. Ingestion of Vitamin A	3. Ethanol ingestion
4. Hepatocellular injury	4. Contraceptive Hormones
5. Myeloproliferative disorder	5. Haemodialysis
6. Uremia	6. Multiple Myeloma

1. Vitamin B12 (cobalamin) is necessary for hematopoiesis and normal neuronal function.  
2. In humans, it is obtained only from animal proteins and requires intrinsic factor (IF) for absorption.  
3. The body uses its vitamin B12 stores very economically, reabsorbing vitamin B12 from the ileum and returning it to the liver; very little is excreted.  
4. Vitamin B12 deficiency may be due to lack of IF secretion by gastric mucosa (eg, gastrectomy, gastric atrophy) or intestinal malabsorption (eg, ileal resection, small intestinal diseases).  
5. Vitamin B12 deficiency frequently causes macrocytic anemia, glossitis, peripheral neuropathy, weakness, hyperreflexia, ataxia, loss of proprioception, poor coordination, and affective behavioral changes. These manifestations may occur in any combination; many patients have the neurologic defects without macrocytic anemia.  
6. Serum methylmalonic acid and homocysteine levels are also elevated in vitamin B12 deficiency states.  
7. Follow-up testing for antibodies to intrinsic factor (IF) is recommended to identify this potential cause of vitamin B12 malabsorption.  
**NOTE:** A normal serum concentration of vitamin B12 does not rule out tissue deficiency of vitamin B12. The most sensitive test for vitamin B12 deficiency at the cellular level is the assay for MMA. If clinical symptoms suggest deficiency, measurement of MMA and homocysteine should be considered, even if serum vitamin B12 concentrations are normal.



  
DR. VINAY CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
DR. YUGAM CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





# P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

**A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE**

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.

**NAME** : Mrs. SUKHWINDER KAUR  
**AGE/ GENDER** : 49 YRS/FEMALE  
**COLLECTED BY** :  
**REFERRED BY** :  
**BARCODE NO.** : 12503425  
**CLIENT CODE.** : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE  
**CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

**PATIENT ID** : 1538032  
**REG. NO./LAB NO.** : 122407040001  
**REGISTRATION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 08:37 AM  
**COLLECTION DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 10:08AM  
**REPORTING DATE** : 04/Jul/2024 05:17PM

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## VITAMIN B9/FOLIC ACID/FOLATE

VITAMIN B9/FOLIC ACID/FOLATE: SERUM  
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)

14.3

ng/mL

DEFICIENT: < 3.37  
INTERMEDIATE: 3.37 - 5.38  
NORMAL: > 5.38

### INTERPRETATION

RESULT IN ng/mL	REMARKS
0.35 – 3.37	DEFICIENT
3.38 – 5.38	INTERMEDIATE
5.39 – 100.00	NORMAL

### NOTE:

1. Drugs like Methotrexate & Leucovorin interfere with folate measurement
2. To differentiate vitamin B12 & folate deficiency, measurement of Methyl malonic acid in urine & serum Homocysteine level is suggested
3. Risk of toxicity from folic acid is low as it is a water soluble vitamin regularly excreted in urine

### COMMENTS:

1. Folate plays an important role in the synthesis of purine & pyrimidines in the body and is important for the maturation of erythrocytes.
2. It is widely available from plants and to a lesser extent organ meats, but more than half the folate content of food is lost during cooking.
3. Folate deficiency is commonly prevalent in alcoholic liver disease, pregnancy and the elderly. It may result from poor intestinal absorption, nutrition deficiency, excessive demand as in pregnancy or in malignancy and in response to certain drugs like Methotrexate & anticonvulsants.
4. Decreased Levels Megaloblastic anemia, Infantile hyperthyroidism, Alcoholism, Malnutrition, Scurvy, Liver disease, B12 deficiency, dietary amino acid excess, adult Celiac disease, Tropical Sprue, Crohn's disease, Hemolytic anemias, Carcinomas, Myelofibrosis, vitamin B6 deficiency, pregnancy, Whipple's disease, extensive intestinal resection and severe exfoliative dermatitis

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



DR.VINAY CHOPRA

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

