CLIENT CODE.

HAEMOCI ORINI (HR)



PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

■ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ■ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

REPORTING DATE

: 10/Jul/2024 03:34PM

NAME : Mr. C R ARORA

AGE/ GENDER : 82 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1544171

COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122407100002

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 10/Jul/2024 08:04 AM BARCODE NO. : 12503518 **COLLECTION DATE** : 10/Jul/2024 09:29AM

CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

HAEMATOLOGY

COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES

| HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by CALORIMETRIC | 11.8 ^L | gm/aL | 12.0 - 17.0 |
|---|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT | 3.98 | Millions/cmm | 3.50 - 5.00 |
| by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | | | |
| PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) | 35.9 ^L | % | 40.0 - 54.0 |
| by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | | | |
| MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) | 90.2 | fL | 80.0 - 100.0 |
| by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | | | |
| MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) | 29.6 | pg | 27.0 - 34.0 |
| by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | | | |
| MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) | 32.8 | g/dL | 32.0 - 36.0 |
| by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | | | |
| RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) | 14.4 | % | 11.00 - 16.00 |
| by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | | | |
| RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) | 46.6 | fL | 35.0 - 56.0 |
| by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | | | |
| MENTZERS INDEX | 22.66 | RATIO | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 |
| by CALCULATED | | | IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0 |
| GREEN & KING INDEX | 32.58 | RATIO | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < = |
| by CALCULATED | 32.30 | KATIO | |
| by one odenie | | | 65.0 |
| | | | IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0 |

WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)

| TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 2460 ^L | /cmm | 4000 - 11000 |
|---|-------------------|------|--------------|
| NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) | NIL | | 0.00 - 20.00 |
| by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER & | IVIL | | 0.00 - 20.00 |
| MICROSCOPY | | | |
| NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) % | NIL | % | < 10 % |
| by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER & | | | |
| MICROSCOPY | | | |

DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST





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| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
|--|-----------------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 70 | % | 50 - 70 |
| LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 20 | % | 20 - 40 |
| EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | O _L | % | 1 - 6 |
| MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 10 | % | 2 - 12 |
| BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT | 0 | % | 0 - 1 |
| ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 1722 ^L | /cmm | 2000 - 7500 |
| ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 492 ^L | /cmm | 800 - 4900 |
| ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 0 ^L | /cmm | 40 - 440 |
| ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 246 | /cmm | 80 - 880 |
| ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 0 | /cmm | 0 - 110 |
| PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKE | ERS. | | |
| PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 156000 | /cmm | 150000 - 450000 |
| PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 0.18 | % | 0.10 - 0.36 |
| MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 12 | fL | 6.50 - 12.0 |
| PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 62000 | /cmm | 30000 - 90000 |
| PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 39.5 | % | 11.0 - 45.0 |
| PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 16.1 | % | 15.0 - 17.0 |
| ADVICE | KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY | | |

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

RECHECKED.

CLIENT CODE.

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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST





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: 10/Jul/2024 04:15PM

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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

REPORTING DATE

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)

5.7 GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): 4.0 - 6.4

WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY,

ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE 60.00 - 140.00 116.89 mg/dl

by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)

INTERPRETATION:

CLIENT CODE.

| AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA): | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|
| REFERENCE GROUP | GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGL | OGIB (HBAIC) in % |
| Non diabetic Adults >= 18 years | <5.7 | |
| At Risk (Prediabetes) | 5.7 – 6.4 | 4 |
| Diagnosing Diabetes | >= 6.5 | |
| Therapeutic goals for glycemic control | Age > 19 Years | |
| | Goals of Therapy: | < 7.0 |
| | Actions Suggested: | >8.0 |
| | Age < 19 Years | |
| | Goal of therapy: | <7.5 |

COMMENTS:

- 1. Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.
- 2. Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.
- 3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be 4.High
- HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications
- 5. Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.
- 6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-spienctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

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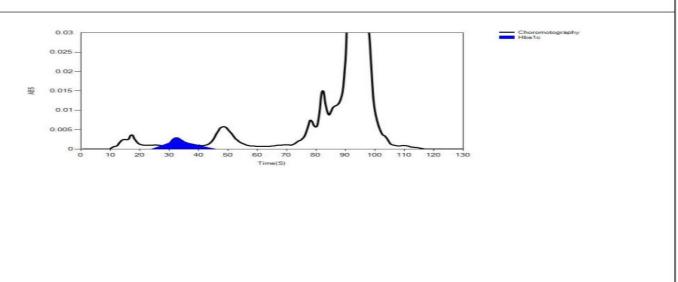
: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

LIFOTRONIC Graph Report

| Name : | Case: | Patient Type : | Test Date: 10/07/2024 15:58:38 |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Age: | Department: | Sample Type: Whole Blood EDTA | Sample ld: 12503518 |
| Gender: | | | Total Area: 10661 |

| Peak Name | Retention Time(s) | Absorbance | Area | Result (Area %) |
|-----------|-------------------|------------|------|-----------------|
| HbA0 | 69 | 3222 | 9676 | 88.8 |
| HbA1c | 35 | 59 | 620 | 5.7 |
| La1c | 28 | 11 | 126 | 1.2 |
| HbF | 24 | 29 | 27 | 0.2 |
| Hba1b | 12 | 37 | 133 | 1.2 |
| Hba1a | 10 | 25 | 79 | 0.7 |





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REPORTING DATE

: 10/Jul/2024 12:32PM

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CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** Test Name

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY GLUCOSE FASTING (F)

90.05 GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA mg/dL NORMAL: < 100.0

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD) PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0

CLIENT CODE.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.

2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

LIVER FUNCTION TEST (COMPLETE)

| BILIRUBIN TOTAL: SERUM by DIAZOTIZATION, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 0.48 | mg/dL | INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20 |
|--|-------|-------|---|
| BILIRUBIN DIRECT (CONJUGATED): SERUM by DIAZO MODIFIED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 0.32 | mg/dL | 0.00 - 0.40 |
| BILIRUBIN INDIRECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 0.16 | mg/dL | 0.10 - 1.00 |
| SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE | 20.72 | U/L | 7.00 - 45.00 |
| SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE | 15.06 | U/L | 0.00 - 49.00 |
| AST/ALT RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 1.38 | RATIO | 0.00 - 46.00 |
| ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: SERUM by PARA NITROPHENYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL PROPANOL | 99.86 | U/L | 40.0 - 130.0 |
| GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM by SZASZ, SPECTROPHTOMETRY | 10.4 | U/L | 0.00 - 55.0 |
| TOTAL PROTEINS: SERUM by BIURET, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 6.56 | gm/dL | 6.20 - 8.00 |
| ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL GREEN | 4.08 | gm/dL | 3.50 - 5.50 |
| GLOBULIN: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 2.48 | gm/dL | 2.30 - 3.50 |
| A : G RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 1.65 | RATIO | 1.00 - 2.00 |

INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

| DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY | > 2 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS_ | > 2 (Highly Suggestive) |
| CIRRHOSIS | 1.4 - 2.0 |
| INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS | > 1.5 |



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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS > 1.3 (Slightly Increased)

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:

| NORMAL | < 0.65 |
|----------------------|-----------|
| GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN | 0.3 - 0.6 |
| POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN | 1.2 - 1.6 |



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mg/dL

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3.60 - 7.70

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34.84

5.09

CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** Test Name **KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST (BASIC) UREA: SERUM** 32.05 mg/dL 10.00 - 50.00 by UREASE - GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH) CREATININE: SERUM 0.92 mg/dL 0.40 - 1.40by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN): SERUM 7.0 - 25.014.98 mg/dL by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE **RATIO** 10.0 - 20.0 16.28 RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY **RATIO**

URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY

UREA/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM



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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

INTERPRETATION:

CLIENT CODE.

Normal range for a healthy person on normal diet: 12 - 20

To Differentiate between pre- and postrenal azotemia. INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

Ž.Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3.GI hemorrhage.

4. High protein intake.

5. Impaired renal function plus.

6. Excess protein intake or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, GI bleeding, thyrotoxicosis, Cushings syndrome, high protein diet,

burns, surgery, cachexia, high fever)

7. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureterocolostomy)
8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)
9. Certain drugs (e.g. tetracycline, glucocorticoids)
INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS:

1. Postrenal azotemia (BUN rises disproportionately more than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropathy).

2. Prerenal azotemia superimposed on renal disease.

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN:

1.Acute tubular necrosis.

2.Low protein diet and starvation.

3. Severe liver disease.

4. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.

5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).

6.Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood)

7.SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.

8. Pregnancy

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:

- 1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).
- 2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).
- 3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure

INAPPROPIATE RATIO

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement).

*** End Of Report ***

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