

PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

🕻 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mrs. SUMAN RANI					
AGE/ GENDER	2 : 35 YRS/FEMALE PATIENT ID		IENT ID	: 1405926		
COLLECTED BY	:	REG.	NO./LAB NO.	: 122407270003		
REFERRED BY	:	REG	ISTRATION DATE	: 27/Jul/2024 09:01 AM		
BARCODE NO.	: 12503830	COLI	LECTION DATE	: 27/Jul/2024 10:00AM		
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTIT	TUTE REP	ORTING DATE	: 27/Jul/2024 04:42PM		
CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA						
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval		
		ENDOCRINO	OLOGY			
	TH	YROID FUNCTION	N TEST: TOTAL			
TRIIODOTHYRONINI by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN	E (T3): SERUM iescent microparticle immunoassa	0.942 (Y)	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93		
THYROXINE (T4): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)		7.55 (Y)	µgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60		
	ING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM	7.432 ^H	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50		
3rd GENERATION, ULT	RASENSITIVE					

INTERPRETATION:

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and trilodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH	
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)	
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal Normal or Low Norm		High	
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)	
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced	

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levles in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXI	NE (T4)	THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)		
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)	
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3	
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00	
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40	





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)



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Test Name		Value	Unit		Biological Reference interval	
0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00		
0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50		
0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50		
0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50		
RECOMI	MENDATIONS OF TSH LE	VELS DURING PREG	NANCY (µIU/mL)			
1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50			
2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00			
3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10			
	0.92 - 2.28 0.35 - 1.93 0.35 - 1.93 RECOMI 1st Trimester 2nd Trimester	0.92 - 2.28 1 - 10 Years 0.35 - 1.93 11 - 19 Years 0.35 - 1.93 > 20 Years (Adults) RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LE 1st Trimester 2nd Trimester	0.74 - 2.40 6 - 12 Months 7.10 - 16.16 0.92 - 2.28 1 - 10 Years 6.00 - 13.80 0.35 - 1.93 11 - 19 Years 4.87 - 13.20 0.35 - 1.93 > 20 Years (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGI 1st Trimester 2nd Trimester	0.74 - 2.40 6 - 12 Months 7.10 - 16.16 6 - 12 Months 0.92 - 2.28 1 - 10 Years 6.00 - 13.80 1 - 10 Years 0.35 - 1.93 11 - 19 Years 4.87 - 13.20 11 - 19 Years 0.35 - 1.93 > 20 Years (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 > 20 Years (Adults) RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (μU/mL) 1st Trimester 0.10 - 2.50 2nd Trimester 0.20 - 3.00	0.74 - 2.40 6 - 12 Months 7.10 - 16.16 6 - 12 Months 0.70 - 7.00 0.92 - 2.28 1 - 10 Years 6.00 - 13.80 1 - 10 Years 0.60 - 5.50 0.35 - 1.93 11 - 19 Years 4.87 - 13.20 11 - 19 Years 0.50 - 5.50 0.35 - 1.93 > 20 Years (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 > 20 Years (Adults) 0.35 - 5.50 RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (µIU/mL) 1st Trimester 0.10 - 2.50 2nd Trimester 0.20 - 3.00	0.74 - 2.40 6 - 12 Months 7.10 - 16.16 6 - 12 Months 0.70 - 7.00 0.92 - 2.28 1 - 10 Years 6.00 - 13.80 1 - 10 Years 0.60 - 5.50 0.35 - 1.93 11 - 19 Years 4.87 - 13.20 11 - 19 Years 0.50 - 5.50 0.35 - 1.93 > 20 Years (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 > 20 Years (Adults) 0.35 - 5.50 RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (μU/mL) 1st Trimester 0.10 - 2.50 2nd Trimester 0.20 - 3.00

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism

5.Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

*** End Of Report ***





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