CLIENT CODE.



# PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

## A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

**■** 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ■ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

REPORTING DATE

: 16/Aug/2024 04:22PM

**NAME** : Mrs. RANJEET KAUR

**AGE/ GENDER** : 50 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1381463

**COLLECTED BY** REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122408160018

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 16/Aug/2024 12:30 PM BARCODE NO. : 12504176 **COLLECTION DATE** : 16/Aug/2024 12:53PM

**CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

**Test Name** Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

## **HAEMATOLOGY**

### **COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)**

### **RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES**

| 9.3 <sup>L</sup>    | gm/dL  | 12.0 - 16.0   |
|---------------------|--|---|
| 3.84                | Millions/cmm   | 3.50 - 5.00   |
| 27.2 <sup>L</sup>   | %  | 37.0 - 50.0   |
| 71 <sup>L</sup> PKR | fL   | 80.0 - 100.0  |
| 24.3 <sup>L</sup>   | pg   | 27.0 - 34.0   |
| 34.3                | g/dL   | 32.0 - 36.0   |
| 28.6 <sup>H</sup>   | %  | 11.00 - 16.00   |
| 77.1 <sup>H</sup>   | fL   | 35.0 - 56.0   |
| 18.49               | RATIO  | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0<br>IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0   |
| 53.06               | RATIO  | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < = 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0   |
|                     |  | INON DEFICIENCY ANEIVIA. > 00.0   |
| 6910                | /cmm   | 4000 - 11000  |
|                     |  |   |
| 67                  | %  | 50 - 70   |
| 23                  | %  | 20 - 40   |
| 0 <sup>L</sup>      | %  | 1 - 6   |
|                     | 3.84  27.2 <sup>L</sup> 71 <sup>L</sup> 24.3 <sup>L</sup> 34.3  28.6 <sup>H</sup> 77.1 <sup>H</sup> 18.49  53.06  6910  67  23 | 3.84 Millions/cmm  27.2 <sup>L</sup> %  71 <sup>L</sup> fL  24.3 <sup>L</sup> pg  34.3 g/dL  28.6 <sup>H</sup> %  77.1 <sup>H</sup> fL  18.49 RATIO  53.06 RATIO  6910 /cmm  67 %  23 % |



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY





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| Test Name  | Value               | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
|--|---------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| MONOCYTES  by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY   | 10                  | %    | 2 - 12                        |
| BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY  | 0                   | %    | 0 - 1                         |
| ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT  |                     |      |                               |
| ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by Flow cytometry by SF cube & microscopy  | 4630                | /cmm | 2000 - 7500                   |
| ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT  by Flow cytometry by SF cube & microscopy   | 1589 <sup>L</sup>   | /cmm | 800 - 4900                    |
| ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy  | O <sub>L</sub>      | /cmm | 40 - 440                      |
| ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT  by Flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy   | 691                 | /cmm | 80 - 880                      |
| ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT  by Flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy   | 0                   | /cmm | 0 - 110                       |
| PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARK   | ERS.                |      |                               |
| PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE   | 441000              | /cmm | 150000 - 450000               |
| PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence   | 0.45 <sup>H</sup>   | %    | 0.10 - 0.36                   |
| MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE   | 10                  | fL   | 6.50 - 12.0                   |
| PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence  | 135000 <sup>H</sup> | /cmm | 30000 - 90000                 |
| PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE  | 30.5                | %    | 11.0 - 45.0                   |
| PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD | 15.8                | %    | 15.0 - 17.0                   |



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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

## CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY **GLUCOSE RANDOM (R)**

102.17 GLUCOSE RANDOM (R): PLASMA mg/dL NORMAL: < 140.00

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD) PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0 DIABETIC: > OR = 200.0

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IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A random plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal.

2. A random glucose level between 140 - 200 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prnadial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

3. A random glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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**Test Name** Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

### IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

**C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)** 

C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP) QUANTITATIVE: 56.4<sup>H</sup> mg/L 0.0 - 6.0

by NEPHLOMETRY **INTERPRETATION:** 

1. C-reactive protein (CRP) is one of the most sensitive acute-phase reactants for inflammation.

2. CRP levels can increase dramatically (100-fold or more) after severe trauma, bacterial infection, inflammation, surgery, or neoplastic proliferation.

3. CRP levels (Quantitative) has been used to assess activity of inflammatory disease, to detect infections after surgery, to detect transplant rejection, and to monitor these inflammatory processes.

4. As compared to ESR, CRP shows an earlier rise in inflammatory disorders which begins in 4-6 hrs, the intensity of the rise being higher than ESR and the recovery being earlier than ESR. Unlike ESR, CRP levels are not influenced by hematologic conditions like Anemia, Polycythemia etc., 5. Elevated values are consistent with an acute inflammatory process.

NOTE:

1. Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP) values are nonspecific and should not be interpreted without a complete clinical history.

2. Oral contraceptives may increase CRP levels.



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### WIDAL SLIDE AGGLUTINATION TEST

| SALMONELLA TYPHI O      | 1 : 80 | TITRE | 1:80  |
|-------------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION  |        |       |       |
| SALMONELLA TYPHI H      | 1 : 40 | TITRE | 1:160 |
| by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION  |        |       |       |
| SALMONELLA PARATYPHI AH | NIL    | TITRE | 1:160 |
| by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION  |        |       |       |
| SALMONELLA PARATYPHI BH | NIL    | TITRE | 1:160 |
| by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION  |        |       |       |

### **INTERPRETATION:**

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- 1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant.
- 2.Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

- 1.Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.
- 2.Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.
- 3.A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.
- 4.A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

- 1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever i.e High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repitition of the test after a week.
- 2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.
- 3.H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in Oagglutinins indicate recent infection.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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