**PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE** NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

【 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mrs. RITU						
AGE/ GENDER	: 26 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1583124			
COLLECTED BY	ECTED BY :		<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 122408170014			
REFERRED BY		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>		: 17/Aug/2024 11:23 AM			
BARCODE NO.	<b>).</b> : 12504195		<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 17/Aug/2024 12:13PM : 17/Aug/2024 01:50PM			
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	JTE <b>REPORTING DATE</b>					
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA						
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval			
		HAEN	<b>//ATOLOGY</b>				
		IPLETE B	LOOD COUNT (CBC)				
RED BLOOD CELLS (F	RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES						
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)		12.4	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0			
RED BLOOD CELL (RE	BC) COUNT	4.65	Millions/cr	mm 3.50 - 5.00			
	OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE		04				
PACKED CELL VOLUN by CALCULATED BY	/IE (PUV) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	36.1 <sup>L</sup>	%	37.0 - 50.0			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER		77.7 <sup>L</sup>	KK fL	80.0 - 100.0			
		26.6 <sup>L</sup>	pg	27.0 - 34.0			
		34.2	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER		54.2		32.0 - 30.0			
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		17 <sup>H</sup>	%	11.00 - 16.00			
		50.7	fL	35.0 - 56.0			
		16.71	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13			
		10.71	KATIO	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.			
GREEN & KING INDE	Х	28.34	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < =			
by CALCULATED				65.0			
WHITE BLOOD CELLS	S (WBCS)			IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65			
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE C		9370	/cmm	4000 - 11000			
by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	7070	701111				
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCO	<u> DCYTE COUNT (DLC)</u>						
NEUTROPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	59	%	50 - 70			
LYMPHOCYTES		36	%	20 - 40			
-	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1	0/				
EOSINOPHILS		1	%	1 - 6			

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval		
by FLOW CYTOMETRY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY					
MONOCYTES		4	%	2 - 12		
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BASOPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1		
	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	U	/0	0-1		
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCY						
ABSOLUTE NEUTROP		5528	/cmm	2000 - 7500		
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY						
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT		3373 <sup>L</sup>	/cmm	800 - 4900		
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT		94	/cmm	40 - 440		
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY		- Y P	KR			
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT		375	/cmm	80 - 880		
<i>by flow cytometry</i> ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	/cmm	0 - 110		
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	7cmm	0-110		
-	IER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKE	RS.				
PLATELET COUNT (PLT)		341000	/cmm	150000 - 450000		
	OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE					
PLATELETCRIT (PCT)		0.3	%	0.10 - 0.36		
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)		9	fL	6.50 - 12.0		
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			IL I	0.00 12.0		
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC)		71000	/cmm	30000 - 90000		
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE		20.0	0/			
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE		20.9	%	11.0 - 45.0		
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)		15.8	%	15.0 - 17.0		
by HYDRO DYNAMIC F	OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE					
NOTE: TEST CONDU	CTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD					



NAME

: Mrs. RITU



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CLIENT ADDRESS	0						
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval			
	MENTATION RATE (ESR)	<b>IROCYTE SEDIMENTA</b> 10	mm/1st h	•			
NTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specif	ic test because an elevated resu	It often indicates the prese	nce of inflammati	on associated with infection, cancer and auto			
2. An ESR can be affe as C-reactive protein		s inflammation. For this rea	son, the ESR is typ	bically used in conjunction with other test suc			
systemic lupus erythe	ematosus <b>N ESR</b>			bove diseases as well as some others, such as			
(polycythaemia), sign as sickle cells in sickl	n with conditions that inhibit the ificantly high white blood cell ce e cell anaemia) also lower the E	ount (leucocytosis), and so	red blood cells, su me protein abnor	ich as a high red blood cell count malities. Some changes in red cell shape (su			
	e protein (C-RP) are both marker		flommation or as	it receives			
3. CRP is not affected	s not change as rapidly as does ( by as many other factors as is ES	SR, making it a better marke	er of inflammation	it resolves.			
<ol> <li>If the ESR is elevate</li> </ol>	ed, it is typically a result of two t ve a higher ESR, and menstruatio	types of proteins, globulins	or fibrinogen.				

Women tend to have a higher ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy can cause temporary elevations.
 Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it



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**NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE** 





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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HARYANA		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	IMMU	NOPATHOLOG	//SEROLOGY	
	WIDAI	SLIDE AGGLUTII	NATION TEST	
SALMONELLA TYPHI	-	1 : 80	TITRE	1 : 80
SALMONELLA TYPH	н	1 : 40	TITRE	1 : 160
SALMONELLA PARA by SLIDE AGGLUTINA		NIL	TITRE	1 : 160
SALMONELLA PARATYPHI BH by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION			TITRE	1 : 160
INTERPRETATION:				

## INTERPRETATION:

1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant.

2. Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

## LIMITATIONS:

1.Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.

2.Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.

3.A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.

4.A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

## NOTE:

1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever i.e High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repitition of the test after a week.

2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.

3.H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in Oagglutinins indicate recent infection.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





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