



P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ pkrajainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME : Mrs. MAMTA RANI
AGE/ GENDER : 31 YRS/FEMALE
COLLECTED BY :
REFERRED BY :
BARCODE NO. : 12504924
CLIENT CODE. : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE
CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

PATIENT ID : 1624719
REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122409250011
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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

IMMUNOGLOBIN IgE

IMMUNOGLOBIN-E (IgE): SERUM 105 IU/mL 0.0 - 200.0

by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)

INTERPRETATION:

COMMENTS:

1. IgE antibodies mediate allergic diseases by sensitizing mast cells and basophils to release histamine and other inflammatory mediators on exposure to allergens.
2. Total IgE represents the sum of all the specific IgE, which in turn includes many groups of specific IgE & allergen specific IgE is just one such group amongst them.
3. Total IgE determination constitutes a screening method of atopic diseases, although within range values of total IgE do not exclude the existence of atopy and high values of total IgE are not pathognomonic of atopy by themselves.
4. Antigen-specific IgE is the next step in the in vitro identification of the responsible allergen. There are more than 400 characterized known allergens available for in vitro diagnostic tests and testing to be selected based on symptoms, clinical & environmental details.
5. In adults, Total IgE values between 100 to 1000 UI/ml may not correlate with allergen specific IgE, where the patients may be just sensitized to different allergen or often the cause for high IgE could be non-atopic.
6. Specific IgE results obtained with the different methods vary significantly, hence followup testing to be performed using one laboratory only.
7. The probability of finding an increased level of IgE in serum in a patient with allergic disease varies directly with the number of different allergens to which the patient is sensitized.
8. A normal level of IgE in serum does not eliminate the possibility of allergic disease; this occurs if there is sensitivity to a limited number of allergens and limited end organ involvement.

INCREASED:


1. Atopic/Non Atopic Allergy
2. Parasitic Infection.
3. IgE Myeloma
4. Allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis.
5. The rare hyper IgE syndrome.
6. Immunodeficiency States and Autoimmune states


USES:

1. Evaluation of children with strong family history of allergies and early clinical signs of disease.
2. Evaluation of children and adults suspected of having allergic respiratory disease to establish the diagnosis and define the allergens
3. To confirm clinical expression of sensitivity to foods in patients with Anaphylactic sensitivity or with Asthma, Angioedema or Cutaneous disease
4. To evaluate sensitivity to insect venom allergens particularly as an aid in defining venom specificity in those cases in which skin tests are equivocal
5. To confirm the presence of IgE antibodies to certain occupational allergens

*** End Of Report ***




DR. VINAY CHOPRA
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)


DR. YUGAM CHOPRA
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

