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NAME	: Mrs. KRISHNA RANI			
AGE/ GENDER	: 58 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1648799
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122410210001
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Oct/2024 08:32 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12505257		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Oct/2024 08:38AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	ITE	REPORTING DATE	: 21/Oct/2024 12:51PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBA			. 21/ OCU 2024 12.011 M
CLIENT ADDRESS	. NASIRI UK, IIISSAR ROAD, AMDA	LA CITT - IIF	MIANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWAS	THYA WE	ELLNESS PANEL: 1.0	
	CON	NPLETE BL	OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS (F	RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)		13.2	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
by CALORIMETRIC		4.74	N 4111 /	2.50.5.00
RED BLOOD CELL (RE	SC) COUN I FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.74	Millions/cr	nm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUN		37.6	%	37.0 - 50.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER		VD	
MEAN CORPUSCULA		79.4 ^L	NK fL	80.0 - 100.0
•	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	27.0	20	27.0.24.0
	R HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	27.9	pg	27.0 - 34.0
	R HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	35.1	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER		J	
	ION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	13.7	%	11.00 - 16.00
-		10 7	fL	35.0 - 56.0
	ION WIDTH (RDW-SD)	42.7	IL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX		16.75	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13
by CALCULATED				IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.
GREEN & KING INDE	X	22.99	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 6
by CALCULATED				IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65
WHITE BLOOD CELLS	<u>s (WBCS)</u>			
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE C	OUNT (TLC)	9970	/cmm	4000 - 11000
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCO	<u>DCYTE COUNT (DLC)</u>			
NEUTROPHILS		57	%	50 - 70
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2.4	<u>.</u>	22.42
LYMPHOCYTES	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	34	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS		2	%	1 - 6
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2	70	1 - 0





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
MONOCYTES		7	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY YTES (WBC) COUNT	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE NEUTRO		5683	/cmm	2000 - 7500
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT		3390 ^L	/cmm	800 - 4900
		199	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCY	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY YTE COUNT Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	698	KR /cmm	80 - 880
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	/cmm	0 - 110
	HER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKE			150000 150000
PLATELET COUNT (P	'L I) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	232000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PCT)		0.31	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VO	UNE (MPV)	13 ^H	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CE		116000 ^H	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE CE		50 ^H	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRIBU	TION WIDTH (PDW) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE JCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	16.2	%	15.0 - 17.0





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ERYTHROCYTE SE	DIMENTATION RATE (ESF	?)
	MENTATION RATE (ESR) 40 ^H	mm/1st h	r 0-20
NTERPRETATION:	GATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY		
mmune disease, but	ic test because an elevated result often indicat does not tell the health practitioner exactly wh	here the inflammation is in the	body or what is causing it.
. An ESR can be affe s C-reactive protein	cted by other conditions besides inflammation.	. For this reason, the ESR is typ	ically used in conjunction with other test su
. This test may also	be used to monitor disease activity and respon	ise to therapy in both of the ab	oove diseases as well as some others, such a
ystemic lupus erythe	W ESR		
Iow ESR can be see	n with conditions that inhibit the normal sedim	nentation of red blood cells, su	ich as a high red blood cell count
polycythaemia), sigr as sickle cells in sickl	nificantly high white blood cell count (leucocyto e cell anaemia) also lower the ESR.	osis), and some protein abnor	malities. Some changes in red cell shape (su
NOTE:			
1. ESR and C - reactiv	e protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammat	ion.	it resolves
2. Generally, ESR doe	e protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammat s not change as rapidly as does CRP, either at t	the start of inflammation or as	it resolves.

3. CRP is not affected by as many other factors as is ESR, making it a better marker of inflammation.
 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is typically a result of two types of proteins, globulins or fibrinogen.
 5. Women tend to have a higher ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy can cause temporary elevations.
 6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while environment of a structure of the start of

aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTI

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	MBALA CITY - HAR	YANA		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
	CLIN	IICAL CHEIVIISI	RY/BIOCHEMISTR	Ŷ	
		GLUCOSE	FASTING (F)		
GLUCOSE FASTING (F		90.09	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0	
by GLUCOSE OXIDAS	E - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)			PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0	
INTERPRETATION					
	H AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIA lucose level below 100 mg/dl is				

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/di is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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BARCODE NO.	: 12505257			: 21/Oct/2024 08:38AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE IN			: 21/Oct/2024 04:47PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	DRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA		IARYANA		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
		GLUCOSE PO	OST PRANDIAL (PP)		
	NDIAL (PP): PLASMA SE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	225.19 ^H	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 140.00 PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 200.0	

INTERPRETATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

A post-prandial plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A post-prandial glucose level between 140 - 200 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A post-prandial plasma glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is necess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PF	ROFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOTAL		157.36	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: SER by GLYCEROL PHOSP	UM HATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	113.4	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROL (I by SELECTIVE INHIBITI		44.34	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 - 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROL: S by CALCULATED, SPE		90.34	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLESTEI by CALCULATED, SPE		113.02	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROL: by CALCULATED, SPE		22.68	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPE		428.12	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HDL F by CALCULATED, SPE		3.55	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
LDL/HDL RATIO: SER by CALCULATED, SPE		2.04	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0

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Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	: 58 YRS/FEMALE : : : 12505257 : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY -	 S8 YRS/FEMALE S8 YRS/FEMALE REG. NO./LAB NO. REGISTRATION DATE 12505257 COLLECTION DATE P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE REPORTING DATE NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM RATIO 3.00 - 5.00 2.56^L by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
	LIV	ER FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)		
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: S	ERUM PECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.82	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20	
	CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.11	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT by CALCULATED, SPE	(UNCONJUGATED): SERUM сстгорнотометку	0.71	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00	
SGOT/AST: SERUM	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	24.53	U/L	7.00 - 45.00	
SGPT/ALT: SERUM	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	38.85	KR U/L	0.00 - 49.00	
AST/ALT RATIO: SER	UM	0.63	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00	
by CALCULATED, SPE ALKALINE PHOSPHA by PARA NITROPHEN PROPANOL		191.08 ^H	U/L	40.0 - 130.0	
	. TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	46.1	U/L	0.00 - 55.0	
TOTAL PROTEINS: SE by BIURET, SPECTRO	ERUM	6.89	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00	
ALBUMIN: SERUM by bromocresol g	REEN	4.28	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50	
GLOBULIN: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.61	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50	
A : G RATIO: SERUM		1.64	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00	

A : G RATIO: SERUM

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY **INTERPRETATION**

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KI	DNEY FUNCT	ION TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM		23.47	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
	ATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)		°,	
CREATININE: SERUN by ENZYMATIC, SPEC		0.55	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
BLOOD UREA NITRO		10.97	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY		ů	
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE		19.95	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			
UREA/CREATININE F		42.67	RATIO	
by CALCULATED, SPE				
URIC ACID: SERUM		4.43	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
by URICASE - OXIDAS CALCIUM: SERUM	SE PERUXIDASE	9.96	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
by ARSENAZO III, SPE	CTROPHOTOMETRY	7.90	my/uL	0.00 - 10.00
PHOSPHOROUS: SER		3.91	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
•	DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
<u>ELECTROLYTES</u>				
SODIUM: SERUM		140.2	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV POTASSIUM: SERUM		3.71	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
by ISE (ION SELECTIV		J./ I	THITIOI/L	3.30 - 3.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM		105.15	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV	-			
	RULAR FILTERATION RATE			
ESTIMATED GLOME	RULAR FILTERATION RATE	106.2		

(eGFR): SERUM

by CALCULATED

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
 GI haemorrhage. High protein intake 	9.		
5. Impaired renal fur	I I		
6. Excess protein inta burns, surgery, cache	ike or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infe exia. high fever).	ection, GI bleeding, thyrotoxic	osis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein die

7. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy)

8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)

9. Certain drugs (e.g. tetracycline, glucocorticoids)

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS:

1. Postrenal azotemia (BUN rises disproportionately more than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropathy).

2. Prerenal azotemia superimposed on renal disease.

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :

1. Acute tubular necrosis.

2. Low protein diet and starvation.

3. Severe liver disease.

4. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.

5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).

- 6. Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood).
- 7. SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.
- 8. Pregnancy.

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:

1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).

2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).

3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure.

INAPPROPIATE RATIO:

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement).

CKD STAGE	DESCRIPTION	GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria
G2	Kidney damage with	>90	Presence of Protein,
	normal or high GFR		Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	





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NAME	: Mrs. KRISHNA RANI		
AGE/ GENDER	: 58 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1648799
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122410210001
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Oct/2024 08:32 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12505257	COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Oct/2024 08:38AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 21/Oct/2024 12:51PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY -	- HARYANA	

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney. 2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage 5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure 6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C 7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AM	IBALA CITY - HARYAN	A	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		CLINICAL PATI		
		DUTINE & MICROS	COPIC EXAMINA	lion
PHYSICAL EXAMINA		20		
QUANTITY RECIEVE) TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	20	ml	
COLOUR		PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
TRANSPARANCY	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	CLEAR		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	TANGE OF ECTIVOL HOTOMETRY	1.02 PK		1.002 - 1.030
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
CHEMICAL EXAMINA	ATION			
REACTION		ACIDIC		
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
SUGAR		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
•	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.5		
pH by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
NITRITE	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN		NOT DETECTED	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
KETONE BODIES	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BLOOD		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
ASCORBIC ACID		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY IINATION			



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NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE



NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

ABSENT

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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
RED BLOOD CELLS (F	RBCs) CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON C	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	5-7	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON C	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-5	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON C	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	CALCIUM OXALATE	(++)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

ABSENT

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT BACTERIA

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT OTHERS

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA)

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

MICROALBUMIN - RANDOM URINE

MICROALBUMIN: RANDOM URINE by NEPHLOMETRY INTERPRETATION:-	10.8	mg/L 0 - 25				
PHYSIOLOGICALLY NORMAL:	mg/L	0 - 30				
MICROALBUMINURIA:	mg/L	30 - 300				
GROSS PROTEINURIA:	mg/L	> 300				

1.Long standing un-treated Diabetes and Hypertension can lead to renal dysfunction.

2. Diabetic nephropathy or kidney disease is the most common cause of end stage renal disease(ERSD) or kidney failure.

3. Presence of Microalbuminuria is an early indicator of onset of compromised renal function in these patients.

4. Microalbuminuria is the condition when urinary albumin excre tion is between 30-300 mg & above this it is called as macroalbuminuria, the presence of which indicates serious kidney disease.

5. Microal buminuria is not only associated with kidney disease but of cardiovascular disease in patients with dibetes & hypertension.

6. Microalbuminuria reflects vascular damage & appear to be a marker of of early arterial disease & endothelial dysfunction.

NOTE:- IF A PATIENT HAS = 1+ PROTEINURIA (30 mg/dl OR 300 mg/L) BY URINE DIPSTICK (URINEANALYSIS), OVERT PROTEINURIA IS PRESENT AND TESTING FOR MICROALBUMIN IS INAPPROPIATE. IN SUCH A CASE, URINE PROTEIN:CREATININE RATIO OR 24 HOURS TOTAL URINE MICROPROTEIN IS APPROPIATE.

*** End Of Report ***





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