**PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE** NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

🔽 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

| CE / CENDED   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| AGE/ GENDER   | NDER : 65 YRS/FEMALE PATIENT  |   | PATIENT ID  | : 1659853                                     |  |  |
| DLLECTED BY :   |   |   | REG. NO./LAB NO.  | : 122411040003                                |  |  |
| EFERRED BY  |   |   | <b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>  | : 04/Nov/2024 08:44 AM                        |  |  |
| <b>ARCODE NO.</b> : 12505419  |   |   | COLLECTION DATE   | : 04/Nov/2024 08:53AM                         |  |  |
| CLIENT CODE.  |   | R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE <b>REPORTING DATE</b><br>RPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA |   | : 04/Nov/2024 05:34PM                         |  |  |
| CLIENT ADDRESS  |   |   |   | .04/N0V/202405.54PM                           |  |  |
| Test Name   |   | Value   | Unit  | Biological Reference interva                  |  |  |
|   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
|   |   | HAEM  | ATOLOGY   |   |  |  |
|   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
|   | GLYCO   | SYLATED HA  | AEMOGLOBIN (HBA1  | 1C)   |  |  |
| GLYCOSYLATED HAI  | GLYCO<br>EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):   | SYLATED HA<br>6.5 <sup>H</sup>  | AEMOGLOBIN (HBA1<br>%   | <b>1C)</b><br>4.0 - 6.4                       |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD   | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):  |   |   |   |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR   | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):  | 6.5 <sup>H</sup>  | %   | 4.0 - 6.4                                     |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by hplc (high perfor<br>ESTIMATED AVERAG   | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):  |   |   |   |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>ESTIMATED AVERAG<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR   | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>GE PLASMA GLUCOSE<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)   | <b>6.5<sup>H</sup></b><br>139.85  | %<br>mg/dL  | 4.0 - 6.4                                     |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>ESTIMATED AVERA(<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>NTERPRETATION:                             | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>GE PLASMA GLUCOSE  | 6.5 <sup>H</sup><br>139.85  | %<br>mg/dL<br>ATION (ADA):  | 4.0 - 6.4<br>60.00 - 140.00                   |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>ESTIMATED AVERA(<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>NTERPRETATION:<br>R                        | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>GE PLASMA GLUCOSE<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>AS PER AMERICAN D  | 6.5 <sup>H</sup><br>139.85  | %<br>mg/dL  | 4.0 - 6.4<br>60.00 - 140.00                   |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>ESTIMATED AVERA(<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>NTERPRETATION:<br>R<br>R<br>Non dia        | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>GE PLASMA GLUCOSE<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>AS PER AMERICAN D<br>REFERENCE GROUP   | 6.5 <sup>H</sup><br>139.85  | %<br>mg/dL<br>ATION (ADA):<br>LYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGI   | 4.0 - 6.4<br>60.00 - 140.00                   |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>ESTIMATED AVERAG<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>NTERPRETATION:<br>R<br>R<br>Non dia<br>At  | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>GE PLASMA GLUCOSE<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>AS PER AMERICAN D<br>REFERENCE GROUP<br>betic Adults >= 18 years   | 6.5 <sup>H</sup><br>139.85  | %<br>mg/dL<br>ATION (ADA):<br>LYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGI<br><5.7   | 4.0 - 6.4<br>60.00 - 140.00                   |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>ESTIMATED AVERAG<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>NTERPRETATION:<br>R<br>R<br>Non dia<br>At  | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>GE PLASMA GLUCOSE<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>AS PER AMERICAN D<br>REFERENCE GROUP<br>betic Adults >= 18 years<br>Risk (Prediabetes)                     | 6.5 <sup>H</sup><br>139.85<br>NABETES ASSOCI  | %<br>mg/dL<br>ATION (ADA):<br>LYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGI<br><5.7<br>5.7 - 6.4<br>>= 6.5<br>Age > 19 Years                  | 4.0 - 6.4<br>60.00 - 140.00<br>B (HBAIC) in % |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>ESTIMATED AVERAG<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>NTERPRETATION:<br>R<br>Non dia<br>At<br>Di | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>GE PLASMA GLUCOSE<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>AS PER AMERICAN D<br>EFERENCE GROUP<br>betic Adults >= 18 years<br>Risk (Prediabetes)<br>agnosing Diabetes | 6.5 <sup>H</sup><br>139.85<br>DIABETES ASSOCI   | %<br>mg/dL<br>ATION (ADA):<br>LYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGI<br><5.7<br>5.7 – 6.4<br>>= 6.5<br>Age > 19 Years<br>5 of Therapy: | 4.0 - 6.4<br>60.00 - 140.00<br>B (HBAIC) in % |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>ESTIMATED AVERAG<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>NTERPRETATION:<br>R<br>Non dia<br>At<br>Di | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>GE PLASMA GLUCOSE<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>AS PER AMERICAN D<br>REFERENCE GROUP<br>betic Adults >= 18 years<br>Risk (Prediabetes)                     | 6.5 <sup>H</sup><br>139.85<br>DIABETES ASSOCI   | %<br>mg/dL<br>ATION (ADA):<br>LYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGI<br><5.7<br>5.7 - 6.4<br>>= 6.5<br>Age > 19 Years                  | 4.0 - 6.4<br>60.00 - 140.00<br>B (HBAIC) in % |  |  |
| WHOLE BLOOD<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>ESTIMATED AVERAG<br>by HPLC (HIGH PERFOR<br>NTERPRETATION:<br>R<br>Non dia<br>At<br>Di | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>GE PLASMA GLUCOSE<br>RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)<br>AS PER AMERICAN D<br>EFERENCE GROUP<br>betic Adults >= 18 years<br>Risk (Prediabetes)<br>agnosing Diabetes | 6.5 <sup>H</sup><br>139.85<br>DIABETES ASSOCI   | %<br>mg/dL<br>ATION (ADA):<br>LYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGI<br><5.7<br>5.7 – 6.4<br>>= 6.5<br>Age > 19 Years<br>5 of Therapy: | 4.0 - 6.4<br>60.00 - 140.00<br>B (HBAIC) in % |  |  |

5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



**DR.VINAY CHOPRA** CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. **REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)** 





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A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

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| NAME  | : Mrs. PREM BALA JAIN   |                                  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| AGE/ GENDER   |   |                                  | ENT ID                                 | : 1659853  |  |  |
| COLLECTED BY  |   |                                  | : 122411040003                         |  |  |  |
| REFERRED BY   | : REGISTRATION DATE   |                                  | STRATION DATE                          | : 04/Nov/2024 08:44 AM                             |  |  |
| BARCODE NO.   | : 12505419  | <b>COLLECTION DATE</b>           |  | :04/Nov/202408:53AM                                |  |  |
| CLIENT CODE.  | <b>CODE.</b> : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE <b>REPORTING DATE</b>  |                                  | DRTING DATE                            | :04/Nov/202402:00PM                                |  |  |
| CLIENT ADDRESS  | NT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA   |                                  | A                                      |  |  |  |
| Test Name   |   |                                  |  |  |  |  |
| Test Name   |   | Value                            | Unit                                   | <b>Biological Reference interva</b>                |  |  |
| Test Name   |   | Value<br>ENDOCRIN                |  | Biological Reference interva                       |  |  |
| Test Name   |   | ENDOCRIN                         |  | Biological Reference interva                       |  |  |
| FRIIODOTHYRONIN   | THYRO   | ENDOCRIN                         | OLOGY                                  | <b>Biological Reference interva</b><br>0.35 - 1.93 |  |  |
| TRIIODOTHYRONIN<br>by CMIA (CHEMILUMINI<br>THYROXINE (T4): S  | THYRO<br>NE (T3): SERUM<br>ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)  | ENDOCRIN(                        | OLOGY<br>N TEST: TOTAL                 | U  |  |  |
| TRIIODOTHYRONIN<br>by cmia (chemilumini<br>THYROXINE (T4): S<br>by cmia (chemilumini<br>THYROID STIMULA | THYRO<br>NE (T3): SERUM<br>escent microparticle immunoassay)<br>ERUM<br>escent microparticle immunoassay)<br>TING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM<br>escent microparticle immunoassay) | ENDOCRIN<br>DID FUNCTION<br>1.31 | <b>OLOGY</b><br>N TEST: TOTAL<br>ng/mL | 0.35 - 1.93  |  |  |

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

| CLINICAL CONDITION           | T3                    | T4                    | TSH                             |  |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Primary Hypothyroidism:      | Reduced               | Reduced               | Increased (Significantly)       |  |
| Subclinical Hypothyroidism:  | Normal or Low Normal  | Normal or Low Normal  | High                            |  |
| Primary Hyperthyroidism:     | Increased             | Increased             | Reduced (at times undetectable) |  |
| Subclinical Hyperthyroidism: | Normal or High Normal | Normal or High Normal | Reduced                         |  |

#### LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

| TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3) |                             | THYROXINE (T4)    |                             | THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH) |                             |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Age                   | Refferance<br>Range (ng/mL) | Age               | Refferance<br>Range (µg/dL) | Age                               | Reference Range<br>(μIU/mL) |  |
| 0-7 Days              | 0.20 - 2.65                 | 0 - 7 Days        | 5.90 - 18.58                | 0 - 7 Days                        | 2.43 - 24.3                 |  |
| 7 Days - 3 Months     | 0.36 - 2.59                 | 7 Days - 3 Months | 6.39 - 17.66                | 7 Days - 3 Months                 | 0.58 - 11.00                |  |
| 3 - 6 Months          | 0.51 - 2.52                 | 3 - 6 Months      | 6.75 - 17.04                | 3 Days – 6 Months                 | 0.70 - 8.40                 |  |
| 6 - 12 Months         | 0.74 - 2.40                 | 6 - 12 Months     | 7.10 - 16.16                | 6 – 12 Months                     | 0.70 - 7.00                 |  |





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| NAME               | : Mrs. PREM BALA JAIN                          |                          |                        |  |  |
|--------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| AGE/ GENDER        | : 65 YRS/FEMALE                                | PATIENT ID               | : 1659853              |  |  |
| COLLECTED BY       | :  | <b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>  | : 122411040003         |  |  |
| <b>REFERRED BY</b> | :  | <b>REGISTRATION DATE</b> | : 04/Nov/2024 08:44 AM |  |  |
| BARCODE NO.        | : 12505419                                     | <b>COLLECTION DATE</b>   | : 04/Nov/2024 08:53AM  |  |  |
| CLIENT CODE.       | : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE              | <b>REPORTING DATE</b>    | : 04/Nov/2024 02:00PM  |  |  |
| CLIENT ADDRESS     | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA |                          |                        |  |  |

| Fest Name           |               | Value                 | Unit            | t                   | Biological Reference interval |  |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 - 10 Years        | 0.92 - 2.28   | 1 - 10 Years          | 6.00 - 13.80    | 1 – 10 Years        | 0.60 - 5.50                   |  |
| 11- 19 Years        | 0.35 - 1.93   | 11 - 19 Years         | 4.87-13.20      | 11 – 19 Years       | 0.50 - 5.50                   |  |
| > 20 years (Adults) | 0.35 - 1.93   | > 20 Years (Adults)   | 4.87 - 12.60    | > 20 Years (Adults) | 0.35-5.50                     |  |
|                     | RECO          | MMENDATIONS OF TSH LE | VELS DURING PRE | GNANCY ( µIU/mL)    |                               |  |
|                     | 1st Trimester |                       |                 | 0.10 - 2.50         |                               |  |
|                     | 2nd Trimester |                       |                 | 0.20 - 3.00         |                               |  |
|                     | 3rd Trimester |                       |                 | 0.30 - 4.10         |                               |  |

#### **INCREASED TSH LEVELS:**

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

### DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4.Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis. 8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





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