TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.

PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE 【 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mr. SANJEEV KUMAR			
AGE/ GENDER	: 49 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1666309
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122411090021
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 09/Nov/2024 11:41 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12505559		COLLECTION DATE	: 09/Nov/2024 03:08PM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	TE	REPORTING DATE	:09/Nov/2024 12:36PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HA	RYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWASTI	HYA WE	LLNESS PANEL: 1.4	ŀ
	СОМР	PLETE BL	OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HI	3)	14.9	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.89	Millions/	cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLU		41.6	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA	AR VOLUME (MCV) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	85.2	KR fl	80.0 - 100.0
by CALCULATED BY A	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	30.6	pg	27.0 - 34.0
by CALCULATED BY A	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	35.9	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	JTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	14.1	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBU	JTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	47.7	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		17.42	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING IND by CALCULATED		24.67	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: : 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CEI				
	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	8700	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NEUTROPHILS	UCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)	62	%	50 - 70
by FLOW CYTOMETRY LYMPHOCYTES	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	27	%	20 - 40

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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HAR	CYANA	
Test Name	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	Value	YANA Unit	Biological Reference interval
Test Name	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY		Unit	Biological Reference interval
Test Name by FLOW CYTOMETR EOSINOPHILS	· · ·			Biological Reference interval 1 - 6

by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
BASOPHILS	0	%	0 - 1
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	5394	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2349 ^L	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	174	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	783	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	/cmm	0 - 110
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTI	VE MARKERS.		
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	188000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.18	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	10	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by Hydro Dynamic Focusing, electrical impedence	48000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	25.8	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	16.3	%	15.0 - 17.0



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CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTI		RTING DATE	: 09/Nov/2024 04:37PM
				: 09/1007/2024 04:37PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AME	ALA CITY - HARYANA	Ą	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
ESTIMATED AVERA	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) GE PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	251.78 ^H	mg/dL	60.00 - 140.00
	AS PER AMERICAN D	ABETES ASSOCIATION		
	REFERENCE GROUP	GLYCOSY	LATED HEMOGLOGIB	(HBAIC) in %
	abetic Adults >= 18 years	DIZE	<5.7	
	t Risk (Prediabetes)		5.7 - 6.4	
D	iagnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5	
		Goals of The	Age > 19 Years	< 7.0
Therapeut	ic goals for glycemic control	Actions Sugge	1.2	>8.0
	- <u>-</u>	, letteris sugge	Age < 19 Years	. 0.0
			Ade < 19 Years	

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMI	BALA CITY - HARYA	NA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ERYTHRO	OCYTE SEDIMEN	TATION RATE (1	ESR)
	DIMENTATION RATE (ESR) gation by capillary photometry	15	mm/1st	hr 0 - 20
1. ESR is a non-specif immune disease, but 2. An ESR can be affe as C-reactive protein	does not tell the health practition acted by other conditions besides in be used to monitor disease activity	er exactly where the nflammation. For thi	e inflammation is in the s reason, the ESR is typ	ion associated with infection, cancer and auto body or what is causing it. pically used in conjunction with other test suc bove diseases as well as some others, such as
A low ESR can be see	n with conditions that inhibit the r	normal sedimentatic nt (leucocytosis) , a R.	on of red blood cells, si nd some protein abno	uch as a high red blood cell count rmalities. Some changes in red cell shape (suc
1. ESR and C - reactiv 2. Generally, ESR doe 3. CRP is not affected 4. If the ESR is elevat 5. Women tend to ha 6. Drugs such as dext	e protein (C-RP) are both markers of es not change as rapidly as does CR by as many other factors as is ESR, ed, it is typically a result of two typice we a higher ESR, and menstruation tran, methyldopa, oral contraception of quinine may decrease it	P, either at the star making it a better n bes of proteins, glob and pregnancy can	narker of inflammatior ulins or fibrinogen. cause temporary eleva	1.





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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AN	MBALA CITY - HARYAN	NA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	CLINIC	CAL CHEMISTRY	Y/BIOCHEMIST	RY
	CLINIC	CAL CHEMISTRY GLUCOSE FAS		RY

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	MBALA CITY - H.	ARYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO	TAL: SERUM	163.7	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL O	XIDASE PAP			BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S	SERUM	122.67	mg/dL	0PTIMAL: < 150.0
	PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)		KR III	BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTERO by SELECTIVE INHIBIT	OL (DIRECT): SERUM TION	40.75	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30. 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTERO by CALCULATED, SPE	L: SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	98.42	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLES' by Calculated, spe	TEROL: SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	122.95	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTER	OL: SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	24.53	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SEI		450.07	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HI by CALCULATED, SPE	DL RATIO: SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	4.02	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0



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440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. **REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)**



Page 6 of 17



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.42	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.01	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	LIVER	FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: by DIAZOTIZATION, SF	SERUM	1.88 ^H	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	C (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.48 ^H	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRE by CALCULATED, SPE	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM CTROPHOTOMETRY	1.4 ^H	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	17.52	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	31.19	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SI by CALCULATED, SPE		0.56	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPH by PARA NITROPHEN PROPANOL	IATASE: SERUM YL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	112.61	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTROF	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	31.45	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		6.64	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G	REEN	4.34	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM	Ι	2.3	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY A : G RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)

1.89





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RATIO

1.00 - 2.00

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|--|

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIDN	EY FUNCTION	TEST (COMPLETE))
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAMA	TE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	28.61	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERU		0.78	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
BLOOD UREA NITRO	DGEN (BUN): SERUM	13.37	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NITRO RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPEC	DGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	17.14	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
UREA/CREATININE by CALCULATED, SPEC	RATIO: SERUM	36.68	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASE	PEROXIDASE	5.52	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY	9.74	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
DUOCDUODOUC, CET		0.00		0.00 4.70

CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	9.74	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM by phosphomolybdate, spectrophotometry	2.92	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES			
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	141.3	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	4.06	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	105.98	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE			
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE	109.3		

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE (eGFR): SERUM

INTERPRETATION:

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia. INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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by CALCULATED

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CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 09/Nov/2024 03:58PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CI		. 00/ NOV/ 202 1 00.001 M
Test Name	Va	lue Unit	Biological Reference interval
 Reduced muscle m Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (Acute tubular nect Low protein diet a Severe liver diseas Other causes of de 	nd starvation.		athy).
6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome 8. Pregnancy.	nmonemias (urea is virtually absent in bloc of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due 10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:	od).	
1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO			

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement). **FSTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE**

CKD STAGE	DESCRIPTION	GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria
G2	Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	>90	Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	



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NAME	: Mr. SANJEEV KUMAR		
AGE/ GENDER	: 49 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1666309
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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney. 2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage 5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure 6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C 7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 09/Nov/2024 03:58PM
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COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122411090021
AGE/ GENDER	: 49 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1666309
NAME	: Mr. SANJEEV KUMAR		

		IRON I	PROFILE		
IRON: SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		94.18	μ	g/dL	59.0 - 158.0
UNSATURATED IRON BINDING CA :SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETER		208.12	μ	g/dL	150.0 - 336.0
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETERY	(TIBC)	302.3	μ	g/dL	230 - 430
%TRANSFERRIN SATURATION: S by Calculated, SPECTROPHOTOMETE		31.15	% ***)	15.0 - 50.0
TRANSFERRIN: SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETERY (FERENE)		2 <mark>14.6</mark> 3	m	ıg∕dL	200.0 - 350.0
INTERPRETATION:- VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHROI		IRON DEFICIENCY		THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased
IDON.			

IRON:

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.

It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.
 TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):

1. It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1. Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.





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BARCODE NO.	: 12505559	C	OLLECTION DATE	: 09/Nov/2024 03:08PM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	TE R	EPORTING DATE	: 09/Nov/2024 01:13PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HARY	YANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		ENDOCR	INOLOGY	
	THYRO	DID FUNCT	ION TEST: TOTAL	
TRIIODOTHYRONI	NE (T3): SERUM iescent microparticle immunoassay)	1.37	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): S	SERUM iescent microparticle immunoassay)	10.52	µgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60
		4.52	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50
THYROID STIMULA	ATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM iescent microparticle immunoassay) rasensitive		μισγιιμ	

ISH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROX	(INE (T4)	THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)		
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (µIU/mL)	
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3	
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00	
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40	
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	





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Test Name		Value Unit		t	Biological Reference interval	
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECOM	MENDATIONS OF TSH LE	VELS DURING PREC	GNANCY (µIU/mL)		
1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50			
2nd Trimester		0.20 - 3.00				
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4.Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AME	BALA CITY - HARYAN	IA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
		CLINICAL PAT	THOLOGY	
	URINE ROU	TINE & MICROS	COPIC EXAMINA	ATION
PHYSICAL EXAMIN	NATION			
QUANTITY RECIEV		10	ml	
COLOUR	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	AMBER YELLO	W	PALE YELLOW
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	HAZY		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.01 PKF		1.002 - 1.030
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
<u>CHEMICAL EXAMI</u>	NATION			
REACTION	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC		
PROTEIN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
SUGAR	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2+		NEGATIVE (-ve)
pH		5.5		5.0 - 7.5
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Nestation		
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
NITRITE		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		LU/ UL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BLOOD	TANUE SPECI KUPMU I UMETKY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	C		
ASCORBIC ACID	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve	e)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
MICROSCOPIC EXA				
RED BLOOD CELLS		NEGATIVE (-ve	e) /HPF	0 - 3
	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT		-, / 111 1	





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NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	5-7	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	1-2	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

End Of Report



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