A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

【 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mr. HARISH AGGARWAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 56 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1667846
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122411110001
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 11/Nov/2024 08:44 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12505576		COLLECTION DATE	: 11/Nov/2024 08:59AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	ТЕ	REPORTING DATE	: 11/Nov/2024 12:10PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HA	ARYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWASTI	HYA WE	ELLNESS PANEL: 1.0)
	СОМР	LETE BI	LOOD COUNT (CBC)	
	S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (H	B)	15.3	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.57	Millions/	cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOL	UME (PCV) NUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	42.8	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR VOLUME (MCV) NUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	93.8	KR fl	80.0 - 100.0
	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	33.4	pg	27.0 - 34.0
	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	35.6	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	15.6	%	11.00 - 16.00
	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) NUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	54.8	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		20.53	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INI by CALCULATED		31.94	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CE				
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE	E COUNT (TLC) Y by sf cube & microscopy	11090 ^H	/cmm	4000 - 11000
	UCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS		79 ^H	%	50 - 70

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LYMPHOCYTES	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	15 ^L	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	OL	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	6	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS		0	%	0 - 1
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY DCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTR		8761 ^H	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPH		1664 ^L	KR /cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSING	OPHIL COUNT Y by sf cube & microscopy	0 ^L	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONO	CYTE COUNT y by sf cube & microscopy	665	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOP by FLOW CYTOMETR	HIL COUNT y by sf cube & microscopy	0	/cmm	0 - 110
PLATELETS AND	OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE			
PLATELET COUNT	(PLT) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	163000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (P		0.16	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET V		10	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE	CELL COUNT (P-LCC) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	46000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE	CELL RATIO (P-LCR) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	27.9	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRI	BUTION WIDTH (PDW) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	16.1	%	15.0 - 17.0
NOTE: TEST CONDU	JCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			



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Test Name	v	alue Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ERYTHROCYT	E SEDIMENTATION RATE (1	ESR)
	DIMENTATION RATE (ESR) GATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY	30^H mm/1st	hr 0 - 20
1. ESR is a non-specif mmune disease, but 2. An ESR can be affe as C-reactive protein	does not tell the health practitioner exa cted by other conditions besides inflamr be used to monitor disease activity and ematosus	ctly where the inflammation is in the nation. For this reason, the ESR is types the test is the test of te	on associated with infection, cancer and auto body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test suc pove diseases as well as some others, such as



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AM	IBALA CITY - HA	ARYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	PROTH	IROMBIN T	IME STUDIES (PT/IN)	R)
PT TEST (PATIENT by photo optical c		12	SECS	11.5 - 14.5
PT (CONTROL) by photo optical c	CLOT DETECTION	12	SECS	
ISI by PHOTO OPTICAL C	CLOT DETECTION	1.1		
INTERNATIONAL N by photo optical C	NORMALISED RATIO (INR)	1		0.80 - 1.20
PT INDEX		100	%	

by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION INTERPRETATION:-

1.INR is the parameter of choice in monitoring adequacy of oral anti-coagulant therapy. Appropriate therapeutic range varies with the disease and treatment intensity.

2. Prolonged INR suggests potential bleeding disorder /bleeding complications

3. Results should be clinically correlated.

4. Test conducted on Citrated Plasma

INDICATION		INTERNATIONAL NORMALIZED RATIC (INR)
Treatment of venous thrombosis		
Treatment of pulmonary embolism		
Prevention of systemic embolism in tissue heart valves		
Valvular heart disease	Low Intensity	2.0 - 3.0
Acute myocardial infarction		
Atrial fibrillation		
Bileaflet mechanical valve in aortic position		
Recurrent embolism		
Mechanical heart valve	High Intensity	2.5 - 3.5
Antiphospholipid antibodies ⁺		





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

The prothrombin time (PT) and its derived measures of prothrombin ratio (PR) and international normalized ratio (INR) are measures of the efficacy of the extrinsic pathway of coagulation. PT test reflects the adequacy of factors I (fibrinogen), II (prothrombin), V, VII, and X. It is used in conjunction with the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) which measures the intrinsic pathway. The common causes of prolonged prothrombin time are :

1.Oral Anticoagulant therapy.

2.Liver disease.

3.Vit K. deficiency.

4. Disseminated intra vascular coagulation.

5.Factor 5, 7, 10 or Prothrombin dificiency



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	CLINIC	AL CHEMIST	FRY/BIOCHEMIST	RY
		GLUCOSE	FASTING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING by GLUCOSE OXIDAS	G (F): PLASMA e - peroxidase (god-pod)	82.3	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO	TAL: SERUM	144.98	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL 0	XIDASE PAP			BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR =
				240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S by GLYCEROL PHOSE	SERUM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	101.09	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0
				HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0
HDL CHOLFSTERO	L (DIRECT): SERUM	60.44	mg/dL	VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0 LOW HDL: < 30.0
by SELECTIVE INHIBIT		00.11	ing, dL	BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0
LDL CHOLESTERO	I · SFRUM	64.32	mg/dL	HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0 OPTIMAL: < 100.0
	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	01.52	ing/ uL	ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLES by CALCULATED, SPE	TEROL: SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	84.54	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0
VLDL CHOLESTER		20.22	mg/dL	VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0 0.00 - 45.00
	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	60.66	iiig/ uL	
-	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	391.05	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HI by CALCULATED, SPE	DL RATIO: SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.4	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0



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440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. **REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)**



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.06	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.67 ^L	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL , VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	LIVER	FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: S	SERUM	0.81	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN DIRECT (CONJUGATED): SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.22	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIREC	T (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.59	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRI	IDOXAL PHOSPHATE	20.21	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRI	DOXAL PHOSPHATE	23.16	KR U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SEI	RUM	0.87	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPHA		68.72	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMYL by SZASZ, SPECTROPH	TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	28.46	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: S by BIURET, SPECTROPH		7.03	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL GRI	EEN	4.15	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPEC		2.88	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50

A : G RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)

1.44





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RATIO

1.00 - 2.00

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|--|

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
KIDNE	Y FUNCTION T	EST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	32.77	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERUM by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY	1.01	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN): SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	15.31	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	15.16	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
UREA/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	32.45	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE	5.74	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	9.9	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM by PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.55	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES			
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	142.3	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	4.02	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	106.73	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE			
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE (eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED	87.3		

INTERPRETATION:

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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Test Name		Value U	J nit	Biological Reference interval
4. High protein intake				
 Impaired renal fur 				
	ke or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, GI bleeding, th	nyrotoxicosis, Cu	shing's syndrome, high protein diet,
burns, surgery, cache				
7. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy)				
	nass (subnormal creatinine production)			
	tetracycline, glucocorticoids)	c		
•	20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVEL			
	a (BUN rises disproportionately more th	ian creatinine) (e.g. obstructi	ive uropatny).	
	superimposed on renal disease.			

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :

1. Acute tubular necrosis.

- 2. Low protein diet and starvation.
- 3. Severe liver disease.
- 4. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.
- 5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).
- 6. Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood).
- 7. SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.
- 8. Pregnancy.
- DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:
- 1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).
- 2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).
- 3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure.

INAPPROPIATE RATIO:

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement). ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE:

CKD STAGE	DESCRIPTION	GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria
G2	Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	>90	Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	



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NAME	: Mr. HARISH AGGARWAL		
AGE/ GENDER	: 56 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1667846
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122411110001
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 11/Nov/2024 08:44 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12505576	COLLECTION DATE	: 11/Nov/2024 08:59AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 11/Nov/2024 04:08PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - I	HARYANA	

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney. 2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage 5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure 6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C 7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

HEPATITIS C VIRUS (HCV) ANTIBODIES SCREENING

HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY (HCV) TOTAL RESULT

NON - REACTIVE

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:

1.Anti HCV total antibody assay identifies presence IgG antibodies in the serum. It is a useful screening test with a specificity of nearly 99%. 2.It becomes positive approximately 24 weeks after exposure. The test can not isolate an active ongoing HCV infection from an old infection that has been cleared. All positive results must be confirmed for active disease by an HCV PCR test .

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULTS SEEN IN:

1.Window period

2.Immunocompromised states.





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NAME	: Mr. HARISH AGGARWAL		

ANTI HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV) ANTIBODIES HIV (1 & 2) SCREENING

HIV 1/2 AND P24 ANTIGEN RESULT by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY **NON - REACTIVE**

INTERPRETATION:-

1.AIDS is caused by at least 2 known types of HIV viruses, HIV-1 and HIV HIV-2.

2. This NACO approved immuno-chromatographic solid phase ELISA assay detects antibodies against both HIV-1 and HIV-2 viruses.

3. The test is used for routine serologic screening of patients at risk for HIV-1 or HIV-2 infection.

4.All screening ELISA assays for HIV antibody detection have high sensitivity but have low specificity.

5.At this laboratory, all positive samples are cross checked for positivity with two alternate assays prior to reporting. **NOTE:-**

1. Confirmatory testing by Western blot is recommended for patients who are reactive for HIV by this assay.

2.Antibodies against HIV-1 and HIV-2 are usually not detectable until 6 to 12 weeks following exposure (window period) and are almost always detectable by 12 months.

3. The test is not recommended for children born to HIV infected mothers till the child turns two years old (as HIV antibodies may be transmitted passively to the child trans-placentally).

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULT SEEN IN:

1. Window period

2.Severe immuno-suppression including advanced AIDS.





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg) SCREENING

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg)

NON - REACTIVE

RESULT

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:-

1.HBsAG is the first serological marker of HBV infection to appear in the blood (approximately 30-60 days after infection and prior to the onset of clinical disease). It is also the last viral protein to disappear from blood and usually disappears by three months after infection in self limiting acute Hepatitis B viral infection.

2.Persistence of HBsAg in blood for more than six months implies chronic infection. It is the most common marker used for diagnosis of an acute Hepatitis B infection but has very limited role in assessing patients suffering from chronic hepatitis.

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULT SEEN IN:

1.Window period.

2.Infection with HBsAg mutant strains

3. Hepatitis B Surface antigen (HBsAg) is the earliest indicator of HBV infection. Usually it appears in 27 - 41 days (as early as 14 days).

4. Appears 7 - 26 days before biochemical abnormalities. Peaks as ALT rises. Persists during the acute illness. Usually disappears 12 - 20 weeks after the onset of symptoms / laboratory abnormalities in 90% of cases.

5.Is the most reliable serologic marker of HBV infection. Persistence > 6 months defines carrier state. May also be found in chronic infection.Hepatitis B vaccination does not cause a positive HBsAg. Titers are not of clinical value.

NOTE:-

1.All reactive HBsAG Should be reconfirmed with neutralization test(HBsAg confirmatory test).

2.Anti - HAV IgM appears at the same time as symptoms in > 99% of cases, peaks within the first month, becomes nondetectable in 12 months (usually 6 months). Presence confirms diagnosis of recent acute infection.



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AME	RPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA				
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva		
		CLINICAL PATHO	DLOGY			
	URINE ROU	TINE & MICROSCO	PIC EXAMINA	ATION		
PHYSICAL EXAMIN	ATION					
QUANTITY RECIEVI	ED TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	25	ml			
COLOUR	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	AMBER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW		
TRANSPARANCY	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	HAZY		CLEAR		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		1.02 PKR		1.002 - 1.030		
CHEMICAL EXAMI	NATION					
REACTION	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC				
PROTEIN		1+		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
by DIP STICK/REFLEC SUGAR	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			NEGATIVE (-ve)		
pH	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.5		5.0 - 7.5		
BILIRUBIN		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
by DIP STICK/REFLECT NITRITE	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	MEGAIIVE (-VE)		NEGATIVE (-Ve)		
UROBILINOGEN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0		
KETONE BODIES		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
BLOOD	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	TRACE		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
ASCORBIC ACID	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)		
MICROSCOPIC EXA						
RED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCs) ENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	2-3	/HPF	0 - 3		





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NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE

440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. **REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)**



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-4	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	1-2	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

End Of Report



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