



A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

NAME : Mrs. ANGREJ KAUR

AGE/ GENDER : 49 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1445931

COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122411220024

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 22/Nov/2024 02:04 PM BARCODE NO. : 12505795 **COLLECTION DATE** : 22/Nov/2024 08:48PM CLIENT CODE. : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE REPORTING DATE : 23/Nov/2024 10:10AM

CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY ANTI TISSUE TRANSGLUTAMINASE (tTG) ANTIBODY IgA

ANTI TISSUE TRANSGLUTAMINASE ANTIBODY IgA

by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOASSAY)

10.26

IU/mL

NEGATIVE: < 20.0

POSITIVE: > 20.0

INTERPRETATION:

- 1. Anti-transglutaminase antibodies (ATA) are autoantibodies against the transglutaminase protein.
- 2. Antibodies to tissue transglutaminas are found in patients with several conditions, including coeliac disease, juvenile diabetes, inflammatory bowel disease, and various forms of arthritis.
- 3.In coeliac disease, ATA are involved in the destruction of the villous extracellular matrix and target the destruction of intestinal villous epithelial cells by killer cells.
- 4. Deposits of anti-tTG in the intestinal epithelium predict coeliac disease.
- 5.Celiac disease (gluten-sensitive enteropathy, celiac sprue) results from an immune-mediated inflammatory process following ingestion of wheat, rye, or barley proteins that occurs in genetically susceptible individuals. The inflammation in celiac disease occurs primarily in the mucosa of the small intestine, which leads to villous atrophy

CLINICAL MANIFESTATIONS RELATED TO GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT:

- 1.Abdominal pain
- 2. Malabsorption
- 3. Diarrhea and Constipation.

CLINICAL MANIFESTATION OF CELIAC DISEASE NOT RESTRICTED TO GIT:

- 1. Failure to grow (delayed puberty and short stature)
- 2.Iron deficiency anemia
- 3. Recurrent fetal loss
- 4. Osteoporosis and chronic fatigue
- 5. Recurrent aphthous stomatitis (canker sores)
- 6.Dental enamel hypoplasia, and dermatitis herpetiformis.
- 7. Patients with celiac disease may also present with neuropsychiatric manifestations including ataxia and peripheral neuropathy, and are at increased risk for development of non-Hodgkin lymphoma.
- 8. The disease is also associated with other clinical disorders including thyroiditis, type I diabetes mellitus, Down syndrome, and IgA deficiency.

NOTE:

- 1. The finding of tissue transglutaminase (tTG)-IgA antibodies is specific for celiac disease and possibly for dermatitis herpetiformis. For individuals with moderately to strongly positive results, a diagnosis of celiac disease is likely and the patient should undergo biopsy to confirm the diagnosis
- 2.If patients strictly adhere to a gluten-free diet, the unit value of IgA-anti-tTG should begin to decrease within 6 to 12 months of onset of dietary therapy

CAUTION:

1. This test should not be solely relied upon to establish a diagnosis of celiac disease. It should be used to identify patients who have an increased probability of having celiac disease and in whom a small intestinal biopsy is recommended.



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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST



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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

2.Affected individuals who have been on a gluten-free diet prior to testing may have a negative result.

3. For individuals who test negative, IgA deficiency should be considered. If total IgA is normal and tissue transglutaminase (tTG)-IgA is negative there is a low probability of the patient having celiac disease and a biopsy may not be necessary.

4.If serology is negative or there is substantial clinical doubt remaining, then further investigation should be performed with endoscopy and bowel biopsy. This is especially important in patients with frank malabsorptive symptoms since many syndromes can mimic celiac disease. For the patient with frank malabsorptive symptoms, bowel biopsy should be performed regardless of serologic test results.

5. The antibody pattern in dermatitis herpetiformis may be more variable than in celiac disease; therefore, both endomysial and tTG antibody determinations are recommended to maximize the sensitivity of the serologic tests.



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Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

IMMUNOGLOBIN IgA

IMMUNOGLOBIN-A (IgA): SERUM 394.83 mg/dL 110 - 410

by NEPHLOMETRY

INTERPRETATION:

- 1. Approximately 10 to 15% of total plasma immunoglobulings account for IgA. It contains 10% of carbohdrate and has mol. wt. 160,000 with half life of 6 days.
- 2.It serves to protect the skin and mucosa against microorganisms. It is capable of binding toxins and in combination with lysozyme develop antibacterial and antiviral activity.
- 3. IgA is the predominant immunoglobulin in the body secretion such as colostrum, salivai, and sweet. Secretary IgA provides defense against local infection and is important in binding food antigens in the gut.
- 4. Increased polyclonal IgA may occur in chronic liver diseases, autoimmune disorders (SLE, Rheumatoid arthritis) and sarcoidosis. Monoclonal IgA increases in IgA myeloma.
- 5. Decreased synthesis of IgA is observed in acquired and congenital immunodeficiency diseases. Reduced levels of IgA can be caused by protein losing gastroenteropathies and loss through skin from burns.



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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS

ANTI NUCLEAR ANTIBODY/FACTOR (ANA/ANF) - WITH REFLEX TO TITRES: IFA (HEP-2)

ANTI NUCLEAR ANTIBODY (ANA) - IFA, HEp2 by IFA (IMMUNO FLUORESCENT ASSAY)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

INTERPRETATION:

- 1. Anti Nuclear antibody (ANA) in dilutions is recommended for all positive results and follow up
- 2.Immunofluorescence microscopy using human cellular extracts like HEp-2 cells is a sensitive test for detection of serum antibodies that react specifically with various cellular proteins and nucleic acids
- 3.Test conducted on Serum

INTERPRETATION GUIDELINES: (Sample screening Dilution - 1:100):

Negative: No Immunofluorescence

+: Weak Positive (1:100)

++: Moderate Positive (1:320)

+++ : Strong Positive (1:1000)

++++: Very strong Positive (1:3200)

COMMENTS:

Anti Nuclear antibody (ANA / ANF) is a group of autoantibodies directed against constituents of cell nuclei including DNA, RNA & various nuclear proteins. These autoantibodies are found with high frequency in patients with connective tissue disorders specially SLE. Since positive ANA results have been reported in healthy individuals, these reactivities are not by themselves diagnostic but must be correlated with other laboratory and clinical findings.

PATTERN	DISEASE ASSOCIATION
NUCLEAR	
Homogenous	SLE & other connective tissue disorders, Drug induced SLE
Peripheral	SLE & other connective tissue disorders
Speckled Coarse	Mixed connective Tissue Disorders (MCTD), Scleroderma-Polymyositis Overlap Syndrome, Raynauds Phenomenon, Psoariasis, Sjogrens Syndrome, Systemic Sclerosis.



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CLIENT CODE.



PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

■ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ■ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
1	1			

Speckled Fine	SLE,Sjogrens syndrome,Scleroderma,Myositis,MCTD	
NUCLEAR DOTS		
Few	Auto-immune & Viral disease- Primary Biliay Cirrhosis & Chronic Active Hepatitis, Rarely Collagen Vascular disease	
Multiple	Primary Biliary Cirrhosis (>30%)	
Centromere	CREST syndrome, Progresive Systemic Sclerosis	
NUCLEOLAR		
Homogeneous	Scleroderma, Myositis, Raynauds Phenomena, SLE & Rheumatoid arthiritis	
Clumpy	Systemic sclerosis & Scleroderma	
CYTOPLASMIC	Y PKR	
Mitochondrial	Primary Biliary Cirrhosis, Scleroderma & Overlap syndrome	
Ribosomal	SLE (10-20%)	

End Of Report



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