PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana) A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

【 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

| NAME | : Mr. RAKESH KUMAR | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| AGE/ GENDER | : 44 YRS/MALE | | PATIENT ID | : 1692140 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 122412060002 |
| REFERRED BY | : | | REGISTRATION DATE | : 06/Dec/2024 08:56 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 12506025 | | COLLECTION DATE | :06/Dec/202409:01AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU | ΤЕ | REPORTING DATE | :06/Dec/2024 12:42PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL | A CITY - HA | RYANA | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| | SWASTI | HYA WE | LLNESS PANEL: 1.4 | |
| | СОМР | LETE BL | OOD COUNT (CBC) | |
| RED BLOOD CELLS | S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES | | | |
| HAEMOGLOBIN (H) | B) | 15.5 | gm/dL | 12.0 - 17.0 |
| RED BLOOD CELL (| RBC) COUNT | 5.34 ^H | Millions/o | cmm 3.50 - 5.00 |
| PACKED CELL VOLU | | 45.1 | % | 40.0 - 54.0 |
| MEAN CORPUSCUL | AR VOLUME (MCV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 84.4 | KR fl | 80.0 - 100.0 |
| | AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 29 | pg | 27.0 - 34.0 |
| by CALCULATED BY A | AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 34.3 | g/dL | 32.0 - 36.0 |
| by CALCULATED BY A | UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 13.6 | % | 11.00 - 16.00 |
| by CALCULATED BY A | UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 43.4 | fL | 35.0 - 56.0 |
| MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED | | 15.81 | RATIO | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0 |
| GREEN & KING INE by CALCULATED | DEX | 21.48 | RATIO | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0 |
| WHITE BLOOD CE | LLS (WBCS) | | | |
| , | BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 9610 | /cmm | 4000 - 11000 |
| | <u>UCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)</u> | | | |
| NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY | Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 60 | % | 50 - 70 |
| LYMPHOCYTES | | 33 | % | 20 - 40 |

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| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AM | /IBALA CITY - H | ARYANA | |
| | | | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| by FLOW CYTOMETR | Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | | | |
| EOSINOPHILS | | 3 | % | 1 - 6 |
| by FLOW CYTOMETR MONOCYTES | Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 4 | % | 2 - 12 |
| | Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 4 | 70 | 2 - 12 |
| BASOPHILS | | 0 | % | 0 - 1 |
| | Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | | | |
| ABSOLUTE LEUKO | <u>)CYTES (WBC) COUNT</u> | | | |
| ABSOLUTE NEUTR by FLOW CYTOMETR | OPHIL COUNT Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 5766 | /cmm | 2000 - 7500 |
| ABSOLUTELVMDU | OCVTE COUNT | 2171 | /cmm | 800 4000 |

| by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | | | |
|--|--------------------|------|-----------------|
| ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 3171 | /cmm | 800 - 4900 |
| ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 288 | /cmm | 40 - 440 |
| ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 384 | /cmm | 80 - 880 |
| ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 0 | /cmm | 0 - 110 |
| PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE | MARKERS. | | |
| PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence | 205000 | /cmm | 150000 - 450000 |
| PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 0.26 | % | 0.10 - 0.36 |
| MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence | 13 ^H | fL | 6.50 - 12.0 |
| PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 93000 ^H | /cmm | 30000 - 90000 |
| PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 45.3 ^H | % | 11.0 - 45.0 |
| PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 16.3 | % | 15.0 - 17.0 |



NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

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| | | | | |
| CLIENT CODE. | : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTI | TUTE REPO | RTING DATE | :06/Dec/2024 03:43PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMB | ALA CITY - HARYAN | A | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) INTERPRETATION: | | 7.1 ^H 157.07 ^H | mg/dL | 60.00 - 140.00 |
| | AS PER AMERICAN DI | ABETES ASSOCIATION | (ADA): | |
| | REFERENCE GROUP | GLYCOSY | LATED HEMOGLOGIB | (HBAIC) in % |
| | abetic Adults >= 18 years | | <5.7 | |
| | t Risk (Prediabetes) | | 5.7 - 6.4 | |
| D | iagnosing Diabetes | | >= 6.5 | |
| | | Cash of The | Age > 19 Years | 7.0 |
| | ic goals for glycemic control | Goals of The Actions Sugg | | < 7.0 >8.0 |
| heraneut | | Actions Sugg | | /0.0 |
| Therapeut | 5 55 | | Age < 19 Years | |

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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| CLIENT CODE. | : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INST | ITUTE REP | ORTING DATE | :06/Dec/202403:12PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AM | BALA CITY - HARYAN | IA | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| | ERYTHR | DCYTE SEDIMEN | TATION RATE (1 | ESR) |
| | DIMENTATION RATE (ESR) | 28 ^H | mm/1st | hr 0 - 20 |
| by RED CELL AGGRE INTERPRETATION: | GATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY | , , | | |
| 1. ESR is a non-specif | ic test because an elevated result | often indicates the p | resence of inflammat | ion associated with infection, cancer and auto |
| 2. An ESR can be affe | | nflammation. For this | s reason, the ESR is ty | pically used in conjunction with other test suc |
| as C-reactive protein 3 This test may also | be used to monitor disease activit | v and response to th | erapy in both of the a | bove diseases as well as some others, such as |
| systemic lupus eryth | ematosus | y and respense to th | | |
| A low ESR can be see | en with conditions that inhibit the | normal sedimentatio | n of red blood cells, s | uch as a high red blood cell count |
| | بممالمماه مماط ملاطين طعاما بالعسما | int (loucocutocic) or | | aon as a mgn roa blood oon oount |
| (polycythaemia), sigr | 'e cell anaemia) also lower the FS | R | nd some protein abno | rmalities. Some changes in red cell shape (su |
| NOTE: | | | nd some protein abno | rmalities. Some changes in red cell shape (su |
| NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactiv 2. Generally, ESR doe | e protein (C-RP) are both markers es not change as rapidly as does CF | of inflammation. RP, either at the start | nd some protein abno | rmalities. Šome changes in red cell shape (suc s it resolves. |
| NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactiv 2. Generally, ESR doe 3. CRP is not affected | e protein (C-RP) are both markers es not change as rapidly as does CF I by as many other factors as is ESR | of inflammation. RP, either at the start , making it a better m | of inflammation or as | rmalities. Šome changes in red cell shape (suc s it resolves. |
| NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactiv 2. Generally, ESR doe 3. CRP is not affected 4. If the ESR is elevat 5. Women tend to ha | e protein (C-RP) are both markers es not change as rapidly as does CF I by as many other factors as is ESR ied, it is typically a result of two typ ave a higher ESR, and menstruation | of inflammation. RP, either at the start , making it a better m pes of proteins, glob , and pregnancy can d | of inflammation or as arker of inflammation. Jins or fibrinogen. ause temporary eleva | rmalities. Šome changes in red cell shape (suc s it resolves. n. |





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| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A | MBALA CITY - HARY | /ANA | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interv |
| | CLINI | CAL CHEMIST | RY/BIOCHEMIST | TRY |
| | | GLUCOSE F | ASTING (F) | |
| GLUCOSE FASTING by glucose oxidas | G (F): PLASMA e - peroxidase (god-pod) | 181.42 ^H | mg/dL | NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125. DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0 |
| INTERPRETATION | H AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIA | | | |
| | hungen lavel belaw 100 mg/dl is | | | |

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| | | LIPID PR | OFILE : BASIC | |
| CHOLESTEROL TO by CHOLESTEROL O | | 232.41 ^H | mg/dL | OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0 |
| TRIGLYCERIDES: S by GLYCEROL PHOSF | ERUM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC) | 203.84 ^H | mg/dL | OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0 |
| HDL CHOLESTERO by SELECTIVE INHIBIT | L (DIRECT): SERUM 70N | 42.68 | mg/dL | LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0 |
| LDL CHOLESTERO | | 148.96 ^H | mg/dL | OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0 |
| NON HDL CHOLES' by CALCULATED, SPE | | 189.73 ^H | mg/dL | OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0 |
| VLDL CHOLESTER | | 40.77 | mg/dL | 0.00 - 45.00 |
| TOTAL LIPIDS: SEF | RUM | 668.66 | mg/dL | 350.00 - 700.00 |
| CHOLESTEROL/HI by CALCULATED, SPE | | 5.45 ^H | RATIO | LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0 |



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| | | | | | |

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|
| LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by Calculated, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 3.49 ^H | RATIO | LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0 |
| TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 4.78 | RATIO | 3.00 - 5.00 |

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL.

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interv |
| | LIVER | FUNCTION | TEST (COMPLETE) | |
| BILIRUBIN TOTAL: by DIAZOTIZATION, SF | SERUM PECTROPHOTOMETRY | 0.56 | mg/dL | INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20 |
| | C (CONJUGATED): SERUM | 0.21 | mg/dL | 0.00 - 0.40 |
| BILIRUBIN INDIRE by CALCULATED, SPE | CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM | 0.35 | mg/dL | 0.10 - 1.00 |
| SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY | RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE | 33.91 | U/L | 7.00 - 45.00 |
| SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY | RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE | 41.56 | U/L | 0.00 - 49.00 |
| AST/ALT RATIO: SI | | 0.82 | RATIO | 0.00 - 46.00 |
| ALKALINE PHOSPH by Para NITROPHEN PROPANOL | IATASE: SERUM YL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL | 140.02 ^H | U/L | 40.0 - 130.0 |
| GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTROF | L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM | 51.55 | U/L | 0.00 - 55.0 |
| TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO | | 6.51 | gm/dL | 6.20 - 8.00 |
| LBUMIN: SERUM | REEN | 4.01 | gm/dL | 3.50 - 5.50 |
| GLOBULIN: SERUM | | 2.5 | gm/dL | 2.30 - 3.50 |
| A : G RATIO: SERUM | I | 1.6 | RATIO | 1.00 - 2.00 |

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION

NOTE: To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

| DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY | > 2 |
|--|----------------------------|
| ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS | > 2 (Highly Suggestive) |
| CIRRHOSIS | 1.4 - 2.0 |
| INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS | > 1.5 |
| HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS | > 1.3 (Slightly Increased) |





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| | | | |

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

| NORMAL | < 0.65 |
|----------------------|-----------|
| GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN | 0.3 - 0.6 |
| POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN | 1.2 - 1.6 |



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| CLIENT CODE. | : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INST | ITUTE | REPORTING DATE | :06/Dec/2024 04:43PM | |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMI | BALA CITY - H | - HARYANA | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval | |
| | KIDNI | EY FUNCTI | ON TEST (COMPLETE) | | |
| UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAM | ATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH) | 18.92 | mg/dL | 10.00 - 50.00 | |
| CREATININE: SERU | JM | 1.01 | mg/dL | 0.40 - 1.40 | |
| BLOOD UREA NITR by CALCULATED, SPE | OGEN (BUN): SERUM CTROPHOTOMETRY | 8.84 | mg/dL | 7.0 - 25.0 | |
| BLOOD UREA NITR RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPEC | OGEN (BUN)/CREATININE | 8.75 ^L | RATIO | 10.0 - 20.0 | |
| UREA/CREATININE | E RATIO: SERUM | 1 <mark>8.73</mark> | RATIO | | |
| URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASE | | 3.72 | mg/dL | 3.60 - 7.70 | |
| CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPEC | | 9.59 | mg/dL | 8.50 - 10.60 | |
| | RUM ATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 2.38 | mg/dL | 2.30 - 4.70 | |
| <u>ELECTROLYTES</u> | | | | | |
| SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE | E ELECTRODE) | 136.9 | mmol/L | 135.0 - 150.0 | |
| POTASSIUM: SERUN by ISE (ION SELECTIVE | | 4.8 | mmol/L | 3.50 - 5.00 | |
| CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE | | 102.68 | mmol/L | 90.0 - 110.0 | |

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE (eGFR): SERUM

INTERPRETATION:

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia. INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

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2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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| | : Mr. RAKESH KUMAR | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| AGE/ GENDER | : 44 YRS/MALE | PATIENT ID | : 1692140 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 122412060002 |
| REFERRED BY | : | REGISTRATION DATE | :06/Dec/2024 08:56 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 12506025 | COLLECTION DATE | :06/Dec/2024 09:01AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE | REPORTING DATE | :06/Dec/202404:43PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CIT | Y - HARYANA | |
| Test Name | Valu | e Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| burns, surgery, cache | ke or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. i xia, high fever). | infection, GI bleeding, thyrotoxic | osis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet, |
| 6. Excess protein inta burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 | iction plus ke or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. i xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS: | | |
| 6. Excess protein inta burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia | action plus ke or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. i xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS: a (BUN rises disproportionately more than cr superimposed on renal disease. | | |
| 6. Excess protein inta burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< | action plus ke or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. i xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS: a (BUN rises disproportionately more than cr superimposed on renal disease. 10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : | | |
| 6. Excess protein inta burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Acute tubular necr | action plus ke or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. i xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS: a (BUN rises disproportionately more than cr superimposed on renal disease. 10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. | | |
| 6. Excess protein inta burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver diseas | action plus ke or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. i xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) co:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS: a (BUN rises disproportionately more than cr superimposed on renal disease. IO:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. a d starvation. e. | | |
| 6. Excess protein inta burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver diseas 4. Other causes of de | action plus ke or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. i xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) co:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS: a (BUN rises disproportionately more than cr superimposed on renal disease. IO:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. a starvation. e. creased urea synthesis. | reatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropa | |
| 6. Excess protein inta burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver diseas 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis | action plus ke or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. i xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) co:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS: a (BUN rises disproportionately more than cr superimposed on renal disease. IO:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. a d starvation. e. | reatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropa extracellular fluid). | |

8. Pregnancy.

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:

1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).

2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).

3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure.

INAPPROPIATE RATIO:

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement). ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE:

| CKD STAGE | DESCRIPTION | GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) | ASSOCIATED FINDINGS |
|-----------|--|-----------------------|---|
| G1 | Normal kidney function | >90 | No proteinuria |
| G2 | Kidney damage with normal or high GFR | >90 | Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urine |
| G3a | Mild decrease in GFR | 60 -89 | |
| G3b | Moderate decrease in GFR | 30-59 | |
| G4 | Severe decrease in GFR | 15-29 | |
| G5 | Kidney failure | <15 | |



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| NAME | : Mr. RAKESH KUMAR | | |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| AGE/ GENDER | : 44 YRS/MALE | PATIENT ID | : 1692140 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 122412060002 |
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| CLIENT CODE. | : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE | REPORTING DATE | :06/Dec/202404:43PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - H | HARYANA | |
| | | | |

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
|-----------|-------|------|--------------------------------------|
| | | | |

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney. 2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage 5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure 6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C 7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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| CLIENT CODE. | : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTIT | UTE Re | PORTING DATE | 06/Dec/2024 06:17PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBA | LA CITY - HARYA | NA | |
| | | | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| | | IRON PR | OFILE | |
| IRON: SERUM by FERROZINE, SPEC | TROPHOTOMETRY | 51.3 ^L | μg/dL | 59.0 - 158.0 |
| • | ON BINDING CAPACITY (UIBC) | 126.89 ^L | µg/dL | 150.0 - 336.0 |
| TOTAL IRON BIND :SERUM | ING CAPACITY (TIBC) | 178.19 ^L | μg/dL | 230 - 430 |

SERUM FERRITIN: Normal to Increased Decreased Normal or Increased **IRON**: 1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.

%

IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA

Reduced

Increased

Decreased < 12-15 %

mg/dL

15.0 - 50.0

200.0 - 350.0

THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT

Normal

Normal

Normal

28.79

126.51^L

2. It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia. TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):

1. It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE

Normal to Reduced

Decreased

Decreased

% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

by SPECTROPHOTOMETERY

TRANSFERRIN: SERUM

INTERPRETATION:-

%TRANSFERRIN SATURATION: SERUM

by SPECTROPHOTOMETERY (FERENE)

VARIABLES

SERUM IRON:

TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:

% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY (FERENE)

1. Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.



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| CLIENT CODE. | : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU | TE REPO | RTING DATE | :06/Dec/2024 12:42PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL | A CITY - HARYANA | Α | |
| | | | | |
| To at Name o | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| Test Name | | value | Unit | Diviogical weier ence inter val |
| Test Name | | Value | UIII | |
| 1 est Name | | ENDOCRINO | | Diological Reference interval |
| | THYRO | ENDOCRINO | | |
| TRIIODOTHYRONIN | | ENDOCRINO | DLOGY | 0.35 - 1.93 |
| TRIIODOTHYRONIN by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN THYROXINE (T4): S | NE (T3): SERUM ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) | ENDOCRING | DLOGY TEST: TOTAL | |

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

| CLINICAL CONDITION | T3 | T4 | TSH |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Primary Hypothyroidism: | Reduced | Reduced | Increased (Significantly) |
| Subclinical Hypothyroidism: | Normal or Low Normal | Normal or Low Normal | High |
| Primary Hyperthyroidism: | Increased | Increased | Reduced (at times undetectable) |
| Subclinical Hyperthyroidism: | Normal or High Normal | Normal or High Normal | Reduced |

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

| TRIIODOTH | TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3) | | THYROXINE (T4) | | LATING HORMONE (TSH) |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Age | Refferance Range (ng/mL) | Age | Refferance Range (µg/dL) | Age | Reference Range (μIU/mL) |
| 0-7 Days | 0.20 - 2.65 | 0 - 7 Days | 5.90 - 18.58 | 0 - 7 Days | 2.43 - 24.3 |
| 7 Days - 3 Months | 0.36 - 2.59 | 7 Days - 3 Months | 6.39 - 17.66 | 7 Days - 3 Months | 0.58 - 11.00 |
| 3 - 6 Months | 0.51 - 2.52 | 3 - 6 Months | 6.75 - 17.04 | 3 Days – 6 Months | 0.70 - 8.40 |
| 6 - 12 Months | 0.74 - 2.40 | 6 - 12 Months | 7.10 - 16.16 | 6 – 12 Months | 0.70 - 7.00 |





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| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA | | | |

| Test Name | | Value Uni | | | Biological Reference interval | |
|---------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1 - 10 Years | 0.92 - 2.28 | 1 - 10 Years | 6.00 - 13.80 | 1 – 10 Years | 0.60 - 5.50 | |
| 11- 19 Years | 0.35 - 1.93 | 11 - 19 Years | 4.87- 13.20 | 11 – 19 Years | 0.50 - 5.50 | |
| > 20 years (Adults) | 0.35 - 1.93 | > 20 Years (Adults) | 4.87 - 12.60 | > 20 Years (Adults) | 0.35-5.50 | |
| | RECOM | MENDATIONS OF TSH LE | EVELS DURING PREC | SNANCY (μIU/mL) | | |
| 1st Trimester | | | | 0.10 - 2.50 | | |
| 2nd Trimester | | | 0.20 - 3.00 | | | |
| 3rd Trimester | | | | 0.30 - 4.10 | | |

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester



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: Mr. RAKESH KUMAR

NAME

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

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| CLIENT ADDRESS | : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AM | IBALA CITY - HARYANA | | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interva | |
| | | CLINICAL PATHO | LOGY | | |
| | URINE ROI | UTINE & MICROSCOP | IC EXAMINA | ATION | |
| PHYSICAL EXAMIN | NATION | | | | |
| QUANTITY RECIEV | ED TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 30 | ml | | |
| COLOUR by DIP STICK/REFLEC | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | PALE YELLOW | | PALE YELLOW | |
| TRANSPARANCY | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | HAZY | | CLEAR | |
| SPECIFIC GRAVITY | | 1.02 PK R | | 1.002 - 1.030 | |
| by DIP STICK/REFLEC CHEMICAL EXAMI | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY NATION | | | | |
| REACTION | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | ALKALINE | | | |
| PROTEIN | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | TRACE | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | |
| SUGAR | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | |
| pH | | 7.5 | | 5.0 - 7.5 | |
| BILIRUBIN | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | |
| NITRITE | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | |
| UROBILINOGEN | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY. | NOT DETECTED | EU/dL | 0.2 - 1.0 | |
| KETONE BODIES | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | |
| BLOOD | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | |
| ASCORBIC ACID | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) | |
| MICROSCOPIC EXA | AMINATION | | | | |
| RED BLOOD CELLS | (RBCs) | NEGATIVE (-ve) | /HPF | 0 - 3 | |

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| | | | | |

| Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
|----------------|--|--|
| | | |
| 3-5 | /HPF | 0 - 5 |
| | | |
| 4-5 | /HPF | ABSENT |
| | | |
| NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| | | |
| NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| | | |
| NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| | | |
| NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| | | |
| ABSENT | | ABSENT |
| | | |
| | 3-5 4-5 NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) | 3-5 /HPF 4-5 /HPF NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) |

* End Of Report



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