

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

■ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ■ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME : Mrs. BHAWNA

AGE/ GENDER : 34 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1715887

COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122501040011

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 04/Jan/2025 02:45 PM BARCODE NO. : 12506394 **COLLECTION DATE** : 04/Jan/2025 02:47PM CLIENT CODE. : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE REPORTING DATE : 05/Jan/2025 05:01AM

CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

HAEMATOLOGY

HAEMOGLOBIN - HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HB-HPLC)

			, ,
HAEMOGLOBIN VARIANTS			
HAEMOGLOBIN AO (ADULT) by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	83.9	%	83.00 - 90.00
HAEMOGLOBIN F (FOETAL) by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	<0.8	%	0.00 - 2.0
HAEMOGLOBIN A2 by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	2.3	%	1.50 - 3.70
PEAK 3 by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	5.8	%	< 10.0
OTHERS-NON SPECIFIC by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	ABSENT	%	ABSENT
HAEMOGLOBIN S by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
HAEMOGLOBIN D (PUNJAB) by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
HAEMOGLOBIN E by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
HAEMOGLOBIN C by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
UNKNOWN UNIDENTIFIED VARIANTS by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	NOT DETECTED	%	< 0.02
GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): WHOLE BLOOD	5.1	%	4.0 - 6.4
by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)			
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by automated hematology analyzer	7.8 ^L	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	4.03	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	26.5 ^L	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	65.8 ^L	fL	80.0 - 100.0



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PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

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: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	19.3 ^L	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	29.4 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by automated hematology analyzer	19 ^H	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	46.1	fL	35.0 - 56.0
<u>OTHERS</u>			
NAKED EYE SINGLE TUBE RED CELL OSMOTIC FRAGILITY TEST by SINGLE RED CELL OSMOTIC FRAGILITY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED	16.33	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0

INTERPRETATION

THE ABOVE FINDINGS ARE SUGGESTIVE OF NORMAL HAEMOGLOBIN CHROMATOGRAPHIC PATTERN

INTERPRETATION:

The Thalassemia syndromes, considered the most common genetic disorder worldwide, are a heterogenous group of mandelian disorders, all characterized by a lack of/or decreased synthesis of either the alpha-globin chains (alpha thalassemia) or the beta-globin chains (beta thalassemia) of haemoglobin.

HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HPLC):

- 1.HAEMOGLOBIN VARIANT ANALYSIS, BLOOD- High Performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) is a fast & accurate method for determining the presence and for quatitation of various types of normal haemoglobin and common abnormal hb variants, including but not limited to Hb S, C, E, D and Beta -thalassemia.
- 2. The diagnosis of these abnormal haemoglobin should be confirmed by DNA analysis.
- 3. The method use has a limited role in the diagnosis of alpha thalassemia.
- 4.Slight elevation in haemoglobin A2 may also occur in hyperthyroidism or when there is deficiency of vitamin b12 or folate and this should be istinguished from inherited elevation of HbA2 in Beta- thalassemia trait.

 NAKED EYE SINGLE TUBE RED CELL OSMOTIC FRAGILITY TEST (NESTROFT):

- 1.It is a screening test to distinguish beta thalassemia trait. Also called as Naked Eye Single Tube Red Cell Osmotic Fragility Test.
- 2.The test showed a sensitivity of 100%, specificity of 85.47%, a positive predictive value of 66% and a negative predictive value of 100%.
- 3.A high negative predictive value can reasonably rule out beta thalassemia trait cases. So, it should be adopted as a screening test for beta thalassemia trait, as it is not practical or feasible to employ HbA2 in every case of anemia in childhood.

MENTZERS INDEX:

- 1.The Mentzer index, helpful in differentiating iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, the Mentzer index is said to be a method of distinguishing between them.
- 2.If the index is less than 13, thalassemia is said to be more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is said to be more

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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

3. The principle involved is as follows: In iron deficiency, the marrow cannot produce as many RBCs and they are small (microcytic), so the RBC count and the MCV will both be low, and as a result, the index will be greater than 13. Conversely, in thalassemia, which is a disorder of globin synthesis, the number of RBC's produced is normal, but the cells are smaller and more fragile. Therefore, the RBC count is normal, but the MCV is low, so the index will be less than 13.

NOTE: In practice, the Mentzer index is not a reliable indicator and should not, by itself, be used to differentiate. In addition, it would be possible for a patient with a microcytic anemia to have both iron deficiency and thalassemia, in which case the index would only suggest iron deficiency.



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Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY **GLUCOSE RANDOM (R)**

GLUCOSE RANDOM (R): PLASMA 84.26 NORMAL: < 140.00 mg/dL

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD) PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 200.0

INTERPRETATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A random plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal.

2. A random glucose level between 140 - 200 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prnadial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

3. A random glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

ENDOCRINOLOGY

THYROID FUNCTION TEST: TOTAL

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3): SERUM 0.35 - 1.931.354 ng/mL by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

THYROXINE (T4): SERUM 7.59 4.87 - 12.60

μgm/dL by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM μIU/mL 0.856 0.35 - 5.50by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

INTERPRETATION:

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and triliodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

- 1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests
- 2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs
- 3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult, due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.
- 4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	(RONINE (T3)	THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μΙU/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 – 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 – 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00



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Test Name			Value	Unit	t	Biological Reference interval
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87- 13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35- 5.50	
	RECOM	MENDATIONS OF TSH LE	VELS DURING PREG	SNANCY (µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50		
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

- 1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.
- 2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3. Hashimotos thyroiditis
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.
- 5. Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

- 1. Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.
- 2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.
- 3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism
- 5. Acute psychiatric illness
- 6. Severe dehydration.
- 7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.
- 8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

*** End Of Report ***



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Patient report

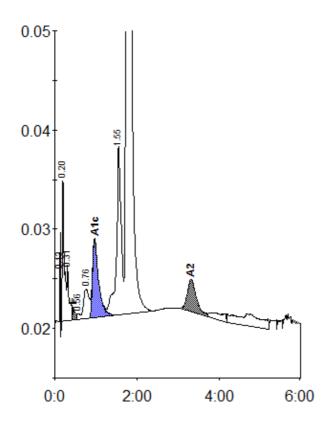
 Bio-Rad
 DATE: 01/04/2025

 D-10
 TIME: 05:06 PM

S/N: #DJ6F040603 Software version: 4.30-2

Sample ID: 12506394

Injection date 01/04/2025 04:17 PM
Injection #: 2 Method: HbA2/F
Rack #: --- Rack position: 2



Peak table - ID: 12506394

Peak	R.time	Height	Area	Area %
Unknown	0.13	9101	7793	0.3
A1a	0.20	14378	51520	2.1
A1b	0.31	5652	21367	0.9
F	0.45	1200	6056	< 0.8 *
Unknown	0.56	623	2788	0.1
LA1c/CHb-1	0.76	2972	27517	1.1
A1c	0.97	7851	82467	5.1
P3	1.55	17002	139138	5.8
A0	1.74	467200	2028066	83.9
A2	3.32	3260	49754	2.3

Concentration:	%
F	< 0.8 *
A1c	5.1
A2	2.3

2416467

Total Area: