CLIENT CODE.



PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

■ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 **■** pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

REPORTING DATE

NAME : Mrs. JYOTI TANDAN

HDL CHOLESTEROL (DIRECT): SERUM

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

by SELECTIVE INHIBITION

AGE/ GENDER : 72 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1730051

COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122501210009

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 21/Jan/2025 01:26 PM BARCODE NO. **COLLECTION DATE** : 21/Jan/2025 01:29PM : 12506606

CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

Value Unit **Test Name Biological Reference interval**

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

LIPID PROFILE: BASIC

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL: SERUM OPTIMAL: < 200.0 228.64^H mg/dL by CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE PAP

BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 -

239.0

: 21/Jan/2025 07:32PM

HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR =

240.0

TRIGLYCERIDES: SERUM 88 OPTIMAL: < 150.0 mg/dL by GLYCEROL PHOSPHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)

BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 -

199.0

HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0

VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0

75.05 LOW HDL: < 30.0 mg/dL

BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 -

60.0

 $HIGH\ HDL: > OR = 60.0$ LDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM OPTIMAL: < 100.0 135.99^H mg/dL

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0

BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 -

HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0

NON HDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM 153.59^H mg/dL OPTIMAL: < 130.0

ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0

BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 -

HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0

mg/dL 17.6 0.00 - 45.00

VLDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM by CALCULATED. SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

TOTAL LIPIDS: SERUM 545.28 350.00 - 700.00 mg/dL

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO: SERUM 3.05 RATIO LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)







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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
			MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.81	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.17 ^L	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for

Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.

4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL &Non

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval			
WIDNIEW EUNICTION TECT (DACIC)						
KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST (BASIC)						
UREA: SERUM	27	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00			
by UREASE - GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)						
CREATININE: SERUM	1.08	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20			
by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY		S .				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN): SERUM	12.62	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0			
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY		o o				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	11.69	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0			
RATIO: SERUM						
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY						
UREA/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM	25	RATIO				
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY						
URIC ACID: SERUM	4.16	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80			
by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE		8				



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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

INTERPRETATION:

Normal range for a healthy person on normal diet: 12 - 20

To Differentiate between pre- and postrenal azotemia. INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

Ž.Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3.GI hemorrhage.

4. High protein intake.

5. Impaired renal function plus.

6. Excess protein intake or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, GI bleeding, thyrotoxicosis, Cushings syndrome, high protein diet,

burns, surgery, cachexia, high fever)

7. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureterocolostomy)
8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)
9. Certain drugs (e.g. tetracycline, glucocorticoids)
INCREASED RATIO (pia (PLIN rices diegrapartic particular partic

1. Postrenal azotemia (BUN rises disproportionately more than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropathy).

2. Prerenal azotemia superimposed on renal disease.

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN:

1.Acute tubular necrosis.

2.Low protein diet and starvation.

3. Severe liver disease.

4. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.

5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).

6.Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood)

7.SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.

8. Pregnancy

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:

- 1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).
- 2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).
- 3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure

INAPPROPIATE RATIO

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement).

*** End Of Report ***

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