



# P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

## A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.

<b>NAME</b>	: Mr. RAJINDER KUMAR	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1732332
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 70 YRS/MALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 122501230009
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 23/Jan/2025 11:33 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 23/Jan/2025 01:52PM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 12506641	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 23/Jan/2025 01:07PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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### HAEMATOLOGY COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

#### RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) <i>by CALORIMETRIC</i>	10.2 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDEANCE</i>	4.15	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	32 <sup>L</sup>	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	77.1 <sup>L</sup>	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	24.5 <sup>L</sup>	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	31.8 <sup>L</sup>	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	17.2 <sup>H</sup>	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) <i>by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER</i>	48.2	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX <i>by CALCULATED</i>	18.58	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDEX <i>by CALCULATED</i>	31.85	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0

#### WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)

TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	5550	/cmm	4000 - 11000
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#### DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)

NEUTROPHILS <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>	59	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES	27	%	20 - 40



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<i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>			
EOSINOPHILS	7 <sup>H</sup>	%	1 - 6
<i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>			
MONOCYTES	7	%	2 - 12
<i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>			
BASOPHILS	0	%	0 - 1
<i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>			
<b><u>ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT</u></b>			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	3275	/cmm	2000 - 7500
<i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>			
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1498 <sup>L</sup>	/cmm	800 - 4900
<i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>			
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	388	/cmm	40 - 440
<i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>			
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	388	/cmm	80 - 880
<i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>			
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0	/cmm	0 - 110
<i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE &amp; MICROSCOPY</i>			
<b><u>PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS.</u></b>			
PLATELET COUNT (PLT)	202000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
<i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>			
PLATELETCRIT (PCT)	0.19	%	0.10 - 0.36
<i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	9	fL	6.50 - 12.0
<i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>			
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC)	47000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
<i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>			
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR)	23.1	%	11.0 - 45.0
<i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>			
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)	15.3	%	15.0 - 17.0
<i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>			
NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			



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<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 23/Jan/2025 02:43PM
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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### GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): WHOLE BLOOD <i>by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)</i>	6	%	4.0 - 6.4
ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE <i>by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)</i>	125.5	mg/dL	60.00 - 140.00

**INTERPRETATION:**

**AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA):**

REFERENCE GROUP	GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) in %	
Non diabetic Adults >= 18 years	<5.7	
At Risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 – 6.4	
Diagnosing Diabetes	>= 6.5	
<b>Age &gt; 19 Years</b>		
Therapeutic goals for glycemc control	Goals of Therapy:	< 7.0
	Actions Suggested:	>8.0
	<b>Age &lt; 19 Years</b>	
	Goal of therapy:	<7.5

**COMMENTS:**

- Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliance with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.
- Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.
- Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.
- High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications
- Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.
- HbA1c results from patients with HbSS, HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemc control.
- Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increase in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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### CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

#### GLUCOSE FASTING (F)

GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA <i>by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)</i>	89.39	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > OR = 126.0
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#### INTERPRETATION

##### IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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## ENDOCRINOLOGY

### THYROID FUNCTION TEST: TOTAL

THYROIDAL THYRONINE (T3): SERUM <i>by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)</i>	1.24	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): SERUM <i>by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)</i>	7.11	µg/dL	4.87 - 12.60
THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM <i>by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)</i> 3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE	<b>7.02<sup>H</sup></b>	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50

#### INTERPRETATION:

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction (hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.


CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced


#### LIMITATIONS:-

- T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.
- Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).
- Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.
- TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range ( µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range ( µIU/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days - 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 - 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00



  
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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87- 13.20
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60
RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY ( $\mu$ U/mL)			
	1st Trimester		0.10 - 2.50
	2nd Trimester		0.20 - 3.00
	3rd Trimester		0.30 - 4.10

### INCREASED TSH LEVELS:


- 1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.
- 2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3.Hashimotos thyroiditis
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.
- 5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge


### DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

- 1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.
- 2.Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.
- 3.Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4.Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism
- 5.Acute psychiatric illness
- 6.Severe dehydration.
- 7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.
- 8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



  
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