A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

【 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mr. RAVINDER SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 78 YRS/MALE	PA	ATIENT ID	: 1733451
COLLECTED BY	:	RH	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122501240019
REFERRED BY	:	RH	EGISTRATION DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 11:43 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12506666	CO	DLLECTION DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 11:44AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	TE re	EPORTING DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 01:36PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HARY	ANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWASTI	HYA WELL	NESS PANEL: 1.0	
	СОМР	LETE BLOO	D COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HE	3)	12.4	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (I	RBC) COUNT DCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.24	Millions/c	mm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLU	IME (PCV) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	36.9 ^L	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA		87.1 PK	R fL	80.0 - 100.0
	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	29.2	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	33.5	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	JTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	13	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBU	JTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	42	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		20.54	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING IND by CALCULATED		26.66	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CEI				
,	COUNT (TLC) by sf cube & microscopy D COCYTE COUNT (DLC)	6540	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NEUTROPHILS	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	67	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES		26	%	20 - 40

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
EOSINOPHILS	2	%	1 - 6
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
MONOCYTES	5	%	2 - 12
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	0/	0 - 1
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	4382	/cmm	2000 - 7500
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1700 ^L	/cmm	800 - 4900
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	I. PKR		
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	131	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	327	/cmm	80 - 880
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	527	7 Chinin	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0	/cmm	0 - 110
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	MARKERS.		
PLATELET COUNT (PLT)	219000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			
PLATELETCRIT (PCT)	0.22	%	0.10 - 0.36
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	10	CT.	0.50, 10.0
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	10	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC)	65000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	00000	/ chilli	30000 30000
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR)	29.8	%	11.0 - 45.0
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)	16.3	%	15.0 - 17.0
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			
NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
ΕΦΛΤΗΦΟ ΟΛΤΕ ζΕΙ	ERYTHROCY DIMENTATION RATE (ESR)	TE SEDIMEN' 20	TATION RATE (I mm/1st	·
	GATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY	20	IIIII/ ISt	nr 0-20
2. An ESR can be affer as C-reactive protein	cted by other conditions besides inflan	nmation. For this	reason, the ESR is typ	ion associated with infection, cancer and auto body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test suc bove diseases as well as some others, such as
systemic lupus erythe	ematosus	a response to the	apy in both of the a	bove diseases as well as some others, such as

A low ESR can be seen with conditions that inhibit the normal sedimentation of red blood cells, such as a high red blood cell count (polycythaemia), significantly high white blood cell count (leucocytosis), and some protein abnormalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such as sickle cells in sickle cell anaemia) also lower the ESR. NOTE:

LER and C - reactive protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammation.
 Generally, ESR does not change as rapidly as does CRP, either at the start of inflammation or as it resolves.
 CRP is not affected by as many other factors as is ESR, making it a better marker of inflammation.
 If the ESR is elevated, it is typically a result of two types of proteins, globulins or fibrinogen.
 Women tend to have a higher ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy can cause temporary elevations.
 Drugs such as dovtram, motbuling, and vities and vit

6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it





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NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE





PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana) A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

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BARCODE NO.	: 12506666		COLLECTION DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 11:44AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE IN	STITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 03:50PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	MBALA CITY - HAF	RYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	PP 0			•
	PRO	THROMBIN TIM	ME STUDIES (PT/IN)	R)
PT TEST (PATIENT by PHOTO OPTICAL C		13.7	SECS	11.5 - 14.5
PT (CONTROL) by PHOTO OPTICAL C	CLOT DETECTION	12	SECS	
ISI by PHOTO OPTICAL C	CLOT DETECTION	1.1		
INTERNATIONAL N by PHOTO OPTICAL C	NORMALISED RATIO (INR)	1.16		0.80 - 1.20
PT INDEX		87.59	%	

PT INDEX

by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION INTERPRETATION:-

1.INR is the parameter of choice in monitoring adequacy of oral anti-coagulant therapy. Appropriate therapeutic range varies with the disease and treatment intensity.

2. Prolonged INR suggests potential bleeding disorder /bleeding complications

3. Results should be clinically correlated.

4. Test conducted on Citrated Plasma

INDICATION		INTERNATIONAL NORMALIZED RATIC (INR)
Treatment of venous thrombosis		
Treatment of pulmonary embolism		
Prevention of systemic embolism in tissue heart valves		
Valvular heart disease	Low Intensity	2.0 - 3.0
Acute myocardial infarction		
Atrial fibrillation		
Bileaflet mechanical valve in aortic position		
Recurrent embolism		
Mechanical heart valve	High Intensity	2.5 - 3.5
Antiphospholipid antibodies ⁺]	





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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA				

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

The prothrombin time (PT) and its derived measures of prothrombin ratio (PR) and international normalized ratio (INR) are measures of the efficacy of the extrinsic pathway of coagulation. PT test reflects the adequacy of factors I (fibrinogen), II (prothrombin), V, VII, and X. It is used in conjunction with the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) which measures the intrinsic pathway. The common causes of prolonged prothrombin time are :

1.Oral Anticoagulant therapy.

2.Liver disease.

3.Vit K. deficiency.

4. Disseminated intra vascular coagulation.

5.Factor 5, 7, 10 or Prothrombin dificiency



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CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INS	STITUTE REP (DRTING DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 02:07PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	MBALA CITY - HARYAN	A	
Test Name		Value	Iinit	Biological Reference interval
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	CLINI	CAL CHEMISTRY	/BIOCHEMIST	RY
		GLUCOSE FAS	TING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING by GLUCOSE OXIDAS	(F): PLASMA e - peroxidase (god-pod)	129.4 ^H	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0
INTERPRETATION	H AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIA	TION GUIDFLINES:		

2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INS	STITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 02:06PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	MBALA CITY - HA	ARYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO by CHOLESTEROL O		190.06	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S by GLYCEROL PHOSF	ERUM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	222.34 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTERO by SELECTIVE INHIBIT	L (DIRECT): SERUM 70N	39.18	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROI by CALCULATED, SPE		106.41	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129. BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLES by Calculated, spe		150.88 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTER		44.47	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SEF	RUM	602.46	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HI by CALCULATED, SPE	DL RATIO: SERUM	4.85 ^H	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.72	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.67 ^H	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

 Low hole to consider a structure of the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	LIVER	FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL by DIAZOTIZATION, SH	: SERUM PECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.04	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	C (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.37	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRE by CALCULATED, SPE	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.67	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	28.4	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	17.32	KR U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		1.64	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPI by Para Nitrophen propanol	HATASE: SERUM YL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	99.46	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by szasz, spectrof	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM PHTOMETRY	26.11	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		6.43	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM		3.96	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50

ALBUMIN: SERUM 3.96 gm/dL by BROMOCRESOL GREEN **GLOBULIN: SERUM** 2.47gm/dL by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY A : G RATIO: SERUM 1.6 RATIO

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)





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2.30 - 3.50

1.00 - 2.00



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|--|

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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			. 24/ Juli/ 2020 04.211 W
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 04:21PM
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AGE/ GENDER	: 78 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1733451
NAME	: Mr. RAVINDER SINGH		

RIDNET FUNCTION TEST (COMPLETE)							
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	25.8	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00				
CREATININE: SERUM by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY	1.21	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN): SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	12.06	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	9.97 ^L	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0				
UREA/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	21.32	RATIO					
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE	5.83	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70				
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	9.58	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60				
PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM by PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.76	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70				
<u>ELECTROLYTES</u>							
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	139.2	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0				
POTASSIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	4.82	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00				
CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	104.4	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0				
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE							
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE	61.3						

(eGFR): SERUM

by CALCULATED

INTERPRETATION:

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE: 1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased

glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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NAME	: Mr. RAVINDER SINGH		
AGE/ GENDER	: 78 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1733451
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122501240019
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 11:43 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12506666	COLLECTION DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 11:44AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 04:21PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CIT		. 24/ Juli/ 2020 04.211 M
CLIENT ADDRESS	. NASIM UK, HISSAK KOAD, AWDALA CH		
Test Name	Valu	ue Unit	Biological Reference interval
4. High protein intake 5. Impaired renal fur			
	I	infection. GI bleeding, thyrotoxic	cosis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet,
burns, surgery, cache		,	
7. Urine reabsorption	i (e.g. ureter colostomy)		
8. Reduced muscle m	nass (subnormal creatinine production)		
	tetracycline, glucocorticoids)		
	20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS:		
	a (BUN rises disproportionately more than o	creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropa	athy).
	superimposed on renal disease.		
	10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :		
1. Acute tubular necr			
2. Low protein diet a			
3. Severe liver diseas			
	creased urea synthesis.		
	(urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of		
	monemias (urea is virtually absent in blood		
	of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due t	o lubular secretion of urea.	
8. Pregnancy.			
DECREASED RAIIO (<	10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:		

1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).

2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).

3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure.

INAPPROPIATE RATIO:

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement). ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE:

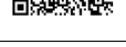
CKD STAGE	DESCRIPTION	GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria
G2	Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	>90	Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney. 2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage 5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure 6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C 7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

HEPATITIS C VIRUS (HCV) ANTIBODIES SCREENING

HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY (HCV) TOTAL

NON - REACTIVE

RESULT

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:

1.Anti HCV total antibody assay identifies presence IgG antibodies in the serum. It is a useful screening test with a specificity of nearly 99%. 2.It becomes positive approximately 24 weeks after exposure. The test can not isolate an active ongoing HCV infection from an old infection that has been cleared. All positive results must be confirmed for active disease by an HCV PCR test.

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULTS SEEN IN:

1. Window period

2.Immunocompromised states.





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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA				
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
		C-REACTIVE	PROTEIN (CRP)		
C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP) QUANTITATIVE: 4.39			mg/L	0.0 - 6.0	
SERUM					
by NEPHLOMETRY INTERPRETATION:					
1. C-reactive protein	(CRP) is one of the most sensitive	acute-phase read	ctants for inflammation.	influencetion aurgenu en neoplastic	
proliferation.	ease dramatically (100-1010 of mo	ore) after severe	trauma, bacterial infection	n, inflammation, surgery, or neoplastic	
3. CRP levels (Quantit	tative) has been used to assess ac	tivity of inflamma	atory disease, to detect inf	ections after surgery, to detect transplant	
4. As compared to ES	nitor these inflammatory processe R, CRP shows an earlier rise in inf	ammatory disor	ders which begins in 4-6 hr	s, the intensity of the rise being higher than E	
and the recovery being earlier than ESR. Unlike ESR, CRP levels are not influenced by hematologic conditions like Anemia, Polycythemia etc.,					

5. Elevated values are consistent with an acute inflammatory process. NOTE:

1. Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP) values are nonspecific and should not be interpreted without a complete clinical history.

2. Oral contraceptives may increase CRP levels.



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg) SCREENING

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg)

NON - REACTIVE

RESULT

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTI

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:-

1.HBsAG is the first serological marker of HBV infection to appear in the blood (approximately 30-60 days after infection and prior to the onset of clinical disease). It is also the last viral protein to disappear from blood and usually disappears by three months after infection in self limiting acute Hepatitis B viral infection.

2.Persistence of HBsAg in blood for more than six months implies chronic infection. It is the most common marker used for diagnosis of an acute Hepatitis B infection but has very limited role in assessing patients suffering from chronic hepatitis.

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULT SEEN IN:

1.Window period.

2.Infection with HBsAg mutant strains

3. Hepatitis B Surface antigen (HBsAg) is the earliest indicator of HBV infection. Usually it appears in 27 - 41 days (as early as 14 days).

4. Appears 7 - 26 days before biochemical abnormalities. Peaks as ALT rises. Persists during the acute illness. Usually disappears 12 - 20 weeks after the onset of symptoms / laboratory abnormalities in 90% of cases.

5.Is the most reliable serologic marker of HBV infection. Persistence > 6 months defines carrier state. May also be found in chronic infection.Hepatitis B vaccination does not cause a positive HBsAg. Titers are not of clinical value.

NOTE:-

1.All reactive HBsAG Should be reconfirmed with neutralization test(HBsAg confirmatory test).

2.Anti - HAV IgM appears at the same time as symptoms in > 99% of cases, peaks within the first month, becomes nondetectable in 12 months (usually 6 months). Presence confirms diagnosis of recent acute infection.





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CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INST	TTUTE REPORTIN	NG DATE	: 24/Jan/2025 01:36PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AM	BALA CITY - HARYANA		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
		CLINICAL PATHO	LOGY	
	URINE ROU	UTINE & MICROSCOP	PIC EXAMINA	ATION
PHYSICAL EXAMIN	NATION			
QUANTITY RECIEV		30	ml	
COLOUR	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
FRANSPARANCY	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	HAZY		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	, TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.02 PKR		1.002 - 1.030
REACTION	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC		
PROTEIN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
oH by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
ASCORBIC ACID by dip stick/reflec MICROSCOPIC EXA	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY AMINATION	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
RED BLOOD CELLS		NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3



: Mr. RAVINDER SINGH

NAME

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-4	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	4-5	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	FEW SPERMS SEEN		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

*** End Of Report '



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