

## A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

**■** 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ■ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

**NAME** : Mr. GYAN SINGH

**AGE/ GENDER** : 60 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1738566

**COLLECTED BY** REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122501290001

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 29/Jan/2025 08:34 AM BARCODE NO. : 12506728 **COLLECTION DATE** : 29/Jan/2025 09:04AM CLIENT CODE. : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE REPORTING DATE : 29/Jan/2025 03:22PM

**CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

**Value** Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name** 

## **SWASTHYA WELLNESS PANEL: 1.1 COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)**

#### **RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES**

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by CALORIMETRIC	9.3 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.04	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	28.9 <sup>L</sup>	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	71.5 <sup>L</sup>	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	23.1 <sup>L</sup>	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	32.4	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	16.2 <sup>H</sup>	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	44.2	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED	17.7	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDEX by CALCULATED	28.77	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)			
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) by Flow cytometry by SF cube & microscopy	7160	/cmm	4000 - 11000
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	63	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES	28	%	20 - 40



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY				
EOSINOPHILS	1	%	1 - 6	
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY				
MONOCYTES	8	%	2 - 12	
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	0/	0 1	
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1	
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	4511	/cmm	2000 - 7500	
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	4011	/ CIIIII	2000 7300	
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2005	/cmm	800 - 4900	
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY				
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	72	/cmm	40 - 440	
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	~ ~ ~		00.000	
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	573	/cmm	80 - 880	
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0	/cmm	0 - 110	
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY		/ CIIIII	0 110	
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS.				
PLATELET COUNT (PLT)	207000	/cmm	150000 - 450000	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE				
PLATELETCRIT (PCT)	0.22	%	0.10 - 0.36	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	10	OT.	0.70.40.0	
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	10	fL	6.50 - 12.0	
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC)	68000	/cmm	30000 - 90000	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	00000	/ CIIIII	30000 - 90000	
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR)	32.8	%	11.0 - 45.0	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE				
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW)	15.6	%	15.0 - 17.0	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE				
NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD				



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**Value** Unit **Test Name Biological Reference interval** 

### **ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)**

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)

21<sup>H</sup>

mm/1st hr

0 - 20

by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY

#### INTERPRETATION:

- 1. ESR is a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation associated with infection, cancer and autoimmune disease, but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it.
- 2. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other test such as C-reactive protein
- 3. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as some others, such as systemic lupus erythematosus

#### CONDITION WITH LOW ESR

A low ESR can be seen with conditions that inhibit the normal sedimentation of red blood cells, such as a high red blood cell count (polycythaemia), significantly high white blood cell count (leucocytosis), and some protein abnormalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such as sickle cells in sickle cell anaemia) also lower the ESR.

#### NOTE:

- 1. ESR and C reactive protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammation.
- 2. Generally, ESR does not change as rapidly as does CRP, either at the start of inflammation or as it resolves.
   3. CRP is not affected by as many other factors as is ESR, making it a better marker of inflammation.
   4. If the ESR is elevated, it is typically a result of two types of proteins, globulins or fibringen.
   5. Women tend to average mathyldone and entraceptives professional processing mathyldone and with the opposition of the oppositio

- 6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it



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## CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY **GLUCOSE FASTING (F)**

GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA NORMAL: < 100.0  $126.75^{H}$ mg/dL

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD) PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0

DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0

INTERPRETATION
IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.

2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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CLIENT CODE.



## PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

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Unit **Test Name Value Biological Reference interval** 

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CHOLESTEROL TOTAL: SERUM	219.44 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE PAP			BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 -

by CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE PAP

240.0 TRIGLYCERIDES: SERUM mg/dL OPTIMAL: < 150.0  $620.07^{H}$ 

by GLYCEROL PHOSPHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC) BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 -

199.0

HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR =

: 29/Jan/2025 03:03PM

HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0

HDL CHOLESTEROL (DIRECT): SERUM 37.9 mg/dL LOW HDL: < 30.0 by SELECTIVE INHIBITION BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 -

60.0  $HIGH\ HDL: > OR = 60.0$ 

LDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM NOT CALCULATED mg/dL OPTIMAL: < 100.0 by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 -159.0

HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0

NON HDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM OPTIMAL: < 130.0 181.54<sup>H</sup> mg/dL

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0

BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 -

HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0

VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0

VLDL CHOLESTEROL: SERUM NOT CALCULATED 0.00 - 45.00mg/dL by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

TOTAL LIPIDS: SERUM 350.00 - 700.00 NOT CALCULATED mg/dL

5.79<sup>H</sup> **RATIO** LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0

HIGH RISK: > 11.0



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by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY





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WHEN TRIGLYCERIDES VALUE >400 mg/dL THE CALCULATED VALUES OF

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Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT CALCULATED	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM	16.36 <sup>H</sup>	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

LDL AND VLDL ARE NOT RELIABLE **ADVICE** KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY

### **INTERPRETATION:**

NOTE 2

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the

age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.

4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co-primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL &Non

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement



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**Test Name Value** Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

### **LIVER FUNCTION TEST (COMPLETE)**

BILIRUBIN TOTAL: SERUM by DIAZOTIZATION, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.53 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN DIRECT (CONJUGATED): SERUM by DIAZO MODIFIED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.36	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.17 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	30.26	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	31.28	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SERUM by Calculated, spectrophotometry	0.97	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: SERUM by Para nitrophenyl phosphatase by amino methyl propanol	117.23	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM by SZASZ, SPECTROPHTOMETRY	27.34	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: SERUM by BIURET, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	6.56	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL GREEN	4.2	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.36	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A: GRATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.78	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

#### INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

**USE**:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

#### INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)



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#### **DECREASED:**

CLIENT CODE.

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

#### PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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**RATIO** 

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10.0 - 20.0

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIDNEY FUNCTION TE	ST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDF	26.18	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERUM by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY	1.31	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN): SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	12.23	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0

UREA/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM	19.98	RATIO	
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
URIC ACID: SERUM	5.17	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70

by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE CALCIUM: SERUM 9.57 mg/dL 8.50 - 10.60by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

 $9.34^{L}$ 

PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM 3.25 2.30 - 4.70 mg/dL by PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

**ELECTROLYTES** 

by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

SODIUM: SERUM 137.9 mmol/L 135.0 - 150.0 by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE) POTASSIUM: SERUM 3.8 mmol/L 3.50 - 5.00by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE) 90.0 - 110.0 CHLORIDE: SERUM 103.43 mmol/L

**ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE** 

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE 62.3

(eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED **INTERPRETATION:** 

RATIO: SERUM

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

#### INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

- 1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.
- Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.
- 3. GI haemorrhage.



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440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)





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4. High protein intake.

5. Impaired renal function plus

6. Excess protein intake or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, GI bleeding, thyrotoxicosis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet, burns, surgery, cachexia, high fever).

7. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy)

8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)

9. Certain drugs (e.g. tetracycline, glucocorticoids)

### INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS:

- 1. Postrenal azotemia (BUN rises disproportionately more than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropathy).
- 2. Prerenal azotemia superimposed on renal disease.

#### DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN:

- 1. Acute tubular necrosis.
- 2. Low protein diet and starvation.
- 3. Severe liver disease.
- 4. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.
- 5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).
- 6. Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood).
- 7. SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.
- 8. Pregnancy.

#### **DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:**

- 1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).
- 2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).
- 3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure.

#### **INAPPROPIATE RATIO:**

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement). **ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE**:

CKD STAGE	DESCRIPTION	GFR ( mL/min/1.73m2 )	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria
G2	Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	>90	Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







## A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

**■** 0171-2532620, 8222896961 **■** pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

**NAME** : Mr. GYAN SINGH

AGE/ GENDER : 60 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1738566

**COLLECTED BY** REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122501290001

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 29/Jan/2025 08:34 AM BARCODE NO. **COLLECTION DATE** : 29/Jan/2025 09:04AM : 12506728 CLIENT CODE. : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE REPORTING DATE : 29/Jan/2025 03:03PM

**CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

**Test Name Value** Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.

2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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## **ENDOCRINOLOGY** THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)

THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM

μIU/mL

0.35 - 5.50

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) 3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

#### **INTERPRETATION:**

AGE	REFFERENCE RANGE (μIU/mL)	
0 – 5 DAYS	0.70 - 15.20	
6 Days – 2 Months	0.70 - 11.00	
3 – 11 Months	0.70 - 8.40	
1 – 5 Years	0.70 - 7.00	
6 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11 - 15	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 Years (Adults)	0.27 - 5.50	
PRI	EGNANCY	
1st Trimester	0.10 - 3.00	
2nd Trimester	0.20 - 3.00	
3rd Trimester	0.30 - 4.10	

NOTE:-TSH levels are subjected to circardian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50 %. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentration.

USE: TSH controls biosynthesis and release of thyroid harmones T4 & T3. It is a sensitive measure of thyroid function, especially useful in early or subclinical hypothyroidism, before the patient develops any clinical findings or goitre or any other thyroid function abnormality.

#### **INCREASED LEVELS:**

- 1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism, may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending on degree of hypofunction.
- 2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3. Hashimotos thyroiditis.
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, Iodine containing agents and dopamine antagonist.
- 5. Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge.

#### **DECREASED LEVELS:**

- 1. Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
- 2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.
- 3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism
- 5. Acute psychiatric illness
- 6. Severe dehydration.
- 7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

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440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)





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8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester LIMITATIONS:

1.TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

2. Autoimmune disorders may produce spurious results.

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REPORTING DATE

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION**

#### PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

CLIENT CODE.

QUANTITY RECIEVED	30	ml	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
TRANSPARANCY	CLEAR		CLEAR
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.02		1.002 - 1.030

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC		
PROTEIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
pH by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	6		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
ASCORBIC ACID  by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
•			



MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

/HPF

0 - 3



NEGATIVE (-ve)

**MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION** RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs)





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS	4-5	/HPF	0 - 5
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	1-2	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

End Of Report



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