TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.

PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana) A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

【 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mrs. KULDEEP KAUR				
AGE/ GENDER	: 51 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1367843	3
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122501	1300003
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 30/Jan/2	2025 10:33 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12506757		COLLECTION DATE	: 30/Jan/2	2025 11:32AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	TE	REPORTING DATE	: 30/Jan/2	2025 01:29PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HA	ARYANA		
Test Name		Value	Unit		Biological Reference interval
	SWAST	HYA WI	ELLNESS PANEL: 1.2	2	
	COMP	PLETE BI	OOD COUNT (CBC)		
RED BLOOD CELLS	S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES				
HAEMOGLOBIN (H	B)	11.9 ^L	gm/dL		12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.07	Millions/	cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLU		35.5 ^L	%		37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER AR VOLUME (MCV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	87 P	KR fl		80.0 - 100.0
	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	29.2	pg		27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	33.5	g/dL		32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIB	UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	13.3	%		11.00 - 16.00
	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	42.8	fL		35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		21.38	RATIO		BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA:
GREEN & KING INE by calculated	DEX	28.39	RATIO		>13.0 BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: : 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CE	LLS (WBCS)				
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE	E COUNT (TLC) / by sf cube & microscopy	7770	/cmm		4000 - 11000
DIFFERENTIAL LE	<u>UCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)</u>				
NEUTROPHILS	/ BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	60	%		50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES		32	%		20 - 40

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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
EOSINOPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES		6	%	2 - 12

MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	6	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	4662	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2486 ^L	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	155	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	466	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	/cmm	0 - 110
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	<u>MARKERS.</u>		
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE I PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by Hydro Dynamic Focusing, electrical impedence	<u>MARKERS.</u> 180000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELET COUNT (PLT)		/cmm %	150000 - 450000 0.10 - 0.36
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence PLATELETCRIT (PCT)	180000		
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	180000 0.24	%	0.10 - 0.36
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC)	180000 0.24 13^H	% fL	0.10 - 0.36 6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR)	180000 0.24 13 ^H 94000 ^H	% fL /cmm	0.10 - 0.36 6.50 - 12.0 30000 - 90000



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NAME : Mrs. KULDEEP KAUR : 1367843 **AGE/ GENDER** : 51 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID COLLECTED BY** REG. NO./LAB NO. :122501300003 **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** : 30/Jan/2025 10:33 AM **BARCODE NO. COLLECTION DATE** : 30/Jan/2025 11:32AM : 12506757 CLIENT CODE. : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE **REPORTING DATE** : 30/Jan/2025 03:20PM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA Value Unit Test Name **Biological Reference interval ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)** ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) 34^H mm/1st hr 0 - 20 by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY INTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation associated with infection, cancer and autoimmune disease, but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it. 2. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other test such as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as some others, such as systemic lupus erythematosus **CONDITION WITH LOW ESR** A low ESR can be seen with conditions that inhibit the normal sedimentation of red blood cells, such as a high red blood cell count (polycythaemia), significantly high white blood cell count (leucocytosis), and some protein abnormalities. Šome changes in red cell shape (such as sickle cells in sickle cell anaemia) also lower the ESR.

NOTE:

1. ESR and C - reactive protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammation.

2. Generally, ESR does not change as rapidly as does CRP, either at the start of inflammation or as it resolves.
 3. CRP is not affected by as many other factors as is ESR, making it a better marker of inflammation.
 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is typically a result of two types of proteins, globulins or fibrinogen.
 5. Women tend to have a higher ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy can cause temporary elevations.
 4. Drugs such as devicent matching and units of two types of proteins and units of the temporary elevations.

6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it



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NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	CLINI	CAL CHEMI	STRY/BIOCHEMIST	RY
		GLUCOS	E FASTING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING by glucose oxidas	(F): PLASMA E - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	83.18	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0
INTERPRETATION				DIABETIC: $> 0R = 126.0$

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	MBALA CITY - H	ARYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO	TAL: SERUM	170.13	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL O			0	BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S	ERUM	95.35	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0
	ENOM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)		K B	BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0
HDI CHOIFSTERO	L (DIRECT): SERUM	57.43	mg/dL	VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0 LOW HDL: < 30.0
by SELECTIVE INHIBIT		57.45	ing/ dL	BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0
LDL CHOLESTERO	I · SEDIM	93.63	mg/dL	HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0 OPTIMAL: < 100.0
by CALCULATED, SPE		93.03	ing/uL	ABOVE OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLES' by CALCULATED, SPE		112.7	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTER(19.07	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SEF by CALCULATED, SPE	RUM	435.61	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HI by CALCULATED, SPE		2.96	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0



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T	est Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	DL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by calculated, spectrophotometry	1.63	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
	RIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.66 ^L	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

 Low hole to consider a structure of the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	LIVER	FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: by DIAZOTIZATION, SF	SERUM	0.46	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	C (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.21	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRE	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.25	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	20.07	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	14.86	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SI	ERUM	1. <mark>35</mark>	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPH by para nitrophen propanol	IATASE: SERUM YL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	113.69	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTROF	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	11.34	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		6.86	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G	REEN	4.04	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM	I	2.82	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY INTERPRETATION

A : G RATIO: SERUM

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)

1.43





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RATIO

1.00 - 2.00

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DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIDN	EY FUNCTI	ON TEST (COMPLETE)	1
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAN	IATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	30.13	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERI		1.12	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
	ROGEN (BUN): SERUM	14.08	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
RATIO: SERUM	ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	12.57	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
UREA/CREATININ by CALCULATED, SPE		26.9	RATIO	

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM	12.57	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY UREA/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	26.9 PKR	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE	4.6	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	9.71	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM by PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.7	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES			
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	140.9	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	4.95	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	105.68	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE 59.5 (eGFR): SERUM

by CALCULATED

INTERPRETATION:

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia. INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.





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burns, surgery, cachexia, high fever). 7. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy)

8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)

9. Certain drugs (e.g. tetracycline, glucocorticoids)

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS:

1. Postrenal azotemia (BUN rises disproportionately more than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropathy).

2. Prerenal azotemia superimposed on renal disease.

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :

1. Acute tubular necrosis.

2. Low protein diet and starvation.

3. Severe liver disease.

4. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.

5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).

6. Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood).

7. SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.

8. Pregnancy.

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:

1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).

2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).

3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure.

INAPPROPIATE RATIO:

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement).

CKD STAGE	DESCRIPTION	GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS	
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria	
G2	Kidney damage with	>90	Presence of Protein ,	
	normal or high GFR		Albumin or cast in urine	
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89		
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59		
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29		
G5	Kidney failure	<15		



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A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

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NAME	: Mrs. KULDEEP KAUR		
AGE/ GENDER	: 51 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1367843
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122501300003
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 30/Jan/2025 10:33 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12506757	COLLECTION DATE	: 30/Jan/2025 11:32AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 30/Jan/2025 04:05PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - H	IARYANA	

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney. 2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage 5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure 6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C 7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INS	TITUTE RI	EPORTING DATE	: 30/Jan/2025 04:13PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AM	IBALA CITY - HARY	ANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
restruine		Vulue	UIII	
		ENDOCRI	NOLOGY	
	ТН	YROID FUNCTI	ON TEST: TOTAL	
TRIIODOTHYRONI	NE (T3): SERUM vescent microparticle immunoas	0.747 SSAY)	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)		9.16 SSAY)	µgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60
	ATING HORMONE (TSH): SERU		µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50
3rd GENERATION, ULT	RASENSITIVE			
INTERPRETATION:				

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	YRONINE (T3)	THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMU	LATING HORMONE (TSH)
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00





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Test Name			Value	e Unit		Biological Reference interval
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECOM	MENDATIONS OF TSH LE	VELS DURING PREC	GNANCY (µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50		
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4.Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA						
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interv			
		CLINICAL PATHO	DLOGY				
	URINE RO	UTINE & MICROSCOI	PIC EXAMINA	ATION			
PHYSICAL EXAMIN	NATION						
QUANTITY RECIEV	ED TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	30	ml				
COLOUR		PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW			
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		CLEAR		CLEAR			
TRANSPARANCY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		CLEAR		CLEAR			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		1.02		1.002 - 1.030			
CHEMICAL EXAMI							
REACTION		ACIDIC					
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY PROTEIN		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)			
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY							
SUGAR by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)			
pH		5.5		5.0 - 7.5			
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY BILIRUBIN		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)			
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY							
NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)			
UROBILINOGEN		NOT DETECTED	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0			
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY KETONE BODIES		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)			
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY							
BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)			
ASCORBIC ACID		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)			
by DIP STICK/REFLEC MICROSCOPIC EXA	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY						
THOROSOUTIC LAP	(RBCs)	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3			





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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	4-5	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	2-3	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

* End Of Report



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