



PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

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NAME : Mrs. JATINDER KAUR

AGE/ GENDER : 55 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1753998

COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122502120007

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 12/Feb/2025 09:33 AM BARCODE NO. **COLLECTION DATE** : 12/Feb/2025 09:35AM : 12506969 CLIENT CODE. : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE REPORTING DATE : 12/Feb/2025 05:15PM

3.008

CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

TUMOUR MARKER ALPHA FETO PROTEIN (AFP): TUMOR MARKER

ALPHA FETO PROTEIN (AFP) TUMOUR MARKER: SERUM

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

IU/mL

SMOKERS: < 8.00 NON SMOKERS: < 8.00 HEPATO CELLULAR CARCINOMA:100.0->350.0

INTERPRETATION:

- 1. Alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) is a glycoprotein that is produced in early fetal life by the liver, GIT & yolk sac and by a variety of tumors including hepatocellular carcinoma, hepatoblastoma, and nonseminomatous germ cell tumors of the ovary and testis (eg, yolk sac and embryonal carcinoma). Most studies report elevated AFP concentrations in approximately 70% of patients with hepatocellular carcinoma. Elevated AFP concentrations are found in 50% to 70% of patients with non seminomatous testicular tumors.
- 2. It is a major component of fetal plasma, reaching a peak concentration of 3mg/mL at 12 weeks of gestation. Following birth, it clears from circulation, falling to 100 ng/ mL by 150 days and reaching adult values by end of 1 year.

 3. AFP is elevated during pregnancy. Persistence of AFP in the mother following birth is a rare hereditary condition.

 3. Neonates have markedly elevated AFP levels (>100,000 ng/mL) that rapidly fall to below 100 ng/mL by 150 days and gradually return to normal
- over their first year
- 4. Concentrations of AFP above the reference range also have been found in serum of patients with benign liver disease (eg, viral hepatitis, cirrhosis), gastrointestinal tract tumors and, along with carcinoembryonic antigen in ataxia telangiectasia.
- 1. It is not recommended to use this assay for the initial diagnosis of the above mentioned malignancies.
- 2. It is best used for monitoring of therapy and to look for relapse of malignancies that have been surgically excised or cleared with chemo/radiotherapy.

 3. Failure of the AFP value to return to normal by approximately 1 month after surgery suggests the presence of residual tumor.

 The surgery suggests the presence of residual tumors or initially producing AFP may recur without an
- 4. Elevation of AFP after remission suggests tumor recurrence; however, tumors originally producing AFP may recur without an increase in AFP. NOTE:

A difference of > 20% between two measurements is considered to be medically significant. The assay is used only as an adjunct to diagnosis and monitoring/ diagnosis should be confirmed by other tests/procedures.

*** End Of Report ***



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