



P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ pkrajainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mrs. REKHA	PATIENT ID	: 1755383
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122502130019
COLLECTED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 13/Feb/2025 11:37 AM
REFERRED BY	:	COLLECTION DATE	: 13/Feb/2025 12:01PM
BARCODE NO.	: 12507001	REPORTING DATE	: 13/Feb/2025 05:43PM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE		
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

ANTI CYCLIC CITRULLINATED PEPTIDE CCP2 (HIGHLY SENSITIVE)

ANTI CYCLIC CITRULLINATED PEPTIDE (CCP) < 0.5 AU/mL 0.00 - 5.00

ANTIBODY: SERUM

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)

INTERPRETATION:

1. ANTI-CCP antibodies are potentially important surrogate marker for diagnosis and prognosis in rheumatoid arthritis (RA).
 2. Anti-CCP is of two types: Anti-CCP1 & Anti-CCP2.
 3. **Anti-CCP2 is HIGHLY SENSITIVE (71%) & more specific (98%) than Anti-CCP1.**
 4. Anti-CCP2 predict the eventual development in Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA), when found in undifferentiated arthritis
 5. Anti-CCP2 may be detected in healthy individual's years before onset of clinical Rheumatoid Arthritis as well as to differentiate elderly onset Rheumatoid Arthritis from Polymyalgia Rheumatic & Erosive SLE.
 6. **The positive predictive value of Anti-CCP antibodies for Rheumatoid Arthritis is far greater than Rheumatoid factor. Up to 30% patients with seronegative Rheumatoid Arthritis also show Anti CCP antibodies**
- RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS:**
1. Rheumatoid Arthritis is a systemic autoimmune disease that is multi-functional in origin and is characterized by chronic inflammation of the membrane lining (synovium) joints which leads to progressive joint destruction and in most cases to disability and reduction of quality life.
 2. The disease spreads from small to large joints, with greatest damage in early phase.
 3. The diagnosis of RA is primarily based on clinical, radiological & immunological features. The most frequent serological test is the measurement of RA factor.
 4. RA factor is not specific for rheumatoid arthritis, as it is often present in healthy individuals with other autoimmune diseases and chronic infections.
 5. ANTI-CCP have been discovered in joints of patients with RA, but not in other form of joint disease.




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REPORTING DATE : 14/Feb/2025 06:56AM

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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ANTI NUCLEAR ANTIBODY/FACTOR (ANA/ANF)

ANTI NUCLEUR ANTIBODIES (ANA): SERUM 0.14 INDEX VALUE
by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOASSAY)
NEGATIVE: < 1.0
BORDERLINE: 1.0 - 1.20
POSITIVE: > 1.20

INTERPRETATION:-


- For diagnostic purposes, ANA value should be used as an adjuvant to other clinical and laboratory data available.
- Measurement of antinuclear antibodies (ANAs) in serum is the most commonly performed screening test for patients suspected of having a systemic rheumatic disease, also referred to as connective tissue disease.
- ANAs occur in patients with a variety of autoimmune diseases, both systemic and organ-specific. They are particularly common in the systemic rheumatic diseases, which include lupus erythematosus (LE), discoid LE, drug-induced LE, mixed connective tissue disease, Sjogren syndrome, scleroderma (systemic sclerosis), CREST (calcinosis, Raynaud's phenomenon, esophageal dysmotility, sclerodactyly, telangiectasia) syndrome, polymyositis/dermatomyositis, and rheumatoid arthritis.

NOTE:

- The diagnosis of a systemic rheumatic disease is based primarily on the presence of compatible clinical signs and symptoms. The results of tests for autoantibodies including ANA and specific autoantibodies are ancillary. Additional diagnostic criteria include consistent histopathology or specific radiographic findings. Although individual systemic rheumatic diseases are relatively uncommon, a great many patients present with clinical findings that are compatible with a systemic rheumatic disease ANA screening may be useful for ruling out the disease.
- Secondary, disease specific auto antibodies maybe ordered for patients who are screen positive as ancillary aids for the diagnosis of specific auto-immune disorders.




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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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ANTI NEUTROPHIL CYTOPLASMIC ANTIBODY - SERIN PROTEINASE 3 ANTIBODY (ANCA-PR3/c-ANCA)

ANTI NEUTROPHIL CYTOPLASMIC ANTIBODIES /PR3 ANTIBODIES (c-ANCA) 5.784 U/mL
by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOSORBENT ASSAY)
NEGATIVE: < 15.00
POSITIVE: > 15.00

INTERPRETATION:

ANTI NEUTROPHIL CYTOPLASMIC ANTIBODIES/ PR3 ANTIBODIES (c-ANCA)		
VALUE	UNIT	RESULT
NEGATIVE	U/mL	< 15
POSITIVE	U/mL	>15

COMMENTS:

1.Detection of ANCA is a well-established diagnostic test for the evaluation of patients suspected of having autoimmune vasculitis. ANCA react with enzymes in the cytoplasmic granules of human neutrophils including proteinase 3 (PR3), myeloperoxidase (MPO), elastase, and cathepsin G. Antibodies to PR3 occur in patients with WG (both classical WG and WG with limited end-organ involvement) and produce a characteristic pattern of granular cytoplasmic fluorescence on ethanol-fixed neutrophils called the cANCA pattern. cANCA titer may be useful for monitoring treatment response in patients with WG (systemic or organ-limited disease); increasing titer suggests relapse of disease, while a decreasing titer suggests successful treatment.

2.Positive results for antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies (cANCA or pANCA) are consistent with the diagnosis of Wegener granulomatosis.

*** End Of Report ***



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