A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

【 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mrs. MAYA RAN	[
AGE/ GENDER	: 53 YRS/FEMALE		PA	ATIENT ID	: 1757778	3
COLLECTED BY	:		RI	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122502	2150010
REFERRED BY	:		RI	EGISTRATION DATE	:15/Feb/	/2025 11:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12507029		CC	DLLECTION DATE	:15/Feb/	2025 11:22AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALT	THCARE INSTITUTI	E RI	EPORTING DATE	:15/Feb/	2025 02:03PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSA	AR ROAD, AMBALA	CITY - HARY	ANA		
Test Name		l.	/alue	Unit		Biological Reference interval
		SWASTH	YA WELL	NESS PANEL: 1.0)	
		COMPL	ETE BLOC	D COUNT (CBC)		
RED BLOOD CELLS	<u>S (RBCS) COUNT A</u>	ND INDICES				
HAEMOGLOBIN (H	B)		14.2	gm/dL		12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	IMPEDENCE	5.29 ^H	Millions/	cmm	3.50 - 5.00
	UTOMATED HEMATOL	OGY ANALYZER	41.5	%		37.0 - 50.0
-	UTOMATED HEMATOL	OGY ANALYZER	78.4 ^L	fL		80.0 - 100.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOL	OGY ANÁLYZER	26.9 ^L	pg		27.0 - 34.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOL	OGY ANALYZER	34.3	g/dL		32.0 - 36.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOL	OGY ANALYZER	13.5	%		11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIB	UTION WIDTH (RD UTOMATED HEMATOL		40.7	fL		35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED			14.82	RATIO		BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0
						IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INI	DEX		20.05	RATIO		BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0
						IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CE	LLS (WBCS)					
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE	E COUNT (TLC) (by sf cube & micro		8570	/cmm		4000 - 11000
DIFFERENTIAL LE	UCOCYTE COUNT	<u>(DLC)</u>				
NEUTROPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICRO		52	%		50 - 70

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: Mrs. MAYA RANI

PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LYMPHOCYTES	RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	41 ^H	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS	RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETH	RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	6	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETH	RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE LEUK	<u>OCYTES (WBC) COUNT</u>			
ABSOLUTE NEUT	ROPHIL COUNT ry by sf cube & microscopy	4456	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMP	HOCYTE COUNT RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	3514	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSIN by FLOW CYTOMET	OPHIL COUNT RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	86	/cmm	40 - 440
	RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	514	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOI	PHIL COUNT ry by sf cube & microscopy	0	/cmm	0 - 110
PLATELETS AND	OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	MARKERS.		
PLATELET COUNT by HYDRO DYNAMIC	Γ (PLT) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	362000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
•	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.28	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET by hydro dynamic	VOLUME (MPV) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	8	fL	6.50 - 12.0
	E CELL COUNT (P-LCC) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	44000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE by hydro dynamic	E CELL RATIO (P-LCR) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	12.1	%	11.0 - 45.0
by HYDRO DYNAMIC	IBUTION WIDTH (PDW) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	15.5	%	15.0 - 17.0
NOTE: TEST COND	UCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			



NAME

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AM	IBALA CITY - HAR	YANA		
Test Name		Value	Unit		Biological Reference interval
ΕΡΛΤΠΡΟΟΛΤΕ (Ε Ι			ENTATION RATE mm/1s		0 - 20
	DIMENTATION RATE (ESR) gation by capillary photometr'	у 33^Н	mm/ IS	st nr	0 - 20
INTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specit immune disease, but	fic test because an elevated result t does not tell the health practition	often indicates there	ne presence of inflamma the inflammation is in t	ation associ	iated with infection, cancer and auto what is causing it.
2. An ESR can be affe as C-reactive protein	ected by other conditions besides	inflammation. For	this reason, the ESR is t	typically use	ed in conjunction with other test suc
3. This test may also	be used to monitor disease activi	ty and r <mark>esponse</mark> to	therapy in both of the	above dise	ases as well as some others, such as
systemic lupus eryth CONDITION WITH LO	ematosus W FSR				
A low ESR can be see	en with conditions that inhibit the	normal sedimenta	ation of red blood cells,	such as a h	high red blood cell count
(polycytnaemia), sigi as sickle cells in sick	le cell anaemia) also lower the ES	GR.	, and some protein abn	formalities.	. Šome changes in red cell shape (su
NOTE:					
2. Generally, ESR doe	e protein (C-RP) are both markers of not change as rapidly as does C	RP, either at the s	tart of inflammation or	as it resolv	es.
3. CRP is not affected	by as many other factors as is ESF	R, making it a bette	er marker of inflammation	on.	
 If the ESK is elevat Women tend to be 	ted, it is typically a result of two ty ave a higher FSR, and menstruation	pes of proteins, g	iopulins or fibrinogen. an cause temporary elev	vations	
6. Drugs such as dex	tran, methyldopa, oral contracept	ives, penicillamine	e procainamide, theoph	ylline, and	vitamin A can increase ESR, while
aspirin, cortisone, ar	nd quinine may decrease it				



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

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CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 15/Feb/2025 05:34PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - H	ARYANA	

PERIPHERAL BLOOD SMEAR

TEST NAME:

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTI

PERIPHERAL BLOOD FILM/SMEAR (PBF)

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBC'S):

RBCs mostly are normocytic & nromochromic.No polychromatic cells or normoblasts present.

WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBC'S)

No immature leucocytes seen.

PLATELETS:

Platelets are adequate.

HEMOPARASITES:

NOT SEEN.

IMPRESSION:

Normocytic normochromic picture.



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD,	AMBALA CITY - HAI	RYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	CLIN	ICAL CHEMIST	FRY/BIOCHEMIST	'RY
		GLUCOSE	FASTING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING by glucose oxidas	G (F): PLASMA E - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	81.68	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0
				DIADL110. > 010 - 120.0

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO by CHOLESTEROL OX		251.51 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S by GLYCEROL PHOSF	ERUM phate oxidase (enzymatic)	166.69 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTERO by SELECTIVE INHIBIT	L (DIRECT): SERUM ION	38.25	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROI by CALCULATED, SPE		179.92 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLEST by calculated, spe		213.26 ^H	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTER(by CALCULATED, SPE		33.34	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SER by CALCULATED, SPE	RUM	669.71	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HD by CALCULATED, SPE		6.58 ^H	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0

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Page 6 of 15

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by Calculated, spectrophotometry	4.7 ^H	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	4.36	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL.

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	LIVER	FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: by DIAZOTIZATION, SF	SERUM PECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.79	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	C (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.23	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRE by CALCULATED, SPE	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.56	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	26.91	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	24.46	KR U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SI		1.1	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPH		125.79	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTROF	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	28.91	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		6.17 ^L	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G	REEN	4.06	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPE	=	2.11 ^L	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUN	M TOTRODUCTONETRY	1.92	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)





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|--|

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	KIDNI	EY FUNCTI	ON TEST (COMPLETE)
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAMA	TE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	25.6	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERUN by ENZYMATIC, SPECTE		1.13	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
BLOOD UREA NITRO by CALCULATED, SPEC	GEN (BUN): SERUM TROPHOTOMETRY	11.96	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NITRC RATIO: SERUM by calculated, spec	GEN (BUN)/CREATININE	10.58	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
UREA/CREATININE by CALCULATED, SPEC		<mark>22.65</mark>	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASE	PEROXIDASE	3.03	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY	9.19	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
	UM TE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.34	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
<u>ELECTROLYTES</u>				
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE	ELECTRODE)	141.2	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERUM		4.1	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00

CHLORIDE: SERUM 105.9 by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)

by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE 58.2 (eGFR): SERUM

INTERPRETATION:

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia. INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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90.0 - 110.0

mmol/L

by CALCULATED

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA		
Test Name	V	alue Unit	Biological Reference interval
 Reduced muscle m Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (<1 Acute tubular necr Low protein diet ar Severe liver disease Other causes of de Repeated dialysis (Inherited hyperam 	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine production) tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 10:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS a (BUN rises disproportionately more tha superimposed on renal disease. 10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. ad starvation.	n creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uro of extracellular fluid). ood).	opathy).
8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMER	sis (acetoacetate causes false increase i creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measure JLAR FILTERATION RATE:	n creatinine with certain method ment).	ologies,resulting in normal ratio when dehydrat
8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERL CKD STAGE	py (accelerates conversion of creatine to eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase i creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measure JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION	n creatinine with certain method ment). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERL CKD STAGE G1	py (accelerates conversion of creatine to eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase i creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measure JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney function	n creatinine with certain method ment). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria
8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERL CKD STAGE	py (accelerates conversion of creatine to eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase i creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measurer JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney function Kidney damage with	n creatinine with certain method ment). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria Presence of Protein ,
8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther <u>ESTIMATED GLOMERL</u> <u>CKD STAGE</u> G1 G2	py (accelerates conversion of creatine to eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase i creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measure JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney function	n creatinine with certain method ment). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria
8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther <u>ESTIMATED GLOMERL</u> <u>CKD STAGE</u> G1	py (accelerates conversion of creatine to eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false increase i creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measurer JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney function Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	n creatinine with certain method ment). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria Presence of Protein ,



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NAME	: Mrs. MAYA RANI		
AGE/ GENDER	: 53 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1757778
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122502150010
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 15/Feb/2025 11:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12507029	COLLECTION DATE	: 15/Feb/2025 11:22AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 15/Feb/2025 02:03PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - 1	HARYANA	

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney. 2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage 5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure 6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C 7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
	IMMUNOPATI	HOLOGY/SEROLOGY	Y	
	WIDAL SLIDE A	GGLUTINATION TEST		
SALMONELLA TYP by SLIDE AGGLUTINA		TITRE	1:80	

by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION	1.520	IIIKE	1.00
SALMONELLA TYPHI H by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION	1:80	TITRE	1:160
SALMONELLA PARATYPHI AH by slide agglutination	1:20	TITRE	1:160
SALMONELLA PARATYPHI BH by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION	1:20	TITRE	1:160

INTERPRETATION:

1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant.

2. Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

LIMITATIONS:

1.Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.

2.Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.

3.A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.

4.A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

NOTE:

1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever i.e High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repitition of the test after a week.

2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.

3.H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in Oagglutinins indicate recent infection.





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: Mrs. MAYA RANI

NAME

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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interv	
		CLINICAL PATHO	DLOGY		
	URINE ROU	UTINE & MICROSCO	PIC EXAMINA	ATION	
PHYSICAL EXAMIN	NATION				
QUANTITY RECIEV	ED TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	30	ml		
COLOUR by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW	
TRANSPARANCY by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	HAZY		CLEAR	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		1.02 PKR		1.002 - 1.030	
CHEMICAL EXAMI					
REACTION by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC			
PROTEIN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
SUGAR	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
pH	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	6.5		5.0 - 7.5	
BILIRUBIN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
UROBILINOGEN by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0	
KETONE BODIES	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
BLOOD	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
ASCORBIC ACID	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
RED BLOOD CELLS		NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3	

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NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by MICROSCOPY ON O	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS		10-12	/HPF	0 - 5

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	10-12	/ 111 1	0-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	8-10	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

*** End Of Report



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