NAME : Mr. GYAN CHAND

AGE/ GENDER : 48 YRS/MALE PATIENT ID : 1313333

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 122502180001

 REFERRED BY
 : 18/Feb/2025 08:02 AM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 12507067
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 18/Feb/2025 08:21AM

 CLIENT CODE.
 : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE
 REPORTING DATE
 : 18/Feb/2025 11:58AM

CLIENT ADDRESS: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

## ENDOCRINOLOGY THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)

THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM 2.581 μIU/mL

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

**INTERPRETATION:** 

AGE	REFFERENCE RANGE (μIU/mL)
0 – 5 DAYS	0.70 - 15.20
6 Days – 2 Months	0.70 - 11.00
3 – 11 Months	0.70 - 8.40
1 – 5 Years	0.70 – 7.00
6 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50
11 - 15	0.50 - 5.50
> 20 Years (Adults)	0.27 - 5.50
PREGNANCY	
1st Trimester	0.10 - 3.00
2nd Trimester	0.20 - 3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30 - 4.10

NOTE:-TSH levels are subjected to circardian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50 %. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentration.

**USE**:- TSH controls biosynthesis and release of thyroid harmones T4 & T3. It is a sensitive measure of thyroid function, especially useful in early or subclinical hypothyroidism, before the patient develops any clinical findings or goitre or any other thyroid function abnormality.

## **INCREASED LEVELS:**

- 1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism, may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending on degree of hypofunction.
- 2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3. Hashimotos thyroiditis.
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, Iodine containing agents and dopamine antagonist.
- 5. Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge.

## **DECREASED LEVELS:**

- 1. Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
- 2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.
- 3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- ${\it 4.} Secondary\ pituatary\ or\ hypothalmic\ hypothyroidism$
- 5. Acute psychiatric illness
- 6. Severe dehydration.
- 7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.



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0.35 - 5.50

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8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester **LIMITATIONS:** 

1.TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

2. Autoimmune disorders may produce spurious results.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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