PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

🕻 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mr. BHINDER SINGH		
AGE/ GENDER	: 37 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1764156
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122502200022
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 20/Feb/2025 02:15 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 12507137	COLLECTION DATE	: 20/Feb/2025 03:53PM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	REPORTING DATE	: 20/Feb/2025 05:15PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY -	HARYANA	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	V	ITAMINS	
	VITAMIN D/25	HYDROXY VITAMIN D	3
VITAMIN D (25-HY	DROXY VITAMIN D3): SERUM 8.63L	ng/mL	DEFICIENCY: < 20.0

VITAMIN D (25-HYDROXY VITAMIN D3): SERUM by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY) 8.63^L ng/mL DEFICIENCY: < 20.0 INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0 TOXICITY: > 100.0

INTERPRETATION:

<u>INTERPRETATION:</u>		
DEFICIENT:	< 20	ng/mL
INSUFFICIENT:	21 - 29	ng/mL
PREFFERED RANGE:	30 - 100	ng/mL
INTOXICATION:	> 100	ng/mL

1. Vitamin D compounds are derived from dietary ergocalciferol (from plants, Vitamin D2), or cholecalciferol (from animals, Vitamin D3), or by conversion of 7- dihydrocholecalciferol to Vitamin D3 in the skin upon Ultraviolet exposure.

2.25-OH--Vitamin D represents the main body resevoir and transport form of Vitamin D and transport form of Vitamin D, being stored in adipose tissue and tightly bound by a transport protein while in circulation.

3.Vitamin D plays a primary role in the maintenance of calcium homeostatis. It promotes calcium absorption, renal calcium absorption and phosphate reabsorption, skeletal calcium deposition, calcium mobilization, mainly regulated by parathyroid harmone (PTH).
4.Severe deficiency may lead to failure to mineralize newly formed osteoid in bone, resulting in rickets in children and osteomalacia in adults.

DECREASED:

1.Lack of sunshine exposure.

2.Inadequate intake, malabsorption (celiac disease)

3. Depressed Hepatic Vitamin D 25- hydroxylase activity

4.Secondary to advanced Liver disease

5.Osteoporosis and Secondary Hyperparathroidism (Mild to Moderate deficiency)

6.Enzyme Inducing drugs: anti-epileptic drugs like phenytoin, phenobarbital and carbamazepine, that increases Vitamin D metabolism.

INCREASED:

1. Hypervitaminosis D is Rare, and is seen only after prolonged exposure to extremely high doses of Vitamin D. When it occurs, it can result in severe hypercalcemia and hyperphophatemia.

CAUTION: Replacement therapy in deficient individuals must be monitored by periodic assessment of Vitamin D levels in order to prevent hypervitaminosis D

NOTE:-Dark coloured individuals as compare to whites, is at higher risk of developing Vitamin D deficiency due to excess of melanin pigment which interefere with Vitamin D absorption.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)



FEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTI

PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

🕻 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mr. BHINDER SINGH				
AGE/ GENDER	: 37 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1764156		
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122502200022		
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 20/Feb/2025 02:15 PM		
BARCODE NO.	: 12507137	COLLECTION DATE	: 20/Feb/2025 03:53PM		
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE	E REPORTING DATE	: 21/Feb/2025 10:11AM		
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA				
T N		/alue Unit	Biological Reference interva		
Test Name VITAMIN B12/COE	VITA	MIN B12/COBALAMIN	200.0 - 1100.0		
VITAMIN B12/COE	VITA	MIN B12/COBALAMIN			
VITAMIN B12/COE by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:-	ALAMIN: SERUM	MIN B12/COBALAMIN	200.0 - 1100.0		
VITAMIN B12/COE by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:- INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan	VITA ALAMIN: SERUM 2 ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) EED VITAMIN B12	AMIN B12/COBALAMIN 207 pg/mL DECREASED VITAM 1.Pregnancy	200.0 - 1100.0		
VITAMIN B12/COE by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>INTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Estro	VITA ALAMIN: SERUM 2 ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) EED VITAMIN B12	AMIN B12/COBALAMIN 207 pg/mL DECREASED VITAM 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, Anti-convulsant	200.0 - 1100.0		
VITAMIN B12/COE by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:- INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Estro 3.Ingestion of Vitan	VITA ALAMIN: SERUM 2 ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) EED VITAMIN B12 Din C gen in A	AMIN B12/COBALAMIN 207 pg/mL DECREASED VITAM 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, Anti-convulsant 3.Ethanol Igestion	200.0 - 1100.0		
VITAMIN B12/COE by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:- INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Estro 3.Ingestion of Vitan 4.Hepatocellular in	VITA ALAMIN: SERUM 2 ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) EED VITAMIN B12 Din C gen Din A jury	MIN B12/COBALAMIN 207 pg/mL DECREASED VITAM 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, Anti-convulsant 3.Ethanol Igestion 4. Contraceptive Harmones	200.0 - 1100.0		
VITAMIN B12/COE by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:- INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Estro 3.Ingestion of Vitan	VITA ALAMIN: SERUM 2 ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) EED VITAMIN B12 Din C gen Din A jury	AMIN B12/COBALAMIN 207 pg/mL DECREASED VITAM 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, Anti-convulsant 3.Ethanol Igestion	200.0 - 1100.0		

4.Vitamin B12 deficiency may be due to lack of IF secretion by gastric mucosa (eg, gastrectomy, gastric atrophy) or intestinal malabsorption (eg, ileal resection, small intestinal diseases).

5.Vitamin B12 deficiency frequently causes macrocytic anemia, glossitis, peripheral neuropathy, weakness, hyperreflexia, ataxia, loss of proprioception, poor coordination, and affective behavioral changes. These manifestations may occur in any combination; many patients have the neurologic defects without macrocytic anemia.

6.Serum methylmalonic acid and homocysteine levels are also elevated in vitamin B12 deficiency states.

7.Follow-up testing for antibodies to intrinsic factor (IF) is recommended to identify this potential cause of vitamin B12 malabsorption. **NOTE:**A normal serum concentration of vitamin B12 does not rule out tissue deficiency of vitamin B12. The most sensitive test for vitamin B12 deficiency at the cellular level is the assay for MMA. If clinical symptoms suggest deficiency, measurement of MMA and homocysteine should be considered, even if serum vitamin B12 concentrations are normal.

*** End Of Report ***





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600, REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)

