A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

【 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mr. AJAIB SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 65 YRS/MALE	PAT	TIENT ID	: 1781678
COLLECTED BY	:	REC	G. NO./LAB NO.	: 122503070001
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	REG	<b>SISTRATION DATE</b>	: 07/Mar/2025 08:19 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12507370	COI	LECTION DATE	: 07/Mar/2025 08:51AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	ГЕ <b>Ref</b>	PORTING DATE	: 07/Mar/2025 01:01PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HARYA	NA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWASTI	HYA WELLN	NESS PANEL: 1.0	
	СОМР	LETE BLOOI	) COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (H)	B)	15.6	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (	RBC) COUNT OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	5.32 <sup>H</sup>	Millions/o	cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLU	JME (PCV) utomated hematology analyzer	45.3	%	40.0 - 54.0
-	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	85.2	fL	80.0 - 100.0
by CALCULATED BY A	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	29.3	pg	27.0 - 34.0
	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	34.4	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
by CALCULATED BY A	UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	13	%	11.00 - 16.00
by CALCULATED BY A	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	41.7	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		16.02	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING IND by CALCULATED	DEX	20.8	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CE	LLS (WBCS)			
	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	7600	/cmm	4000 - 11000
	<u>UCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)</u>			
•	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	56	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES		29	%	20 - 40

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440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. **REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)** 



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMB	ALA CITY - HA	RYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
EOSINOPHILS	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	3	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	12	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS		0	%	0 - 1
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY DCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTR		4256	/cmm	2000 - 7500
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	4230		2000 - 7300
ABSOLUTE LYMPH	OCYTE COUNT Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2204 <sup>L</sup>	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSING		228	/cmm	40 - 440
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			00.000
ABSOLUTE MONOC	YTE COUNT Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	912 <sup>H</sup>	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOP	HIL COUNT	0	/cmm	0 - 110
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY <b>OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE</b>	MADVEDC		
PLATELET COUNT		170000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PC	·	0.18	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET V	/OLUME (MPV)	11	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	56000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE	CELL RATIO (P-LCR) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	33	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRI	BUTION WIDTH (PDW) FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	16.4	%	15.0 - 17.0
NOTE: TEST CONDU	JCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			



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BARCODE NO.	: 12507370		LECTION DATE	: 07/Mar/2025 08:51AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTI		DRTING DATE	: 07/Mar/2025 03:23PM	
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AME	SALA CITY - HARYAN	A		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Refe	rence interval
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO. ESTIMATED AVERA	EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) GE PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	8.2 <sup>H</sup> 188.64 <sup>H</sup>	% mg/dL	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00	
	AS PER AMERICAN D	IABETES ASSOCIATION	I (ADA):		
	REFERENCE GROUP	GLYCOS	YLATED HEMOGLOGIB	(HBAIC) in %	
	abetic Adults >= 18 years	DIZE	<5.7		
	t Risk (Prediabetes)		5.7 - 6.4		
D	iagnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5		
		Goals of Th	Age > 19 Years	< 7.0	
Therapeut	ic goals for glycemic control	Actions Suge	1.2	>8.0	
			Age < 19 Years		
				<7.5	

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMB	ALA CITY - HARYAN	A	
Test Name		¥7-1	¥1\$4	
1 est Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
ERYTHROCYTE SEI	<b>ERYTHRO</b> DIMENTATION RATE (ESR) GATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY	Value CYTE SEDIMENT 23 <sup>H</sup>		ESR)

(polycythaemia), significantly high white blood cell count (leucocytosis), and some protein abnormalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such as sickle cells in sickle cell anaemia) also lower the ESR.

### NOTE:

LER and C - reactive protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammation.
 Generally, ESR does not change as rapidly as does CRP, either at the start of inflammation or as it resolves.
 CRP is not affected by as many other factors as is ESR, making it a better marker of inflammation.
 If the ESR is elevated, it is typically a result of two types of proteins, globulins or fibrinogen.
 Women tend to have a higher ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy can cause temporary elevations.
 Drugs such as dovtram, motbuling, and vities and vit

6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	AMBALA CITY - HARY	YANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	PRO	THROMBIN TIM	E STUDIES (PT/IN	R)
PT TEST (PATIENT		12	SECS	11.5 - 14.5
PT (CONTROL) by PHOTO OPTICAL C	LOT DETECTION	12	SECS	
ISI by PHOTO OPTICAL C	LOT DETECTION	1.1		
INTERNATIONAL N by Photo Optical C	NORMALISED RATIO (INR)	1		0.80 - 1.20
PT INDEX by photo optical C	LOT DETECTION	100	%	

### **INTERPRETATION:-**

1.INR is the parameter of choice in monitoring adequacy of oral anti-coagulant therapy. Appropriate therapeutic range varies with the disease and treatment intensity.

2. Prolonged INR suggests potential bleeding disorder /bleeding complications

3. Results should be clinically correlated.

4. Test conducted on Citrated Plasma

INDICATION		INTERNATIONAL NORMALIZED RATIO (INR)
Treatment of venous thrombosis		
Treatment of pulmonary embolism		
Prevention of systemic embolism in tissue heart valves		
Valvular heart disease	Low Intensity	2.0 - 3.0
Acute myocardial infarction		
Atrial fibrillation		
Bileaflet mechanical valve in aortic position		
Recurrent embolism		
Mechanical heart valve	High Intensity	2.5 - 3.5
Antiphospholipid antibodies <sup>+</sup>		





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Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>

The prothrombin time (PT) and its derived measures of prothrombin ratio (PR) and international normalized ratio (INR) are measures of the efficacy of the extrinsic pathway of coagulation. PT test reflects the adequacy of factors I (fibrinogen), II (prothrombin), V, VII, and X. It is used in conjunction with the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) which measures the intrinsic pathway. The common causes of prolonged prothrombin time are :

1.Oral Anticoagulant therapy.

2.Liver disease.

3.Vit K. deficiency.

4. Disseminated intra vascular coagulation.

5.Factor 5, 7, 10 or Prothrombin dificiency



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	MBALA CITY - HARYAN	IA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	CLINI	CAL CHEMISTRY	/BIOCHEMIST	TRY
		GLUCOSE FAS	TING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING by glucose oxidase	(F): PLASMA = - peroxidase (god-pod)	155.31 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO	TAL: SERUM	150.32	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL O				BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S by GLYCEROL PHOSE	ERUM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	150.67 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTERO by SELECTIVE INHIBIT	L (DIRECT): SERUM 70N	48.69	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTERO		71.5	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129. BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLES' by Calculated, spe		101.63	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159. BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTER		30.13	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SEF by CALCULATED, SPE		451.31	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HI by CALCULATED, SPE		3.09	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0

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Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.47	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.09	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

### **INTERPRETATION:**

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL.

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	LIVER	FUNCTION	TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: by diazotization, sf	SERUM PECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.56	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	C (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.22	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRE by CALCULATED, SPE	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.34	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	18.61	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	17.55	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SI by CALCULATED, SPE		1.06	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPH		131.55 <sup>H</sup>	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTROF	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	29.52	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		6.08 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G	REEN	4.05	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPE	-	2.03 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUM		2	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

### INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

### **INCREASED:**

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)





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### **DECREASED:**

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

|--|

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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# **PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE** NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

🔽 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mr. AJAIB SINGH				
AGE/ GENDER	: 65 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1781678	
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122503070001	
REFERRED BY	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 07/Mar/2025 08:19 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: 12507370		COLLECTION DATE	:07/Mar/202508:51AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTI	TUTE	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	:07/Mar/202504:13PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMI	BALA CITY - H	IARYANA		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
	KIDNI	EY FUNCTI	ON TEST (COMPLETE)	)	
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAM	ATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	29.42	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00	
CREATININE: SERU		0.97	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40	
by CALCULATED, SPE		13.75	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0	
BLOOD UREA NITR RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPE	OGEN (BUN)/CREATININE ctrophotometry	14.18	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0	
UREA/CREATININE by CALCULATED, SPE		30.33	RATIO		
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASI		3.62	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70	
CALCIUM: SERUM		9	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60	
PHOSPHOROUS: SE		2.77	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70	
<u>ELECTROLYTES</u>					
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVI	E ELECTRODE)	135	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0	
POTASSIUM: SERUN by ISE (ION SELECTIVI	A	4.2	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00	
CHLORIDE: SERUM		101.25	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0	
ESTIMATED GLOM	ERULAR FILTERATION RATE				
ESTIMATED GLOMI (eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED	ERULAR FILTERATION RATE	86.6			
ADVICE		KINDLY	Y CORRELATE CLINICALL	Y	

**INTERPRETATION:** 

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
2. Catabolic states w 3. Gl haemorrhage. 4. High protein intake 5. Impaired renal fur			

6. Excess protein intake or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, GI bleeding, thyrotoxicosis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet,

- burns, surgery, cachexia, high fever).
- 7. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy)
- 8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)
- 9. Certain drugs (e.g. tetracycline, glucocorticoids)

### INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS:

1. Postrenal azotemia (BUN rises disproportionately more than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropathy).

2. Prerenal azotemia superimposed on renal disease.

### DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :

- 1. Acute tubular necrosis.
- 2. Low protein diet and starvation.
- 3. Severe liver disease.
- 4. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.
- 5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).
- 6. Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood).
- 7. SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.
- 8. Pregnancy.

### DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:

1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).

- 2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).
- 3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure.

### **INAPPROPIATE RATIO:**

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement).

CKD STAGE	DESCRIPTION	GFR ( mL/min/1.73m2 )	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria
G2	Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	>90	Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney. 2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage 5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure 6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C 7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
		CLINICAL PATHO	LOGY	
	URINE RO	UTINE & MICROSCOP	PIC EXAMINA	ATION
PHYSICAL EXAMIN	NATION			
QUANTITY RECIEV	ED TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	25	ml	
COLOUR	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
TRANSPARANCY	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	HAZY		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.02 PKR		1.002 - 1.030
CHEMICAL EXAMI				
REACTION	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC		
PROTEIN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR		NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
pH	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NOT DETECTED	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BLOOD	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
ASCORBIC ACID	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
RED BLOOD CELLS		NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3



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**NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE** 

440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. **REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)** 



NAME

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by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS	4-5	/HPF	0 - 5
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
EPITHELIAL CELLS	3-4	/HPF	ABSENT
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
CRYSTALS	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
CASTS	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
BACTERIA	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
OTHERS	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA)	ABSENT		ABSENT
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			

\*\*\* End Of Report



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