

A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

■ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ■ pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME : Mr. DALWINDER SINGH

AGE/ GENDER : 30 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** :1781709

COLLECTED BY : 122503070005 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 07/Mar/2025 09:06 AM BARCODE NO. : 12507374 **COLLECTION DATE** : 07/Mar/2025 09:15AM CLIENT CODE. : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE REPORTING DATE : 07/Mar/2025 01:06PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY HEPATITIS C VIRUS (HCV) ANTIBODIES SCREENING

HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY (HCV) TOTAL

NON - REACTIVE

RESULT

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:

1.Anti HCV total antibody assay identifies presence IgG antibodies in the serum. It is a useful screening test with a specificity of nearly 99%. 2.It becomes positive approximately 24 weeks after exposure. The test can not isolate an active ongoing HCV infection from an old infection that has been cleared. All positive results must be confirmed for active disease by an HCV PCR test.

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULTS SEEN IN:

1. Window period

2.Immunocompromised states.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)





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0.02

CLIENT ADDRESS : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

HEPATITIS A VIRUS (HAV) ANTIBODY: IgM

HEPATITIS A ANTIBODY (HAV) IgM

QUANTITATIVE

by CLIA (CHELUMINISCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)

HEPATITIS A ANTIBODY (HAV) IgM RESULT

by CLIA (CHELUMINISCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)

NON - REACTIVE

< 0.90

NON - REACTIVE

INTERPRETATION

HEPATITIS A VIRUS (HAV) IGM ANTIBODIES		
NON REACTIVE	< 0.90	
EQUIVOCAL	0.90 - 1.10	
POSITIVE	>1.10	

- 1. Hepatitis A virus is a non-enveloped RNA virus that is classified as picorna virus. It usually causes a self limiting hepatitis which results in complete remission
- 2.Occasional cases of fulminant hepatic necrosis are known to be associated with the infection. Transmission is mainly oro-faecal.
- 3. The incubation period is between 15-50 days from the time of exposure.
- 4.lgM antibody is only present in the blood following an acute hepatitis A infection and is a fairly reliable marker of a recent infection. It is detectable from one to two weeks after the initial infection and persists for up to 14 weeks after exposure.



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: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

REPORTING DATE

ANTI HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV) ANTIBODIES HIV (1 & 2) SCREENING

HIV 1/2 AND P24 ANTIGEN RESULT

NON - REACTIVE

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:-

CLIENT CODE.

1.AIDS is caused by at least 2 known types of HIV viruses, HIV-1 and HIV HIV-2.

- 2. This NACO approved immuno-chromatographic solid phase ELISA assay detects antibodies against both HIV-1 and HIV-2 viruses.
- 3.The test is used for routine serologic screening of patients at risk for HIV-1 or HIV-2 infection.
- 4.All screening ELISA assays for HIV antibody detection have high sensitivity but have low specificity.
- 5.At this laboratory, all positive samples are cross checked for positivity with two alternate assays prior to reporting.

- 1. Confirmatory testing by Western blot is recommended for patients who are reactive for HIV by this assay.
- 2.Antibodies against HIV-1 and HIV-2 are usually not detectable until 6 to 12 weeks following exposure (window period) and are almost always detectable by 12 months.
- 3. The test is not recommended for children born to HIV infected mothers till the child turns two years old (as HIV antibodies may be transmitted passively to the child trans-placentally).

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULT SEEN IN:

- 1. Window period
- 2. Severe immuno-suppression including advanced AIDS.



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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

HEPATITIS E VIRUS (HEV) ANTIBODY: IgM

HEPATITIS E ANTBODY (HEV) IgM

QUANTITATIVE

by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOASSAY)

HEPATITIS E ANTIBODY (HEV) IgM RESULT

by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOASSAY)

NON - REACTIVE

NON - REACTIVE

< 0.90

INTERPRETATION:

NEGATIVE	Al	< 0.90
EQUIVOCAL	Al	0.90 - 1.10
POSITIVE	Al	>1.10

0.01

- 1. Hepatitis E virus is a positive-sense single-stranded RNA icosahedral virus.
- 2.It usuallsy causes a self limiting hepatitis which results in complete remission.
- 3.Occasional cases of fulminant hepatic necrosis are known to be associated with the infection. Transmission is mainly feco-oral.

4. The average incubation period for the infection is 3-8 weeks from the time of exposure.

5.lgM antibodies become detectable in the serum prior to the onset of clinically identifiable disease and if detected, they are indicative of a recent infection.



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Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg) SCREENING

HEPATITIS B SURFACE ANTIGEN (HBsAg)

NON REACTIVE

by IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY

INTERPRETATION:-

1.HBsAG is the first serological marker of HBV infection to appear in the blood (approximately 30-60 days after infection and prior to the onset of clinical disease). It is also the last viral protein to disappear from blood and usually disappears by three months after infection in self limiting acute Hepatitis B viral infection.

2.Persistence of HBsAg in blood for more than six months implies chronic infection. It is the most common marker used for diagnosis of an acute Hepatitis B infection but has very limited role in assessing patients suffering from chronic hepatitis.

FALSE NEGATIVE RESULT SEEN IN:

- 1. Window period.
- 2.Infection with HBsAg mutant strains
- 3. Hepatitis B Surface antigen (HBsAq) is the earliest indicator of HBV infection. Usually it appears in 27 41 days (as early as 14 days).
- 4.Appears 7 26 days before biochemical abnormalities. Peaks as ALT rises. Persists during the acute illness. Usually disappears 12-20 weeks after the onset of symptoms / laboratory abnormalities in 90% of cases.
- 5.Is the most reliable serologic marker of HBV infection. Persistence > 6 months defines carrier state. May also be found in chronic infection. Hepatitis B vaccination does not cause a positive HBsAg. Titers are not of clinical value.

NOTE:-

1.All reactive HBsAG Should be reconfirmed with neutralization test(HBsAg confirmatory test).

2.Anti - HAV IgM appears at the same time as symptoms in > 99% of cases, peaks within the first month, becomes nondetectable in 12 months (usually 6 months). Presence confirms diagnosis of recent acute infection.



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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

QUANTITY RECIEVED 30 ml by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY DARK YELLOW

PALE YELLOW by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

TRANSPARANCY HAZY **CLEAR**

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY 1.01 1.002 - 1.030

SPECIFIC GRAVITY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

ALKALINE REACTION

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TRACE NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

SUGAR NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

8H 5.0 - 7.5pН by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NITRITE NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.

POSITIVE (+ve) EU/dL **UROBILINOGEN** 0.2 - 1.0

KETONE BODIES TRACE NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

ASCORBIC ACID NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve) by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) NEGATIVE (-ve) /HPF 0 - 3

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	5-6	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-4	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by microscopy on centrifuged urinary sediment	ABSENT		ABSENT

End Of Report



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