A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

【 0171-2532620, 8222896961 🛛 🖾 pkrjainhealthcare@gmail.com

NAME	: Mrs. MANDEEP KAUR			
AGE/ GENDER	: 43 YRS/FEMALE	PA	ATIENT ID	: 1798853
COLLECTED BY	:	RH	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122503200013
REFERRED BY	:	RF	EGISTRATION DATE	: 20/Mar/2025 10:28 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 12507604	CO	DLLECTION DATE	: 20/Mar/2025 10:45AM
CLIENT CODE.	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	TE <b>R</b> I	EPORTING DATE	: 20/Mar/2025 01:02PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HARY	ANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWASTI	HYA WELL	NESS PANEL: 1.2	
	СОМР	LETE BLOO	D COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS	S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (H	B)	13.4	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (	RBC) COUNT	4.3	Millions/o	cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOL	UME (PCV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	38.2	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL		88.9	R fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	31.3	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	35.1	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	12.3	%	11.00 - 16.00
	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) utomated hematology analyzer	41.6	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		20.67	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INI by CALCULATED	DEX	25.54	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CE				
,	E COUNT (TLC) / by sf cube & microscopy UCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)	7280	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NEUTROPHILS	/ BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	53	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES		37	%	20 - 40

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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

**NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE** 



# **PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE** NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana) A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	MBALA CITY - H	ARYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
EOSINOPHILS		5	%	1 - 6
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			

by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	5	70	2 - 12
BASOPHILS	0	%	0 - 1
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	3858	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	2694 <sup>L</sup>	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	364	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	364	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	/cmm	0 - 110
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	MARKERS.		
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE I PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	MARKERS. 202000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELET COUNT (PLT)		/cmm %	150000 - 450000 0.10 - 0.36
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence PLATELETCRIT (PCT)	202000		
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	202000 0.2	%	0.10 - 0.36
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC)	202000 0.2 10	% fL	0.10 - 0.36 6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR)	202000 0.2 10 49000	% fL /cmm	0.10 - 0.36 6.50 - 12.0 30000 - 90000



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<b>REFERRED BY</b> :		REG. NO	./LAB NO.	: 122503200013
		REGIST	RATION DATE	: 20/Mar/2025 10:28 AM
BARCODE NO. :	12507604	COLLEC	TION DATE	: 20/Mar/2025 10:45AM
CLIENT CODE. :	P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTI	E <b>REPOR</b>	TING DATE	: 22/Mar/2025 11:10AM
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b> :	NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA	CITY - HARYANA		
Test Name	I	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
EDVTHDOCVTE CEDIA	TENTATION DATE (ECD)	19	mm/1st h	r 0 - 20
by RED CELL AGGREGAT	IENTATION RATE (ESR) ion by capillary photometry	19	mm/ ist m	1 0-20
INTERPRETATION:				
1. ESR is a non-specific t	est because an elevated result often	indicates the prese	ence of inflammatio	n associated with infection, cancer and auto body or what is causing it.
immune disease, but do	es not tell the nearth practitioner exa	active where the Infla	ammation is in the t	youy or what is causing it.
as C-reactive protein	a by other conditions besides initiani	mation. FOI this rea	ison, the ESR is typic	cally used in conjunction with other test suc
3 This test may also be	used to monitor disease activity and	response to therar	w in both of the abo	ove diseases as well as some others, such as
systemic lupus erythema		response to therap	J III Sour of the use	
CONDITION WITH LOW E	SR			
A low ESR can be seen w	ith conditions that inhibit the norma	al sedimentation of	red blood cells, suc	h as a high red blood cell count
as sickle cells in sickle c	antly high white blood cell count (le ell anaemia) also lower the ESR.	eucocytosis), and so	ome protein abnorn	nalities. Šome changes in red cell shape (su
NOTE:				

ESR and C - reactive protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammation.
Generally, ESR does not change as rapidly as does CRP, either at the start of inflammation or as it resolves.
CRP is not affected by as many other factors as is ESR, making it a better marker of inflammation.
If the ESR is elevated, it is typically a result of two types of proteins, globulins or fibrinogen.
Women tend to have a higher ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy can cause temporary elevations.
Drugs such as dovtram, motbulling, and within the start of the

6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, A	MBALA CITY - HA	ARYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	CLINI	CAL CHEMIS	STRY/BIOCHEMIST	'nY
		GLUCOSI	E FASTING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTING	G (F): PLASMA Fe - peroxidase (god-pod)	99.34	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0
				DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.
A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
		LIPID PR	OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO by CHOLESTEROL O		159.44	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S by GLYCEROL PHOSF	ERUM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	161.68 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTERO by SELECTIVE INHIBIT	L (DIRECT): SERUM 70N	38.49	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTERO		88.61	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129. BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLES' by CALCULATED, SPE		120.95	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159. BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTER( by CALCULATED, SPE		32.34	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SEF by Calculated, spe		480.56	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HI by CALCULATED, SPE		4.14	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0

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440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. **REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)** 



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA			

Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERUM by calculated, spectrophotometry	2.3	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	4.2	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

#### **INTERPRETATION:**

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available

to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL.

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	LIVER	FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL by DIAZOTIZATION, SI	: SERUM PECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.39	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	C (CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.18	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRE	CT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.21	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM		25.09	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM		15.65	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: S	ERUM	1.6	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPI		58.16	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTROF	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM PHTOMETRY	13.94	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		6.12 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G	REEN	4.05	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUN	1	2.07 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY INTERPRETATION

A : G RATIO: SERUM

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

## **INCREASED:**

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)

1.96





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RATIO

1.00 - 2.00

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### **DECREASED:**

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

|--|

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AME	BALA CITY - HAF	RYANA	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIDNE	EY FUNCTION	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAMAT	E DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	26.83	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERUM		0.95	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
BLOOD UREA NITRO		12.54	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NITRO	GEN (BUN)/CREATININE	13.2	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0

KIDNEY	FUNCTION TEST (CO	OMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	26.83	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERUM by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY	0.95	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN): SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	12.54	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	13.2	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
UREA/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM by calculated, spectrophotometry	28.24	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE	2.14 <sup>L</sup>	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	9.47	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM by PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	3.28	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
<u>ELECTROLYTES</u>			
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	139.7	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	5.12 <sup>H</sup>	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)	104.78	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE			
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE (eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED	76.2		

**INTERPRETATION:** 

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA	A CITY - HARYANA		
Test Name	,	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
4. High protein intak				
5. Impaired renal fur 6. Excess protein inta	•	e.g. infection. GI blee	ding. thyrotoxic	cosis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet,
burns, surgery, cache				
	n (e.g. ureter colostomy)			
	nass (subnormal creatinine production)			
	tetracycline, glucocorticoids)	-		
	20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVEL			- +
	a (BUN rises disproportionately more th	ian creatinine) (e.g. or	ostructive uropa	atny).
	superimposed on renal disease.			
1. Acute tubular neci				
T. ACULE LUDUIAL HEL	10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :			
2. Low protein diet a	osis.			

3. Severe liver disease.

4. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.

5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).

6. Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood).

7. SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.

8. Pregnancy.

DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:

1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).

2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).

3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure.

## **INAPPROPIATE RATIO:**

1. Diabetic ketoacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in creatinine with certain methodologies, resulting in normal ratio when dehydration should produce an increased BUN/creatinine ratio).

2. Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement). ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE:

CKD STAGE	DESCRIPTION	GFR ( mL/min/1.73m2 )	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS
G1	Normal kidney function	>90	No proteinuria
G2	Kidney damage with	>90	Presence of Protein ,
	normal or high GFR		Albumin or cast in urine
G3a	Mild decrease in GFR	60 -89	
G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR	30-59	
G4	Severe decrease in GFR	15-29	
G5	Kidney failure	<15	



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NAME	: Mrs. MANDEEP KAUR		
AGE/ GENDER	: 43 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1798853
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 122503200013
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<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - I	HARYANA	

Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>

COMMENTS:

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney. 2. eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012

3. In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD

4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage 5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure 6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C 7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBAL	A CITY - HARYAN	IA	
	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	FNDOCRIN	OLOGY	
THYRO	ENDOCRIN	OLOGY N TEST: TOTAL	
THYRO IE (T3): SERUM ESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)			0.35 - 1.93
IE (T3): SERUM	DID FUNCTION	N TEST: TOTAL	0.35 - 1.93 4.87 - 12.60
IE (T3): SERUM escent microparticle immunoassay) ERUM	DID FUNCTION 1.054	<b>N TEST: TOTAL</b> ng/mL	
-	: 43 YRS/FEMALE : : : 12507604 : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITU	: 43 YRS/FEMALE PAT : REG. : REG. : 12507604 COLI : P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE REP. : NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYAN	: 43 YRS/FEMALEPATIENT ID:REG. NO./LAB NO.:REGISTRATION DATE: 12507604COLLECTION DATE: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTEREPORTING DATE: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA

ISH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

#### LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	YRONINE (T3) THYROXINE (T4) THYROID STIMULAT		THYROXINE (T4)		LATING HORMONE (TSH)
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00





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Test Name			Value	Unit	t	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECO	MMENDATIONS OF TSH LE	EVELS DURING PRE	GNANCY ( µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50		
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

#### **INCREASED TSH LEVELS:**

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

## DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4.Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester



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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	IMM	UNOPATHOLO	GY/SEROLOGY	Y
		C-REACTIVE PRO	DTEIN (CRP)	
SERUM by NEPHLOMETRY	EIN (CRP) QUANTITATIVE:	3.21	mg/L	0.0 - 6.0
2. CRP levels can incr proliferation.	5.	ore) after severe trau	ma, bacterial infection	n, inflammation, surgery, or neoplastic fections after surgery, to detect transplant

4. As compared to ESR, CRP shows an earlier rise in inflammatory disorders which begins in 4-6 hrs, the intensity of the rise being higher than ESR and the recovery being earlier than ESR. Unlike ESR, CRP levels are not influenced by hematologic conditions like Anemia, Polycythemia etc., 5. Elevated values are consistent with an acute inflammatory process. NOTE:

1. Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP) values are nonspecific and should not be interpreted without a complete clinical history.

2. Oral contraceptives may increase CRP levels.



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	RHEUMATOL	D FACTOR (RA)	: QUANTITATIVE	I - SERUM
RHEUMATOID (RA) SERUM by NEPHLOMETRY	) FACTOR QUANTITATIVE:	2.72	IU/mL	NEGATIVE: < 18.0 BORDERLINE: 18.0 - 25.0 POSITIVE: > 25.0
2. Over 75% of patier	rs (RF) are antibodies that are dire	have an IgM antibo	ragment of IgG altered dy to IgG immunoglob	l in its tertiary structure. ulin. This autoantibody (RF) is diagnostically
3. Inflammatory Mar 4. The titer of RF corr 5. The test is useful f	Kers such as ESR & C-Reactive pro relates poorly with disease activity for diagnosis and prognosis of rhe	tein (CRP) are norm , but those patients	al in about 60 % of pati with high titers tend to	ents with positive RA. b have more severe disease course.
RHEUMATOID ARTHIR 1. Rheumatoid Arthir membrane lining (sy 2. The disease spreda	ritis is a systemic autoimmune dis	sease tha <mark>t is multi-fu</mark> ogressive joint destru greatest damage in	unctional in origin and uction and in most case early phase.	is characterized by chronic inflammation of these to disability and reduction of quality life. The most frequent serological test is the
measurement of RA fa CAUTION (FALSE POS	actor. TIVE):-			
2. Non rheumatoid ar RA patients have a no	nd rheumatoid arthritis (RA) popula Inreactive titer and 8% of nonrheu	ntions are not clearly matoid patients have	separate with regard to a positive titer).	other autoimmune diseases and chronic infection the presence of rheumatoid factor (RF) (15% of
lupus erythematosus, 4. Anti-CCP have beer	polymyositis, tuberculosis, syphilis discovered in joints of patients wi	, viral hepatitis, infed	tious mononucleosis, ar	nsitive tests for RF. These diseases include systen and influenza. Anti-CCP2 is HIGHLY SENSITIVE (71%) & more
specific (98%) than RA 5. Upto 30 % of patier	A factor. nts with Seronegative Rheumatoid	arthiritis also show A	Anti-CCP antibodies.	

The positive predictive value of Anti-CCP antibodies for Rheumatoid Arthiritis is far greater than Rheumatoid factor.





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NOT VALID FOR MEDICO LEGAL PURPOSE



# **PKR JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE** NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana) A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
		CLINICAL P	ATHOLOGY	
	URINE RO	UTINE & MICR	OSCOPIC EXAMINA	ATION
PHYSICAL EXAMIN	NATION			
QUANTITY RECIEV	ED TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	25	ml	
COLOUR	TANGE OF LOT NOP HOT OMETRY	PALE YELL	OW	PALE YELLOW
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
TRANSPARANCY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		HAZY		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.02		1.002 - 1.030
•	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
<u>CHEMICAL EXAMI</u> REACTION	NATION	ACIDIC		
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC		
PROTEIN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE	(-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE	(-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		()	
pH by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN		NEGATIVE	(-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC NITRITE	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE	( 10)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	NEGATIVE	(-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN		NOT DETEC	CTED EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE	(-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE	(-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
ASCORBIC ACID		NEGATIVE	(-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC MICROSCOPIC EX	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
RED BLOOD CELLS		NECATIVE	(-ve) /HPF	0.2
VED DFOOD CEFF2	(RDUS)	NEGATIVE	(-ve) / HPF	0 - 3



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440 Dated 17.5.2012 u/s 80 G OF INCOME TAX ACT. PAN NO. AAAAP1600. **REPORT ATTRACTS THE CONDITIONS PRINTED OVERLEAF (P.T.O.)** 



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	4-6	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	8-10	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	POSITIVE (+ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

\* End Of Report \*\*



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