



# P K R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE

NASIRPUR, Hissar Road, AMBALA CITY- (Haryana)

**A PIONEER DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE**

☎ 0171-2532620, 8222896961 ✉ [pkrajainhealthcare@gmail.com](mailto:pkrajainhealthcare@gmail.com)

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.

<b>NAME</b>	: Mr. GURJATAN	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1818759
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 55 YRS/MALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 122504050011
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 05/Apr/2025 11:08 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 05/Apr/2025 11:37AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 12507913	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 05/Apr/2025 01:22PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: P.K.R JAIN HEALTHCARE INSTITUTE		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: NASIRPUR, HISSAR ROAD, AMBALA CITY - HARYANA		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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## CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

### CALCIUM

CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	9.68	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
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#### INTERPRETATION:-

1. Serum calcium (total) estimation is used for the diagnosis and monitoring of a wide range of disorders including diseases of bone, kidney, parathyroid gland, or gastrointestinal tract.
2. Calcium levels may also reflect abnormal vitamin D or protein levels.
3. The calcium content of an adult is somewhat over 1 kg (about 2% of the body weight). Of this, 99% is present as calcium hydroxyapatite in bones and <1% is present in the extra-osseous intracellular space or extracellular space (ECS).
4. In serum, calcium is bound to a considerable extent to proteins (approximately 40%), 10% is in the form of inorganic complexes, and 50% is present as free or ionized calcium.

**NOTE:-** Calcium ions affect the contractility of the heart and the skeletal musculature, and are essential for the function of the nervous system. In addition, calcium ions play an important role in blood clotting and bone mineralization.

#### **HYPOCALCEMIA (LOW CALCIUM LEVELS) CAUSES :-**

1. Due to the absence or impaired function of the parathyroid glands or impaired vitamin-D synthesis.
2. Chronic renal failure is also frequently associated with hypocalcemia due to decreased vitamin-D synthesis as well as hyperphosphatemia and skeletal resistance to the action of parathyroid hormone (PTH).
3. **NOTE:-** A characteristic symptom of hypocalcemia is latent or manifest tetany and osteomalacia.

#### **HYPERCALCEMIA (INCREASE CALCIUM LEVELS) CAUSES:-**

1. Increased mobilization of calcium from the skeletal system or increased intestinal absorption.
  2. Primary hyperparathyroidism (pHPT)
  3. Bone metastasis of carcinoma of the breast, prostate, thyroid gland, or lung.
- NOTE:-** Severe hypercalcemia may result in cardiac arrhythmia.



  
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## PHOSPHOROUS

PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM	4.05	mg/dL	2.5 - 4.5
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by PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

### INTERPRETATION:-

- 1.Eighty-eight percent of the phosphorus contained in the body is localized in bone in the form of hydroxyapatite. The remainder is involved in intermediary carbohydrate metabolism and in physiologically important substances such as phospholipids, nucleic acids, and adenosine triphosphate (ATP).
- 2.Phosphorus occurs in blood in the form of inorganic phosphate and organically bound phosphoric acid. The small amount of extracellular organic phosphorus is found exclusively in the form of phospholipids.
- 3.Serum phosphate concentrations are dependent on meals and variation in the secretion of hormones such as parathyroid hormone (PTH) and may vary widely.

### DECREASED (HYPOPHOSPHATEMIA):-

- 1.Shift of phosphate from extracellular to intracellular.
- 2.Renal phosphate wasting.
- 3.Loss from the gastrointestinal tract.
- 4.Loss from intracellular stores.

### INCREASED (HYPERPHOSPHATEMIA):-

- 1.Inability of the kidneys to excrete phosphate.
- 2.Increased intake or a shift of phosphate from the tissues into the extracellular fluid.


### SIGNIFICANCE:-

- 1.Phosphate levels may be used in the diagnosis and management of a variety of disorders including bone, parathyroid and renal disease.
- 2.Hypophosphatemia is relatively common in hospitalized patients. Levels less than 1.5 mg/dL may result in muscle weakness, hemolysis of red cells, coma, and bone deformity and impaired bone growth.
- 3.The most acute problem associated with rapid elevations of serum phosphate levels is hypocalcemia with tetany, seizures, and hypotension. Soft tissue calcification is also an important long-term effect of high phosphorus levels.
- 4.Phosphorus levels less than 1.0 mg/dL are potentially life-threatening and are considered a critical value.

**NOTE:** Phosphorus has a very strong biphasic circadian rhythm. Values are lowest in the morning, peak first in the late afternoon and peak again in the late evening. The second peak is quite elevated and results may be outside the reference range



  
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## IRON PROFILE

IRON: SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	50 <sup>L</sup>	µg/dL	59.0 - 158.0
UNSATURATED IRON BINDING CAPACITY (UIBC) :SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	52.41 <sup>L</sup>	µg/dL	150.0 - 336.0
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC) :SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	102.41 <sup>L</sup>	µg/dL	230 - 430
%TRANSFERRIN SATURATION: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (FERENE)	48.82	%	15.0 - 50.0
TRANSFERRIN: SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (FERENE)	72.71 <sup>L</sup>	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0

### INTERPRETATION:-

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased

### IRON:

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency anemia,anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.  
2. It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.

### TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):

1.It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

### % TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1.Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.



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## FERRITIN

FERRITIN: SERUM	72.81	ng/mL	21.81 - 274.66
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by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)

### INTERPRETATION:

Serum ferritin appears to be in equilibrium with tissue ferritin and is a good indicator of storage iron in normal subjects and in most disorders. In patients with some hepatocellular diseases, malignancies and inflammatory diseases, serum ferritin is a disproportionately high estimate of storage iron because serum ferritin is an acute phase reactant. In such disorders iron deficiency anemia may exist with a normal serum ferritin concentration. In the presence of inflammation, persons with low serum ferritin are likely to respond to iron therapy.

### DECREASED:

1. Iron depletion appears to be the only condition associated with reduced serum ferritin concentrations.
2. Hypothyroidism.
3. Vitamin-C deficiency.

### INCREASED FERRITIN DUE TO IRON OVERLOAD (PRIMARY):

1. Hemochromatosis or hemosiderosis.
2. Wilson Disease.

### INCREASED FERRITIN DUE TO IRON OVERLOAD (SECONDARY):

1. Transfusion overload
2. Excess dietary Iron
3. Porphyria Cutanea tarda
4. Ineffective erythropoiesis.

### INCREASED FERRITIN WITHOUT IRON OVERLOAD:

1. Liver disorders (NASH) or viral hepatitis (B/C).
2. Inflammatory conditions (Ferritin is a acute phase reactant) both acute and chronic.
3. Leukaemia, hodgekin's disease.
4. Alcohol excess.


5. Other malignancies in which increases probably reflect the escape of ferritin from damaged liver cells, impaired clearance from the plasma, synthesis of ferritin by tumour cells.


6. Ferritin levels below 10 ng/ml have been reported as indicative of iron deficiency anemia.

### NOTE:

1. As Ferritin is an acute phase reactant, it is often raised in both acute and chronic inflammatory condition of the body such as infections leading to false positive results. It can therefore mask a diagnostically low result. In such Cases serum ferritin levels should always be correlated with C-Reactive proteins to rule out any inflammatory conditions.
2. Patients with iron deficiency anaemia may occasionally have elevated or normal ferritin levels. This is usually seen in patients already receiving iron therapy or in patients with concomitant hepatocellular injury.



  
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## CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

### URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

#### PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

QUANTITY RECIEVED	20	ml	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
COLOUR	REDDISH		PALE YELLOW
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
TRANSPARANCY	TURBID		CLEAR
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.03		1.002 - 1.030
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			


#### CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

REACTION	ACIDIC		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
PROTEIN	2+		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
SUGAR	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
pH	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
NITRITE	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.			
UROBILINOGEN	NOT DETECTED	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
KETONE BODIES	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
BLOOD	3+		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
ASCORBIC ACID	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			

#### MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION



  
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RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	25-30	/HPF	0 - 3
PUS CELLS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	15-18	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	5-7	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	ABSENT		ABSENT

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



  
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